

Olympus Corporation

2024 CDP Corporate Questionnaire 2024

Word version

Important: This export does not include unanswered questions

This document is an export of your organization's CDP survey responses. It contains all data points for questions that have been answered or are in progress. Questions or data points requested to be provided may not be included in this document because they are currently unanswered. It is your responsibility to ensure that your survey responses are complete prior to submission; CDP is not responsible for incomplete responses.

[Disclosure Requirements for Corporate Questionnaire 2024 - CDP](#)

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C1. introduction

(1.1) In which language(s) would you like to submit your response?

Selection: 1

☒ English (language)

(1.2) Please select the currency used to disclose financial information throughout your response.

Selection: 1

☒ Japanese Yen (JPY)

(1.3) Provide a summary and introductory information about your organization.

(1.3.2) Type of organization

Selection: 1

☒ listed organization

(1.3.3) Organization details

Olympus aims to achieve the health, peace of mind and emotional well-being of people around the world, which it regards as its raison d'etre. As a world- leading medtech company, we will work with medical professionals to contribute to improving the standard of care for target diseases through the provision of optimal solutions and services that help to detect lesions early, diagnose them, and provide minimally invasive treatment. For over 100 years since its founding, Olympus has aimed to contribute to society by providing products that bring optimal value to customers around the world. Olympus' endoscope business has been working with medical professionals in the medical field, using innovative technology and manufacturing technology. We will continue to contribute to the health and quality of life of people around the world by producing better clinical results in diagnosis and minimally invasive technology. In 1950, we commercialized the world's first In 1950, we commercialized the world's first gastroscope Olympus' endoscope business has continued to grow since then, and today we contribute to the medical field with a wide range of products and Olympus' therapeutic equipment business has worked with a wide range of products and services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes, and video imaging systems to system integration and repair services. Olympus' therapeutic equipment business has worked together with medical professionals using innovative technologies and manufacturing technologies in the medical field. We will continue to contribute to the health and quality of life of people around the world by producing better clinical results in diagnosis and minimally invasive imaging systems. We will continue to contribute to the health and quality of life of people around the world by producing better clinical results in diagnosis and minimally invasive treatment, and by bringing benefits to the medical economy. Starting with the

development of a polypectomy snare, we have developed surgical devices and expanded our lineup of treatment devices, and our various products are now being used in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of diseases. Starting with the development of a polypectomy snare, we have developed surgical devices and expanded our lineup of treatment devices, and our various products are now being used in the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of diseases.
[Fixed line]

(1.4) Enter the end date of the reporting year for the data. For emissions data, please indicate whether or not you will provide emissions data for previous reporting years.

(1.4.1) End date of the reporting year

03/30/2024

(1.4.2) Is this reporting period consistent with the reporting period for financial information?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(1.4.3) Do you respond with emissions data for previous reporting years?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(1.4.4) Number of previous reporting years to answer for Scope 1 emissions data

Selection: 1

☒ 4 years

(1.4.5) Number of previous reporting years to answer for Scope 2 emissions data

Selection: 1

☒ 4 years

(1.4.6) Number of previous reporting years to answer for Scope 3 emissions data

Selection: 1

☒ 4 years

[Fixed line]

(1.4.1) What is your organization's annual revenue for the reporting period?

936210000000

(1.5) Please provide details of your organization's reporting boundary (scope).

	Are the reporting boundaries used in the CDP responses the same as the boundaries used in the financial statements?
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(1.6) Does your organization have an ISIN code or another unique market identification ID (e.g., ticker, CUSIP, etc.)?

ISIN Code - Bonds

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

ISIN Code - Stock

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(1.6.2) Provide a market identification ID unique to your organization

JP3201200007

CUSIP Number

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(1.6.2) Provide a market identification ID unique to your organization

68163W208

ticker symbol

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

SEDOL Code

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

LEI Number

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

D-U-N-S No.

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(1.6.2) Provide a market identification ID unique to your organization

690536248

Other unique market identification ID

(1.6.1) Does your organization use this unique market identification ID?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

[ADD ROW]

(1.7) Please select the country/region in which your organization operates.

Select all that apply

☒ China

☒ Japan

☒ Thailand

☒ Canada

☒ Czech Republic

☒ France

☒ Italy

☒ Mexico

☒ Germany

☒ India

☒ Switzerland

☒ Belgium

☒ Brazil

☒ Serbia

☒ Spain

☒ Vietnam

- ☒ Netherlands
- ☒ Republic of Korea
- ☒ Malaysia
- ☒ Norway
- ☒ Poland
- ☒ Portugal
- ☒ Russian Federation
- ☒ Sweden
- ☒ Taiwan (China)
- ☒ Australia
- ☒ New Zealand
- ☒ United Arab Emirates

- ☒ Denmark
- ☒ Estonia
- ☒ Austria
- ☒ Finland
- ☒ Indonesia
- ☒ Ireland
- ☒ Singapore
- ☒ Hong Kong SAR (China)
- ☒ United States of America (USA)
- ☒ United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(1.8) Can you provide geolocation information about your organization's facilities?

	Can you provide geolocation information about your organization's facilities?	Comment
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, for some facilities	The total water usage of facilities that have geolocation data accounts for 98% of the total water usage of the Olympus Group.

[Fixed line]

(1.8.1) Please provide all geolocation information about your organization's facilities.

Row 1

(1.8.1.1) ID

Ishikawa (city)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.667267

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

139.359095

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 2

(1.8.1.1) ID

Utsugi

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.688814

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

139.359643

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 3

(1.8.1.1) ID

Tatsuno

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.945923

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

137.987074

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 4

(1.8.1.1) ID

Ina.

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.83229

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

137.952605

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 5

(1.8.1.1) ID

Shirakawa

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

37.118996

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

140.173567

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 6

(1.8.1.1) ID

Hinode

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.734022

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

139.278367

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 7

(1.8.1.1) ID

Aizu

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

37.48198

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

139.902233

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 8

(1.8.1.1) ID

Kita Aizu

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

37.526428

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

139.872897

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 9

(1.8.1.1) ID

Aomori

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

40.638441

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

140.575273

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 10

(1.8.1.1) ID

OTB

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.158878

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

138.881488

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 11

(1.8.1.1) ID

OSTA NSC-SJ

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

37.403577

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-121.895767

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 12

(1.8.1.1) ID

OCA (CV)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

40.556133

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-75.423777

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 13

(1.8.1.1) ID

OCA (BV)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

40.573073

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-75.65177

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 14

(1.8.1.1) ID

OSTA (*Bartlett*)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

35.20474

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-89.810074

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 15

(1.8.1.1) ID

OSTA (*BNP*)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

45.127445

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-93.36744

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 16

(1.8.1.1) ID

OSTA (Redmond)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

47.665847

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-122.093684

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 17

(1.8.1.1) ID

OWI (Hamburg)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

53.57868

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

10.11987

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 18

(1.8.1.1) ID

Algram

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

50.387987

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-4.017481

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 19

(1.8.1.1) ID

OSH-GZ

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

22.979908

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

113.3628

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 20

(1.8.1.1) ID

OSH

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

31.33505

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

121.604934

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 21

(1.8.1.1) ID

OVNC

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

10.81309

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

106.920233

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 22

(1.8.1.1) ID

OAS

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

-37.901093

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

145.134299

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 23

(1.8.1.1) ID

ONZ

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

-36.27133

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

174.53762

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 24

(1.8.1.1) ID

OMPP

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

40.17767

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

-8.46685

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 25

(1.8.1.1) ID

OEHSE (OEKG and ODE_Germany)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

53.54767

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

10.02791

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

Row 26

(1.8.1.1) ID

Olympus Medical Products Czech (OMCZ)

(1.8.1.2) Latitude

49.46592

(1.8.1.3) Longitude

17.4433

(1.8.1.4) Comment

No comments

[ADD ROW]

(1.24) Has your organization mapped the value chain?

(1.24.1) Value Chain Mapping

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, value chain mapping has been completed or is in the process of being mapped

(1.24.2) Stages in the value chain to be mapped

Select all that apply

☒ Upstream of the value chain

(1.24.3) Mapped top-level supplier layer

Selection: 1

☒ Primary Supplier

(1.24.4) Known but unmapped top tier supplier layer

Selection: 1

☒ Secondary Supplier

(1.24.7) Mapping Process and Scope Details

The scope of coverage includes all Tier 1 suppliers (approximately 1,600 companies) that directly trade in goods, as well as Tier 3 suppliers for suppliers of high-priority components. [Map creation process] Basic supplier information (location, Tier 2 and 3 suppliers (for high-priority suppliers)) is collected through corporate surveys, and updates are collected through corporate surveys, and updates are collected through corporate surveys, and updates are collected through corporate surveys. This basic information is combined with information on suppliers. information is combined with information on suppliers that supply important parts, and a map showing the locations of suppliers and procurement routes Through this, the entire supply chain is made visible, and it is used to check for and take preventive Through this, the entire supply chain is made visible, and it is used to check for and take preventive measures in the event of natural disasters or geopolitical incidents.

[Fixed line]

(1.24.1) Have you mapped the production, commercialization, use, or disposal of plastics in direct operations or somewhere along the value chain?

(1.24.1.1) Mapping of plastics

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, mapping of plastics in the value chain has been completed or is in the process of being mapped

(1.24.1.2) Stages in the value chain to be mapped

Select all that apply

- ☒ Upstream of the value chain
☒ -EOL (End-of-life) management

(1.24.1.4) -EOL (End-of-life) management path mapping

Select all that apply

- ☒ Preparation for Reuse
☒ recycle
☒ incineration

[Fixed line]

C2. identify, assess, and manage dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities

(2.1) How does your organization define the short, medium, and long time horizons associated with identifying, assessing, and managing your organization's environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities?

short term

(2.1.1) Start (year)

0

(2.1.3) End (year)

5

(2.1.4) How does this time line relate to your strategic and financial plans?

Olympus Group, in order to achieve further growth as a global medtech company, announced a new management strategy in May 2023. This short-term timeline is based on the basic plan (ESG strategy), and within this timeframe, the company reflects and reviews operational costs related to risks and opportunities identified through scenario analysis into business plans, and continues to implement countermeasures. opportunities identified through scenario analysis into business plans, and continues to implement countermeasures.

medium-term

(2.1.1) Start (year)

6

(2.1.3) End (year)

10

(2.1.4) How does this time line relate to your strategic and financial plans?

This medium-term time axis is positioned as an intermediate point on the way to that target. This medium-term time axis is positioned as an intermediate point on the way to that target.

long term

(2.1.1) Start (year)

11

(2.1.2) Do you have a long-term time horizon with no fixed term?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(2.1.3) End (year)

20

(2.1.4) How does this time line relate to your strategic and financial plans?

We recognize that climate change is a serious issue that threatens the global environment and also has an impact on our business activities, so we will incorporate measures into our strategies and financial plans. has an impact on our business activities, so we will incorporate measures into our strategies and financial plans.
[Fixed line]

(2.2) Does your organization have a process to identify, assess, and manage environmental dependencies and impacts?

	Process availability	Dependencies and impacts evaluated in this process
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both dependence and impact

[Fixed line]

(2.2.1) Does your organization have a process to identify, assess, and manage environmental risks and opportunities?

	Process availability	Risks and opportunities assessed in this process	Does this process take into account the results of the dependency and impact assessment process?
	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both risks and opportunities	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(2.2.2) Please provide details of your organization's process for identifying, assessing, and managing environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities.

Row 1

(2.2.2.1) Environmental issues

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change
- ☒ water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)
- ☒ plastic
- ☒ biodiversity

(2.2.2.2) Which of the following are covered by this environmental issue and related processes: dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities?

Select all that apply

- ☒ dependence
- ☒ affect

- ☒ risk
- ☒ opportunity

(2.2.2.3) Stages in the value chain to be covered

Select all that apply

- ☒ direct operation
- ☒ Upstream of the value chain
- ☒ Downstream of the value chain
- ☒ End-of-life (EOL) management

(2.2.2.4) Scope

Selection: 1

- ☒ all

(2.2.2.5) Target Supplier Tier

Select all that apply

- ☒ Primary Supplier

(2.2.2.7) Type of Evaluation

Selection: 1

- ☒ Both qualitative and quantitative evaluation

(2.2.2.8) Frequency of evaluation

Selection: 1

- ☒ Once a year

(2.2.2.9) Target time frame

Select all that apply

- ☒ short term
- ☒ medium-term
- ☒ long term

(2.2.2.10) Integration of risk management processes

Selection: 1

- ☒ Integration into cross-functional and company-wide risk management processes

(2.2.2.11) Regional specificity used

Select all that apply

- ☒ location-specific
- ☒ home (i.e. hometown, home country)

(2.2.2.12) Tools and methods used

Commercially available/publicly available tools

- ☒ IBAT - Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool
- ☒ LEAP (Locate, Evaluate, Assess and Prepare) approach, TNFD
- ☒ TNFD - Task Force on Nature-related Financial Disclosures
- ☒ WRI Aqueduct
- ☒ WWF Water Risk Filter

Enterprise Risk Management

- ☒ COSO Enterprise Risk Management Framework
- ☒ Enterprise Risk Management
- ☒ In-house methods

International methodologies and standards

- ☒ Environmental Impact Assessment
- ☒ IPCC Climate Change Projections
- ☒ ISO 14001 Environmental Management Standard

- ☑ Life Cycle Assessment

Databases

- ☑ Local government databases

Other

- ☑ In-house methods
- ☑ Scenario Analysis

(2.2.2.13) Types of risks considered and criteria

Acute physical risks

- ☑ Cyclones, hurricanes, typhoons
- ☑ Flooding (coastal, riverine, heavy rainfall, groundwater)

Chronic physical risks

- ☑ Depletion of groundwater resources
- ☑ water stress

Policy

- ☑ Carbon Pricing Mechanism
- ☑ Introduction of regulatory standards for previously unregulated contaminants
- ☑ Insufficient enforcement of environmental regulations
- ☑ Regulation of water quality/quantity of wastewater

Market risk

- ☑ Changes in customer behavior

Reputational risk

- ☑ Impact on human health
- ☑ Increased partner and stakeholder concerns; negative feedback from partners and stakeholders
- ☑ Stakeholder conflicts over water resources at the watershed/catchment level

Technology Risk

- ☒ Transition to reusable products
- ☒ Transition to more playable content
- ☒ Transition to more recycled content

Legal Liability Risk

- ☒ Litigation Issues

(2.2.2.14) Partners and stakeholders considered

Select all that apply

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Clients | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Local Community |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Employees | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other water users in the river basin/catchment |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> investor | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> NGO | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Supplier | |

(2.2.2.15) Have there been any changes to this process since the previous year of the reporting year?

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, sir.

(2.2.2.16) More information about the process

The Olympus Group has introduced a global enterprise risk management approach to support the achievement of business objectives, including management philosophy and corporate strategy. Risk management is based on the "Risk Management and Crisis Response Policy" and related regulations, and we are also working on enterprise risk management from both the "opportunity" and "threat Risk management is based on the "Risk Management and Crisis Response Policy" and related regulations, and we are also working on enterprise risk management from both the "opportunity" and "threat Opportunities are identified through proactive and appropriate risk-taking that leads to the sustainable growth and Opportunities are identified through proactive and appropriate risk-taking that leads to the sustainable growth and value creation of the Group, while threats are identified and prioritized to ensure the achievement of business goals and to prevent compliance violations. Identification Methods and Criteria] We use an enterprise risk management method and approach that is based on five categories (1. Strategy (including changes in the external environment), 2. Operations & Products, 3. Subcategories include physical events, market trends, regulatory trends, and products. Specific processes are applied within the framework of global risk management, which covers all risks that Specific processes are applied within the framework of global risk management, which covers all risks that affect our business, including risks arising from climate change. In the environmental field, items related to climate

change, biodiversity, water resources, and plastics have been incorporated into the identification process. In the environmental field, items related to climate change, biodiversity, water resources, and plastics have been incorporated into the identification process, and are evaluated based on their impact on business and frequency of occurrence. The main risks identified are regulatory risk, reputational risk due to inadequate environmental measures, and business continuity risk due to an increase in natural disasters. In terms of opportunities, we have identified the reduction of raw material costs and waste volumes through product and packaging reviews, and the improvement of market competitiveness through the development of environmentally friendly products. The risks and opportunities are prioritized in the planning and implementation of actions. The department with overall responsibility oversees the tracking of the status of risk mitigation activities, and reports on them once a year to the Board of Directors, etc., and takes measures. The department with overall responsibility oversees the tracking of the status of risk mitigation activities, and reports on them once a year to the Board of Directors, etc., and takes measures by reflecting them in strategies and business plans. Case Study】 · Since rising energy costs in the workplace also affect business, each workplace sets targets for energy intensity, and works to improve energy efficiency and reduce cost ratios, aiming to reduce risk. As a recent initiative, we have set a target of achieving virtually zero carbon emissions by 2030, and we are aiming to switch all the electricity used at our In addition, in order to promote decarbonization in collaboration with society, we have obtained certification from the SBTi for the Olympics. These targets have been approved by the Board of Directors and have been announced publicly.

[ADD ROW]

(2.2.7) Do you assess the interrelationships among environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities?

(2.2.7.1) Whether interrelationships among environmental dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities are assessed

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(2.2.7.2) Explanation of how interrelationships are evaluated

The Olympus Group conducts its business activities by benefiting from natural resources such as climate, energy, water, minerals, and living organisms. Therefore, as the seriousness of climate change and the instability of natural resource supply increase, we believe that the impact (risks and opportunities) on our business will also increase. At the same time, we are also aware of the impact of climate change, resource depletion and destruction of ecosystems caused by our business activities. At the same time, we are also aware of the impact of climate change, resource depletion and destruction of ecosystems caused by our business activities and those of our supply chain. We assess and analyze the above interdependent relationships based on input information such as policy and regulatory trends, market trends and climate information (e.g. extreme weather risk) in the annual environmental We assess and analyze the above interdependent relationships based on input information such as policy and regulatory trends, market trends and climate information (e.g. extreme weather risk) in the annual environmental impact assessment conducted in collaboration between the EHS Management Department and the EHS departments at each site.

[Fixed line]

(2.3) Have you identified priority regions within the value chain?

(2.3.1) Identification of Priority Areas

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we are in the process of identifying priority areas.

(2.3.2) Stages of the value chain with identified priority areas

Select all that apply

☒ direct operation

(2.3.3) Types of priority areas identified

Areas of Significant Dependency, Impact, Risk, or Opportunity

☒ Areas with significant water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, or opportunities

(2.3.4) Description of the process for identifying priority areas

In order to achieve a high level of compatibility between the conservation of natural capital and business activities, the Olympus Group has begun to consider the LEAP approach, which is an analytical method recommended by TNFD for appropriately evaluating and disclosing risks and opportunities. We have begun to consider the LEAP approach, which is an analytical method recommended by TNFD for appropriately evaluating and disclosing risks and opportunities related to natural capital (land, sea, fresh water, and air). related to natural capital (land, sea, fresh water, and air) We have begun to consider the LEAP approach, which is an analytical method for appropriately evaluating and disclosing risks and opportunities related to natural capital (land, sea, fresh water, and air), which is recommended by TNFD, and As an initial stage evaluation of the relationship between business activities and natural capital using the World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF) Biodiversity Risk Filter, we conducted a biodiversity screening evaluation using the We confirmed that there were no bases that corresponded to the " Very High" level in terms of physical and reputational risk. The main bases that corresponded to "High" were multiple manufacturing bases in Japan and China.

(2.3.5) Do you disclose a list/map of preferred areas?

Selection: 1

☒ No, we have a list or map of preferred areas, but will not disclose it

[Fixed line]

(2.4) How does your organization define significant impacts to the organization?

risk

(2.4.1) Type of Definition

Select all that apply

- ☒ qualitative
- ☒ quantitative

(2.4.2) Indicators for defining significant impacts

Selection: 1

- ☒ property (asset) value

(2.4.3) Change in Indicators

Selection: 1

- ☒ rate of decline

(2.4.4) Percent Change in Indicators

Selection: 1

- ☒ 1 ~ 10

(2.4.6) Scale to be considered when defining

Select all that apply

- ☒ Frequency of Impact
- ☒ Potential impact

(2.4.7) Application of Definitions

Definition]: We identify "risks" and "opportunities" that could affect the business We identify "risks" and "opportunities" that could affect the business operations of the

Olympus Group, and classify them into three levels of impact: "major", "medium", and "minor". We evaluate those defined as having a major impact. We evaluate those defined as having a major impact as important. In terms of quantitative impact, we define a significant impact as one that has an impact of approximately 9 billion yen or more in terms of damage and opportunity cost. In terms of qualitative impact, we define a significant impact as one that has an impact on company-wide policies from the perspective of operations, reputation, and stakeholders. In terms of qualitative impact, we define a significant impact as one that has an impact of approximately 900 million yen or more in terms of damage and opportunity cost.

opportunity

(2.4.1) Type of Definition

Select all that apply

- ☒ qualitative
- ☒ quantitative

(2.4.2) Indicators for defining significant impacts

Selection: 1

- ☒ property (asset) value

(2.4.3) Change in Indicators

Selection: 1

- ☒ rate of increase (e.g. prices)

(2.4.4) Percent Change in Indicators

Selection: 1

- ☒ 1 ~ 10

(2.4.6) Scale to be considered when defining

Select all that apply

- ☒ Potential impact

(2.4.7) Application of Definitions

Definition]: We identify "risks" and "opportunities" that could affect the business We identify "risks" and "opportunities" that could affect the business operations of the Olympus Group, and classify them into three levels of impact: "major", "medium", and "minor". We evaluate those defined as having a major impact. We evaluate those defined as having a major impact as important. In terms of quantitative impact, we define a significant impact as one that has an impact of approximately 9 billion yen or more in terms of damage and opportunity cost. In terms of qualitative impact, we define a significant impact as one that has an impact on company-wide policies from the perspective of operations, reputation, and stakeholders. In terms of qualitative impact, we define a significant impact as one that has an impact of approximately 900 million yen or more in terms of damage and opportunity cost.

[ADD ROW]

(2.5) How does your organization identify and classify potential water pollutants related to your business activities that could be harmful to water ecosystems and human health?

(2.5.1) Identification and classification of potential water pollutants

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, potential water pollutants are identified and classified

(2.5.2) How are potential water pollutants identified and classified?

We investigate and identify any chemicals used in our processes that are subject to legal regulations or that may be regulated in the future (information We classify the identified chemicals according to the size of the risk based on factors such as the amount used and toxicity.) We classify the identified chemicals according to the size of the risk based on factors such as the amount used and toxicity.

[Fixed line]

(2.5.1) Please explain how your organization minimizes the impact of potential water pollutants associated with your operations that could adversely affect water ecosystems and human health.

Row 1

(2.5.1.1) Water contaminant category

Selection: 1

☒ petroleum

(2.5.1.2) Description of water contaminants and potential impacts

If cooking oil from the cafeteria or industrial oil from the production process is released into natural water bodies, the oil film can cause a lack of oxygen in the water, which can have a negative impact on plants and animals.

(2.5.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Select all that apply

- ☒ direct operation
- ☒ Upstream of the value chain
- ☒ Downstream of the value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse effects

Select all that apply

- ☒ Industrial/chemical accident prevention, preparedness and response
- ☒ Description of best practices for product use
- ☒ Require suppliers to comply with regulatory requirements

(2.5.1.5) Description.

At Olympus, we are taking measures to reduce the amount of hazardous substances used and to minimize their harmful effects by treating them before discharging them into the environment. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In addition, for wastewater containing In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate wastewater treatment facilities under the supervision of experts in wastewater treatment, and discharge wastewater that satisfies the voluntary control values. The majority of wastewater from our sites is treated in sewage systems, and only one site discharges wastewater into public water bodies. For this particular site, we are implementing stricter wastewater management, including increasing the frequency of voluntary measurements. In light of the importance of water resource use and wastewater management, we are asking our suppliers to make efforts to reduce water use and to comply with In addition, we provide instruct instruction on how to reduce water use and to comply with the Olympus Third Party Code and Green Procurement Standards. addition, we provide instruct

Row 3

(2.5.1.1) Water contaminant category

Selection: 1

☒ pathogen

(2.5.1.2) Description of water contaminants and potential impacts

If coliform bacteria from the wastewater of our group's business sites are released into natural water bodies, it could have a negative impact on humans, animals, plants and agriculture. animals, plants and agriculture.

(2.5.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Select all that apply

☒ direct operation

☒ Upstream of the value chain

☒ Downstream of the value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse effects

Select all that apply

☒ Industrial/chemical accident prevention, preparedness and response

☒ Description of best practices for product use

☒ Require suppliers to comply with regulatory requirements

(2.5.1.5) Description.

At Olympus, we are taking measures to reduce the amount of hazardous substances used and to minimize their harmful effects by treating them before discharging them into the environment. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In addition, for wastewater containing In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate wastewater treatment facilities under the supervision of experts in wastewater treatment, and discharge wastewater that satisfies the voluntary control values. The majority of wastewater from our sites is treated in sewage systems, and only one site discharges wastewater into public water bodies. For this particular site, we are implementing stricter wastewater management, including increasing the frequency of voluntary measurements. In light of the

importance of water resource use and wastewater management, we are asking our suppliers to make efforts to reduce water use and to comply with In addition, we provide instruct instruction on how to reduce water use and to comply with the Olympus Third Party Code and Green Procurement Standards. addition, we provide instruct

Row 4

(2.5.1.1) Water contaminant category

Selection: 1

☒ inorganic pollutant

(2.5.1.2) Description of water contaminants and potential impacts

Heavy metals such as arsenic from the plating process and chromium used in surface treatment can have a negative impact on aquatic life if they are released There is also a possibility that bioaccumulation will have a negative impact on fishing.

(2.5.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Select all that apply

☒ direct operation

☒ Upstream of the value chain

☒ Downstream of the value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse effects

Select all that apply

☒ Industrial/chemical accident prevention, preparedness and response

☒ Description of best practices for product use

☒ Require suppliers to comply with regulatory requirements

(2.5.1.5) Description.

At Olympus, we are taking measures to reduce the amount of hazardous substances used and to minimize their harmful effects by treating them before discharging them into the environment. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the

ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In addition, for wastewater containing In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate wastewater treatment facilities under the supervision of experts in wastewater treatment, and discharge wastewater that satisfies the voluntary control values. The majority of wastewater from our sites is treated in sewage systems, and only one site discharges wastewater into public water bodies. For this particular site, we are implementing stricter wastewater management, including increasing the frequency of voluntary measurements. In light of the importance of water resource use and wastewater management, we are asking our suppliers to make efforts to reduce water use and to comply with In addition, we provide instruct instruction on how to reduce water use and to comply with the Olympus Third Party Code and Green Procurement Standards. addition, we provide instruct

Row 5

(2.5.1.1) Water contaminant category

Selection: 1

☒ Other nutrients and contaminants requiring oxygen

(2.5.1.2) Description of water contaminants and potential impacts

The discharged water may contain nitrates, which, when released into natural water bodies, can negatively affect aquatic life due to eutrophication and oxygen depletion in the water.

(2.5.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Select all that apply

☒ direct operation

☒ Upstream of the value chain

☒ Downstream of the value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse effects

Select all that apply

☒ Industrial/chemical accident prevention, preparedness and response

☒ Description of best practices for product use

☒ Mandate supplier compliance with regulatory requirements

(2.5.1.5) Description.

At Olympus, we are taking measures to reduce the amount of hazardous substances used and to minimize their harmful effects by treating them before discharging them into the environment. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In addition, for wastewater containing In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate wastewater treatment facilities under the supervision of experts in wastewater treatment, and discharge wastewater that satisfies the voluntary control values. The majority of wastewater from our sites is treated in sewage systems, and only one site discharges wastewater into public water bodies. For this particular site, we are implementing stricter wastewater management, including increasing the frequency of voluntary measurements. In light of the importance of water resource use and wastewater management, we are asking our suppliers to make efforts to reduce water use and to comply with In addition, we provide instruct instruction on how to reduce water use and to comply with the Olympus Third Party Code and Green Procurement Standards. addition, we provide instruct

Row 6

(2.5.1.1) Water contaminant category

Selection: 1

☒ nitrate

(2.5.1.2) Description of water contaminants and potential impacts

The wastewater may contain nitrates, which, when released into natural water bodies, could negatively impact aquatic organisms due to eutrophication and oxygen depletion.

(2.5.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Select all that apply

☒ direct operation

☒ Upstream of the value chain

☒ Downstream of the value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse effects

Select all that apply

- ☒ Industrial/chemical accident prevention, preparedness and response
- ☒ Description of best practices for product use
- ☒ Mandate supplier compliance with regulatory requirements

(2.5.1.5) Description.

At Olympus, we are taking measures to reduce the amount of hazardous substances used and to minimize their harmful effects by treating them before discharging them into the environment. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In addition, for wastewater containing In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate wastewater treatment facilities under the supervision of experts in wastewater treatment, and discharge wastewater that satisfies the voluntary control values. The majority of wastewater from our sites is treated in sewage systems, and only one site discharges wastewater into public water bodies. For this particular site, we are implementing stricter wastewater management, including increasing the frequency of voluntary measurements. In light of the importance of water resource use and wastewater management, we are asking our suppliers to make efforts to reduce water use and to comply with In addition, we provide instruct instruction on how to reduce water use and to comply with the Olympus Third Party Code and Green Procurement Standards. addition, we provide instruct

Row 7

(2.5.1.1) Water contaminant category

Selection: 1

- ☒ phosphate

(2.5.1.2) Description of water contaminants and potential impacts

The wastewater may contain phosphates, which, when released into natural water bodies, could negatively impact aquatic organisms due to eutrophication and oxygen depletion.

(2.5.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Select all that apply

- ☒ direct operation

- ☒ Upstream of the value chain
- ☒ Downstream of the value chain

(2.5.1.4) Actions and procedures to minimize adverse effects

Select all that apply

- ☒ Industrial/chemical accident prevention, preparedness and response
- ☒ Description of best practices for product use
- ☒ Mandate supplier compliance with regulatory requirements

(2.5.1.5) Description.

At Olympus, we are taking measures to reduce the amount of hazardous substances used and to minimize their harmful effects by treating them before discharging them into the environment. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In terms of reducing the amount of hazardous substances, we are minimizing the impact on the ecosystem by replacing endoscope cleaning agents with substances that easily break down in nature. In addition, for wastewater containing In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate In addition, for wastewater containing substances that are of concern for their impact on the environment, we have set voluntary control values that exceed legal standards, and we operate wastewater treatment facilities under the supervision of experts in wastewater treatment, and discharge wastewater that satisfies the voluntary control values. The majority of wastewater from our sites is treated in sewage systems, and only one site discharges wastewater into public water bodies. For this particular site, we are implementing stricter wastewater management, including increasing the frequency of voluntary measurements. In light of the importance of water resource use and wastewater management, we are asking our suppliers to make efforts to reduce water use and to comply with In addition, we provide instruct instruction on how to reduce water use and to comply with the Olympus Third Party Code and Green Procurement Standards. addition, we provide instruct

[ADD ROW]

C3. disclosure of risks and opportunities

(3.1) Have you identified any environmental risks that have significantly affected your organization during the reporting year or are likely to significantly affect your organization in the future?

	Identification of environmental risks
climate change	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, identified in both direct operations and upstream/downstream of the value chain
water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, identified in both direct operations and upstream/downstream of the value chain
plastic	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, identified in both direct operations and upstream/downstream of the value chain

[Fixed line]

(3.1.1) Provide details of any environmental risks identified that have significantly affected your organization during the reporting year or are expected to significantly affect your organization in the future.

climate change

(3.1.1.1) Risk Identification ID

Selection: 1

☒ Risk1

(3.1.1.3) Type of risk and major environmental risk factors

Policy

- ☒ Carbon Pricing Mechanism

(3.1.1.4) Stage on the value chain at risk

Selection: 1

- ☒ direct operation

(3.1.1.6) Countries/regions at risk

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> China | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Germany |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Japan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> India |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thailand | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Switzerland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Canada | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Belgium |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Czech Republic | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brazil |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> France | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spain |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vietnam |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Netherlands | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Denmark |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Republic of Korea | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Estonia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Serbia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malaysia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Norway | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Poland | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ireland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portugal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Singapore |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Russian Federation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sweden |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Austria (Austria) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Taiwan(China) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Australia | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Zealand | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United Arab Emirates | |

- ☒ United States of America (USA)
- ☒ United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific details about risks

In addition to the fact that the European CBAM and the Tokyo Metropolitan Government's environmental regulations for the JPN region are already in effect, we expect that regulations for similar carbon taxes and the JPN region are already in effect. In addition to the fact that the European CBAM and the Tokyo Metropolitan Government's environmental regulations for the JPN region are already in effect, we expect that regulations for similar carbon taxes and emissions trading will be introduced in each region over the medium term (5-10 years). Assuming that a carbon tax is imposed in all countries where the Olympus Group has a base and that the Olympus Group's Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions do not begin Assuming that a carbon tax is imposed in all countries where the Olympus Group has a base and that the Olympus Group's Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions do not begin from FY2024, we expect that an additional annual cost of 900 million yen will be incurred as a carbon tax (the assumptions used in the Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions do not begin to be reduced from FY2024, we expect that an additional annual cost of 900 million yen will be incurred as a carbon tax (the assumptions used in the calculation are as follows). Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions in FY2024: 42,380 tCO2e Carbon tax in FY2031: 140 USD (from World Energy Outlook 2023) 42380 x 140 x 150 yen/US 8.9 billion yen 9 Please note that this scenario is an estimate due to various Please note that this scenario is an estimate due to various uncertainties, including changes in socioeconomic conditions, production trends, and technological innovation.

(3.1.1.11) Main financial impact of risks

Selection: 1

- ☒ Increase in indirect OPEX

(3.1.1.12) Time frame in which this risk is expected to have a significant impact on the organization.

Select all that apply

- ☒ medium-term

(3.1.1.13) Potential impact of this risk in the expected time horizon

Selection: 1

- ☒ More than 50% chance.

(3.1.1.14) Degree of Impact

Selection: 1

- ☒ low (position)

(3.1.1.16) The possible effects of the risk on the financial position, performance, and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizon.

Assuming that a carbon tax is imposed in all countries where the Olympus Group has a base and that the Olympus Group's Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions do not begin from FY2024, we expect that an additional annual cost of 900 million yen will be incurred in the form of a carbon tax (the assumptions used in the Scope 1 and 2) Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions in FY2024: 42,380 tCO₂e Carbon tax in FY2031: 140 USD (from World Energy Outlook 2023) 42380 x 140 x 150 yen/US 8.9 billion yen 9 Please note that this scenario is an estimate due to various uncertainties, including socioeconomic changes, production trends, and technological innovation.

(3.1.1.17) Can you quantify the financial impact of the risk?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(3.1.1.21) Medium-term expected financial impact - minimum (currency)

0

(3.1.1.22) Medium-term expected financial impact - maximum (currency)

9000000000

(3.1.1.25) Description of financial impact

In addition to the fact that the European CBAM and the Tokyo Metropolitan Government's environmental regulations for the JPN region are already in effect, we expect that regulations for similar carbon taxes and emissions trading will be introduced in each region over the medium term (5-10 years). Assuming that a carbon tax is imposed in all countries where the Olympus Group has a base and that the Olympus Group's Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions do not begin from FY2024, we expect that an additional annual cost of 900 million yen will be incurred as a carbon tax (the assumptions used in the Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions do not begin to be reduced from FY2024, we expect that an additional annual cost of 900 million yen will be incurred as a carbon tax (the assumptions used in the calculation are as follows). Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions in FY2024: 42,380 tCO₂e Carbon tax in FY2031: 140 USD (from World Energy Outlook 2023) 42380 x 140 x 150 yen/US 8.9 billion yen 9 Please note that this scenario is an estimate due to various uncertainties, including changes in socioeconomic conditions, production trends, and technological innovation.

(3.1.1.26) Main responses to risks

Policies, plans

☒ Climate Transition Planning

(3.1.1.27) Risk response costs

590000000

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

The main measure is to switch to 100% renewable energy for the electricity used at the base, and as of FY2024, 78% of the switch has been completed, and it is estimated that an additional cost of around 15 million yen per year will be required for the remaining 22% of the switch. In addition, we have taken into account the burden of the carbon tax for Scope 1 emissions. In addition, we have taken into account the burden of the carbon tax for Scope 1 emissions of fossil fuels used in boilers, etc., and we estimate that the scale of this will be 570 million yen (18,000 t x 140 US x 150). Based on the above, we estimate that the cost of responding to the risk will be approximately 590 million yen.

(3.1.1.29) Response details

The following are the current status, issues, actions, and results of our efforts. The Olympus Group has set a target of reducing Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by 70% by FY2031 compared to FY2020, taking into account the status of Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions within the company and the status of The main measure for this reduction is to switch to 100% renewable energy for the electricity used at our bases. As of FY2024, we have already completed 78% of the switch, and for the remaining 22%, we estimate that an additional cost of around 15 million yen per year is required to switch to 100% renewable energy for the electricity used at our bases. In addition, although we are investigating the use of electricity and biogas for fossil fuels used in boil In addition, although we are investigating the use of electricity and biogas for fossil fuels used in boilers, etc., the costs are not balanced, and although we are already promoting the use of hybrid vehicles for company cars, etc., the introduction of electric vehicles is difficult due to the introduction of electric vehicles. For this reason, we are already promoting the use of hybrid vehicles for company cars, etc., the introduction of electric vehicles is difficult due to the lack of sufficient charging infrastructure and the inability to balance business activities. For this reason, we are considering the burden of a carbon tax for Scope 1 emissions, and we expect the scale to be (18,000t x 140US x 150) for a total of 570 million yen. Based on the above, we estimate that the cost of risk response will be approximately 590 million yen. We will continue to investigate the local infrastructure situation and work to decarbonize the fossil fuels used at our bases and in our company. Please note that this scenario contains multiple uncertainties, including changes in socioeconomic conditions and policy trends. In particular, the handling of carbon credits is likely to change significantly depending on future policy trends.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(3.1.1.1) Risk Identification ID

Selection: 1

☒ Risk3

(3.1.1.3) Type of risk and major environmental risk factors

Chronic physical risks

☒ Decline in water quality

(3.1.1.4) Stage on the value chain at risk

Selection: 1

☒ direct operation

(3.1.1.6) Countries/regions at risk

Select all that apply

☒ China

☒ Japan

☒ Thailand

☒ Canada

☒ Czech Republic

☒ France

☒ Italy

☒ Netherlands

☒ Republic of Korea

☒ Serbia

☒ Norway

☒ Poland

☒ Portugal

☒ Russian Federation

☒ Austria (Austria)

☒ Germany

☒ India

☒ Switzerland

☒ Belgium

☒ Brazil

☒ Spain

☒ Vietnam

☒ Denmark

☒ Estonia

☒ Malaysia

☒ Finland

☒ Ireland

☒ Singapore

☒ Sweden

☒ Taiwan(China)

- ☒ Australia
- ☒ New Zealand
- ☒ United Arab Emirates
- ☒ United States of America (USA)
- ☒ United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(3.1.1.7) River basins at risk

Select all that apply

- ☒ Tenryu River

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific details about risks

The Olympus Group contributes to the medical industry through a wide range of products and services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes and video imaging systems to system integration and repair services. The use of high-quality water in the manufacturing process is extremely important from the perspective of improving product quality, and is used in cleaning processes, etc. There is a wide range of products and services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes and video imaging systems through the medical industry. The use of high-quality water in the manufacturing process is extremely important from the perspective of improving product quality, and is used in cleaning processes, etc. There are stricter regulations and stronger demands from local communities regarding wastewater from business. There are stricter regulations and stronger demands from local communities regarding wastewater from business sites, and there is a possibility of reputational risk in the event of an accident, as well as the strengthening of management systems and an increase in management services. For business sites with a large amount of water use, such as cleaning processes, there is a possibility that production will be a problem. For business sites with a large amount of water use, such as cleaning processes, there is a possibility that production will be halted due to water resource depletion or deterioration in water quality related to water intake, or the discharge of inappropriate wastewater, or the discharge of inappropriate wastewater, or the discharge of inappropriate wastewater. For this reason, we are working to reduce water usage by setting targets for water usage efficiency and managing For this reason, we are working to reduce water usage by setting targets for water usage efficiency and managing water quality during water intake, and we are also maintaining appropriate wastewater quality For this reason, we are working to reduce water usage by setting targets for water usage efficiency and managing water quality during water intake, and we are also maintaining appropriate wastewater quality through the operation of wastewater treatment facilities with wastewater management experts, as well as setting standards that are stricter than local laws and regulations. For these reasons, we expect the risk to be limited.

(3.1.1.11) Main financial impact of risks

Selection: 1

- ☒ Decrease in sales due to lower production capacity

(3.1.1.12) Time frame in which this risk is expected to have a significant impact on the organization.

Select all that apply

- ☒ short term
- ☒ medium-term
- ☒ long term

(3.1.1.13) Potential impact of this risk in the expected time horizon

Selection: 1

- ☒ More than 50% chance.

(3.1.1.14) Degree of Impact

Selection: 1

- ☒ low (position)

(3.1.1.16) The possible effects of the risk on the financial position, performance, and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizon.

In regions where there are many bases with a high water usage rate due to the cleaning process, there is a low risk of water depletion in the short to medium term (0-10 years), but in the long term (10-20 years), there is a possibility that water volume will decrease and water quality will deteriorate in some. If restrictions on water intake occur, there is a possibility that sales will decrease due to a loss of sales opportunities. As this is an event that has a low probability of occurring in a very small area, we expect the financial impact to be very small. As there have been no previous cases of water shortages, and there are many uncertainties in the assumptions of the event, we have not calculated the financial impact.

(3.1.1.17) Can you quantify the financial impact of the risk?

Selection: 1

- ☒ No, sir.

(3.1.1.26) Main responses to risks

Infrastructure, Technology and Spending

- ☒ Improved pollution control and prevention measures

(3.1.1.27) Risk response costs

239000000

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

As part of these measures, we have established standards for wastewater from our business activities that are stricter than local regulations, and we have also appointed wastewater management experts to operate our wastewater treatment facilities, thereby ensuring that the quality of our wastewater is better than that of local regulations. As part of these measures, we have established standards for wastewater from our business activities that are stricter than local regulations, and we also have appointed wastewater management experts to operate our wastewater treatment facilities, thereby ensuring that the quality of our wastewater. The cost of operating the wastewater treatment facilities and the personnel costs of the managers of the In addition, we are implementing activities to protect water In addition, we are implementing activities to protect water sources and catchment areas in cooperation with local organizations. The total annual cost for these two items is 239 million yen.

(3.1.1.29) Response details

The following are the current status, issues, actions, and results of our efforts. As a countermeasure, we have established standards stricter than local regulations for wastewater from our business activities, and we are maintaining appropriate wastewater quality through the operation of wastewater treatment. By maintaining the quality of wastewater appropriately, we are preventing a decrease in the amount of water intake and deterioration in water quality. The cost of operating wastewater treatment facilities and the personnel costs of those managing the In addition, we are implementing activities to protect water In addition, we are implementing activities to protect water sources and catchment areas in cooperation with local organizations. As a total of these two points, 239 million yen was incurred as annual costs in FY2024.

plastic

(3.1.1.1) Risk Identification ID

Selection: 1

☒ Risk4

(3.1.1.3) Type of risk and major environmental risk factors

Market risk

☒ Changes in customer behavior

(3.1.1.4) Stage on the value chain at risk

Selection: 1

☒ direct operation

(3.1.1.6) Countries/regions at risk

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> China | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Germany |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Japan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> India |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thailand | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Switzerland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Canada | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Belgium |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Czech Republic | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brazil |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> France | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spain |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vietnam |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Netherlands | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Denmark |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Republic of Korea | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Estonia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Serbia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malaysia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Norway | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Poland | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ireland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portugal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Singapore |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Russian Federation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sweden |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Austria (Austria) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Taiwan(China) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Australia | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Zealand | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United Arab Emirates | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United States of America (USA) | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland | |

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific details about risks

We use plastics in our therapeutic device products and packaging materials because of their light weight and stability, but we believe that there is a risk of legal

restrictions on reducing the use of plastics and recycling them, as well as a reputational risk of not taking voluntary action. In recent years, there have also been calls from stakeholders for measures to be taken regarding the plastics used in products and packaging, so we have also been calling for stakeholders for measures to be taken regarding the plastics used in products and packaging, so we believe that there is a risk of not taking voluntary action. In recent years, there have also been calls from stakeholders for measures to be taken regarding the plastics used in products and packaging, so we also believe that We expect that regulations will be established within the industry in the short term (0-5 We expect that regulations will be established within the industry in the short term (0-5 years), and that the risk will have an impact in the medium term (5-10 years). On the other hand, it is difficult to predict the content of regulations for plastics due to their use as medical devices, and the financial impact cannot be quantified. On the other hand, it is difficult to predict the content of regulations for plastics due to their use as medical devices, and the financial impact cannot be quantified. regulations.

(3.1.1.11) Main financial impact of risks

Selection: 1

☒ Decreased sales due to lower demand for products and services

(3.1.1.12) Time frame in which this risk is expected to have a significant impact on the organization.

Select all that apply

☒ medium-term

(3.1.1.13) Potential impact of this risk in the expected time horizon

Selection: 1

☒ More than 50% chance.

(3.1.1.14) Degree of Impact

Selection: 1

☒ low (position)

(3.1.1.16) The possible effects of the risk on the financial position, performance, and cash flows of the organization in the selected future time horizon.

Olympus contributes to healthcare with a wide range of products and services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes, and video imaging systems to system integration and repair services. We use plastics in our medical devices and packaging materials because of their light weight and stability. However, because of the stability of plastics, they are difficult to break down in nature, and their accumulation in the ecosystem as microplastics has In addition to the legal and regulatory risks associated with reducing the use of plastics and packaging materials because of their light weight and stability. In addition to the legal and regulatory risks associated

with reducing the use of plastics and promoting their recycling, there is also a reputational risk for not taking voluntary action. In particular, many medical devices are single-use, and there are also calls from stakeholders for measures to be taken regarding the plastics used in products and packaging, so we believe that appropriate measures could also lead to business opportunities. We expect that regulations will be established within the industry in the short term (0-5 years), and that risks will have an impact in the medium term (5-10 years). On the other hand, it is difficult to predict the content of regulations on plastics from a technological and economic perspective, as well as from the perspective of their utility as medical devices, and we have not been able to quantify the financial impact. However, there are many products that use plastics, and we expect that there will be a medium-level impact depending on the content of the regulations. As a measure against this risk, we have set out "Realization of a circular economy through product stewardship" as one element of our ESG strategy in our new management strategy announced in May 2023, and we will continue to pursue this strategy. As a measure this risk, we have set out "Realization of a circular economy through product stewardship" as one element of our ESG strategy in our new management strategy in May 2023, and we have established a dedicated promotion organization within our development function to promote initiatives in We have established a dedicated promotion organization within our development function to promote initiatives in seven priority fields, including measures against plastics.

(3.1.1.26) Main responses to risks

Infrastructure, Technology, and Spending

☑ Take action to reduce virgin plastic and switch to recycled materials

(3.1.1.29) Response details

Situation: As plastic pollution of the oceans and its impact on ecosystems become more serious, there is an increasing demand for legislation and regulations regarding the use and recycling of plastic, as well as measures to reduce the use of plastic in products. If companies are unable to respond to these demands, they may lose business opportunities. If companies are unable to respond to these demands, they may lose business opportunities. Issue: To reduce the environmental impact of plastics through measures such as reducing usage, adopting plastics that have less of an impact on the ecosystem, and participating in the HPRC to promote measures to deal with plastics together with companies in the same industry. Through these measures, we will appropriately respond to social demands, reduce business risks, and pursue business opportunities by taking the initiative. As one element of the ESG strategy in the new management strategy announced in May 2023, we have set up a dedicated promotion organization within the We are reducing the use of plastics in packaging materials, considering the application of plastics that have less of an impact on the ecosystem, and participating in the HPRC to promote measures to deal with plastics together with companies in the same industry. As a result: Through these initiatives, we expect to be able to minimize the risks we anticipate, and to expand our business opportunities by taking action ahead of other companies.

climate change

(3.1.1.1) Risk Identification ID

Selection: 1

☒ Risk2

(3.1.1.3) Type of risk and major environmental risk factors

Acute physical risks

☒ Cyclones, hurricanes, typhoons

(3.1.1.4) Stage on the value chain at risk

Selection: 1

☒ Upstream of the value chain

(3.1.1.6) Countries/regions at risk

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> China | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Germany |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Japan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> India |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thailand | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Switzerland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Canada | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Belgium |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Czech Republic | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brazil |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> France | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Serbia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spain |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mexico | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vietnam |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Netherlands | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Denmark |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Republic of Korea | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Estonia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malaysia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Austria |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Norway | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Poland | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ireland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portugal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Singapore |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Russian Federation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sweden |

☒ Taiwan (China)

☒ Australia

☒ New Zealand

☒ United Arab Emirates

☒ United States of America (USA)

☒ United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland (UK)

(3.1.1.9) Organization-specific details about risks

Due to climate change, there is a high possibility that the frequency and severity of natural disasters such as floods and wildfires will increase in the regions where we conduct business activities, and this may be a major cause for concern. Due to climate change, there is a high possibility that the frequency and severity of natural disasters such as floods and wildfires will increase in the regions where we conduct business activities, and this may have an impact on our business activities, such as the suspension of operations at our own business sites and the disruption of the supply chain. Considering the abnormal weather conditions in recent years, we expect that there is a possibility of this occurring in the short term range of 0-5 years. The following is an example of the impact of natural disasters on our own factories and suppliers. We estimate that there was a 2.4 billion decrease in revenue due to the temporary reduction in production of products that was implemented at that time. This amount is equivalent to 2.5% of sales and 3% of net assets. As a measure to deal with the impact of natural disasters on business, including floods and typhoons, we are monitoring the occurrence of natural disasters at our own factories and suppliers, drawing up business continuity plans in the event of damage to our own factories, and diversifying our suppliers.

(3.1.1.17) Can you quantify the financial impact of the risk?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(3.1.1.26) Main responses to risks

Diversification

☒ Expand supplier diversification

(3.1.1.27) Risk response costs

100000000

(3.1.1.28) Explanation of cost calculation

Every year, the Olympus Group uses disaster prevention maps and other resources at each of its bases to implement measures to prevent flooding and other In Japan, we have established a centralized function for collecting information on the occurrence of natural disasters and taking countermeasures. In Japan, we have established a centralized function for collecting information on the occurrence of natural disasters and taking countermeasures, formulating In Japan, we have established a centralized function for collecting information on the occurrence of natural disasters and taking countermeasures, formulating business continuity plans, monitoring natural disasters, etc., and we also conduct training and education in preparation for emergency situations. We incur additional costs of approximately 1 million yen per year, including monitoring costs (7 million yen) by specialist organizations and costs for We incur additional costs of approximately 100 million yen per year, including monitoring costs (70 million yen) by specialist organizations and costs for countermeasures against damage from flooding at our own bases (30 million yen).

[ADD ROW]

(3.1.2) Please indicate the amount and percentage of financial indicators vulnerable to significant impacts of environmental risks in the reporting year.

climate change

(3.1.2.1) Financial Evaluation Criteria

Selection: 1

☒ OPEX

(3.1.2.2) Amount of financial indicator vulnerable to transition risk for this environmental challenge (in the same currency unit as selected for question 1.2)

0

(3.1.2.3) Percentage of total financial indicators vulnerable to transition risk for this environmental challenge (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1

(3.1.2.4) Amount of financial indicator vulnerable to physical risk for this environmental challenge (in the same currency unit as selected for question 1.2)

0

(3.1.2.5) Percentage of total financial indicators vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental challenge (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1

(3.1.2.7) Explanation of financial figures

Carbon taxes and other measures could be considered as transition risks, but as there are no bases subject to these measures in the relevant fiscal year, we As for physical risks, there were no bases affected by flooding or other factors in the relevant fiscal year, so there will be no financial impact from these risks. Although there are bases located in river basins that are at risk of flooding, we have assessed that there is no vulnerability as we have no financial impact from these risks. Although there are bases located in river basins that are at risk of flooding, we have assessed that there is no vulnerability as we have formulated BCP measures and are taking steps to deal with the risk of flooding.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(3.1.2.1) Financial Evaluation Criteria

Selection: 1

☒ OPEX

(3.1.2.2) Amount of financial indicator vulnerable to transition risk for this environmental challenge (in the same currency unit as selected for question 1.2)

0

(3.1.2.3) Percentage of total financial indicators vulnerable to transition risk for this environmental challenge (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1

(3.1.2.4) Amount of financial indicator vulnerable to physical risk for this environmental challenge (in the same currency unit as selected for question 1.2)

0

(3.1.2.5) Percentage of total financial indicators vulnerable to physical risks for this environmental challenge (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1

(3.1.2.7) Explanation of financial figures

Carbon taxes and other measures could be considered as transition risks, but as there are no bases subject to these measures in the relevant fiscal year, we As for physical risks, there were no bases affected by flooding or other factors in the relevant fiscal year, so there will be no financial impact from these risks. Although there are bases located in river basins that are at risk of flooding, we have assessed that there is no vulnerability as we have no financial impact from these risks. Although there are bases located in river basins that are at risk of flooding, we have assessed that there is no vulnerability as we have formulated BCP measures and are taking steps to deal with the risk of flooding.

[ADD ROW]

(3.2) How many facilities in each river basin are exposed to significant water-related risks? What proportion of the total number of facilities does this represent?

Row 1

(3.2.1) Country/Region and River Basin

Japan

☒ Tenryu River

(3.2.2) Stages of the value chain where facilities at risk in this river basin have been identified

Select all that apply

☒ direct operation

(3.2.3) Number of facilities exposed to water-related risks in this river basin within your organization's direct operations

2

(3.2.4) Percentage of facilities exposed to water-related risks in this river basin relative to the total number of facilities within your organization's operations (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 1 ~ 25%

(3.2.10) Percentage of your organization's total global sales that could be affected (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1

(3.2.11) Description.

The Tenryu River is assumed to be a river basin that is at risk of water resource depletion and deterioration in water quality. We also have a repair factory in a location that is different from the Tenryu River system, and because we have a backup base, we assume that there is little possibility of being affected in the Tenryu River system. In addition, we assume that there is little possibility of being affected in the event of an emergency. In addition, we assume that there is little possibility of a decrease in water resources or deterioration in water quality over a span of 0-10 years, and that the medium-term level of impact on the relevant manufacturing base will be limited. For this reason, we have selected less than 1% of sales as the amount of sales that may be affected.

[ADD ROW]

(3.3) During the reporting year, was your organization subject to fines, administrative guidance, or other penalties for violations of water-related regulations?

	Violation of water-related regulations	Comment
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.	Olympus did not receive any fines, enforcement orders, or other penalties for water-related regulatory violations during the reporting year.

[Fixed line]

(3.5) Are your organization's operations or activities regulated by a carbon pricing system (ETS, cap-and-trade, carbon tax)?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(3.5.1) Please select the carbon pricing regulations that affect your organization's business activities.

Select all that apply

☒ Tokyo CaT - ETS

(3.5.2) Please provide details of each emissions trading scheme (ETS) under which your organization is regulated.

Tokyo CaT - ETS

(3.5.2.1) Percentage of Scope 1 emissions covered by ETS

0.72

(3.5.2.2) Percentage of Scope 2 emissions covered by ETS

2.49

(3.5.2.3) Period Start Date

03/31/2020

(3.5.2.4) End of period

03/30/2024

(3.5.2.5) Allocation

10336

(3.5.2.6) Quantity of Permits Purchased

0

(3.5.2.7) Verified Scope 1 emissions in tons of CO2 equivalent

195.68

(3.5.2.8) Verified Scope 2 emissions in tons of CO2 equivalent

376.71

(3.5.2.9) Ownership Details

Selection: 1

☒ Facilities we own and operate

(3.5.2.10) Comments

The "Global Warming Prevention Plan" is published on the Olympus Group website every year. URL: <https://www.olympus.co.jp/csr/environment/warming/?pagecsr>
[Fixed line]

(3.5.4) Please respond to your organization's strategy for complying with regulated or expected to be regulated systems.

The Olympus Group has set out its raison d'être as "realizing health, safety and mental well-being for people around the world", and it is promoting activities that address environmental issues such as climate change, resource depletion, degradation of natural In the ESG strategy announced in May 2023, we have set the realization that the company is "realizing health, safety and mental well-being for people around the world" as "realizing health, safety and mental well-being for people around the world". In the ESG strategy announced in May 2023, we have set the realization of a decarbonized society and a recycling-oriented society as one of the materiality issues, and we are accelerating our environmental activities. The strategy includes ambitious targets of achieving net zero Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions by 2040, using 100% renewable energy The strategy includes ambitious targets of achieving net zero Scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions by 2040, using 100% renewable energy, for electricity at our own sites by FY31, and reducing Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 70% compared to the base year (FY20). In these efforts, it is important to ensure To this end, we have appointed environmental officers at our major global bases and have To this end, we have appointed environmental officers at our major global bases and have established a system to monitor trends in laws and regulations in each country and region. We also collect information on changes to and new laws and regulations through activities in collaboration with industry groups and the use of regulatory information services. By quickly identifying regulatory information, we can prepare for a swift response and continuously improve our systems to ensure regulatory compliance. For the 2020-2024 planning period, we achieved a 65% reduction rate in actual performance For the 2020-2024 planning period, we achieved a 65% reduction rate in actual performance,

compared to the 27% mandatory rate, due to the introduction of renewable energy and other measures. The next plan period for 2025-2029 will have a stricter obligation rate, but in addition to the energy conservation achieved through the day-to-day operational improvements made by the Energy Conservation Promotion Committee, we are also promoting energy conservation. Promotion Committee, we are also promoting energy conservation measures and reductions such as LED conversion and air conditioning renewal in line with the office renovations currently underway. Details of these initiatives are published on our company website. <https://www.olympus.co.jp/csr/environment/warming/?pagecsr>

(3.6) Have you identified any environmental opportunities that have had a significant impact on your organization during the reporting year or are expected to have a significant impact on your organization in the future?

climate change

(3.6.1) Identified Environmental Opportunities

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, opportunities have been identified and some/all are being realized

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(3.6.1) Identified Environmental Opportunities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(3.6.2) Main reasons why you do not see environmental opportunities in your organization

Selection: 1

☒ Opportunities exist. However, none of them have a significant impact on the organization.

(3.6.3) Description.

There are two aspects to the Olympus Group's involvement with water. The other is the expansion of sales opportunities through the provision of equipment with high water efficiency. high water efficiency. With regard to water-related costs at our own business sites, the water used for industrial purposes is drawn from groundwater, so With regard to water-related costs at our own business sites, the water used for industrial purposes is drawn from groundwater, so the water used for domestic purposes by employees working at the site is the main source. The scale of this is about 1 million yen per year, but this is the result of many years of water-saving measures. Even if we were to reduce this by 5%, the scale would be 5 Even if we were to reduce this by 5%, the scale would be 5 million yen per year, which is less

than 0.01% of our sales, so the impact would be extremely small. When wastewater is reduced, we can expect to reduce the amount of chemicals added in the wastewater treatment process, but the operation costs of the wastewater treatment process (labor costs, wastewater Even if we were to reduce it by 5%, it would still be 47 million yen. Even if we were to reduce it by 5%, it would still be 2.4 million yen per year, which is less than 0.01% of our sales, so the impact would be extremely small. For this reason, we have determined that the opportunity to reduce operational costs has a very small impact. We are working to reduce water usage by improving the washer, and we are also continuing to reduce the amount of chemicals used during washing and to switch the washer to a higher water usage efficiency. We are working to reduce water usage by improving the washer, and we are also continuing to reduce the amount of chemicals used during washing and to switch to substances that can be easily broken down in nature, while also ensuring safety. On the other hand, since the impact of this equipment on the overall water usage of the facility is not expected to be significant, we have determined that there is a very low possibility of an increase in business opportunities in the facility. On the other hand, since the impact of this equipment on the overall water usage of the facility is not expected to be significant, we have determined that there is a very low possibility of an increase in business opportunities in terms of water usage efficiency within a time range of 0-10 years. Based on the above, we have determined that the impact of the opportunity related to water is small and that there is no opportunity. We will review this evaluation when we draw up our We will review this evaluation when we draw up our annual business plan and make changes if necessary.

[Fixed line]

(3.6.1) Please provide details of any identified environmental opportunities that have had a significant impact on your organization during the reporting year or are expected to have a significant impact on your organization in the future.

climate change

(3.6.1.1) Opportunity ID

Selection: 1

☒ Opp1

(3.6.1.3) Types of opportunities and main environmental opportunity factors

Resource Efficiency

☒ Cost Reduction

(3.6.1.4) Stages in the value chain where opportunities emerge

Selection: 1

☒ direct operation

(3.6.1.5) Country/Area where opportunity is expressed

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> China | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Germany |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Japan | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> India |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Thailand | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Switzerland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Canada | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Belgium |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Czech Republic | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Brazil |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> France | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Serbia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Italy | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Spain |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Mexico | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Vietnam |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Netherlands | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Denmark |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Republic of Korea | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Estonia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Malaysia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Austria |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Norway | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Finland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Poland | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Indonesia |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Portugal | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Ireland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Russian Federation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Singapore |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Sweden | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Hong Kong SAR (China) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Taiwan (China) | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United States of America (USA) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Australia | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Zealand | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> United Arab Emirates | |

(3.6.1.8) Organization-specific details

The annual cost of energy use is approximately 5 billion yen, which is equivalent to 0.5% of sales. As the unit cost of energy increases, it is estimated that the proportion of sales accounted for by energy will increase further. In addition, we have set targets of "Net-zero by 2040" and "70% reduction of Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions. We have set a target of "Net-zero by 2040" and "70% reduction of Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions compared to FY20", and we are working on improving energy efficiency as well as shifting to renewable energy. We have set a target of improving energy efficiency by 1% per year, and we are promoting measures such as introducing energy-saving equipment and improving operations to save energy. If we assume that sales will grow at an annual rate of 7%, and that energy efficiency will improve at an annual rate of 1%, we can expect to reduce our If we assume that sales will grow at an annual rate of 7% and that energy efficiency will

improve at an annual rate of 1%, we can expect to reduce our energy costs by 5 million yen per year, according to the following formula.

(3.6.1.9) Main financial impact of the opportunity

Selection: 1

☒ Decrease in direct costs

(3.6.1.10) Time frame in which the opportunity is expected to have a significant impact on the organization.

Select all that apply

☒ medium-term

(3.6.1.11) Likelihood that the opportunity will have an impact during the time horizon envisaged

Selection: 1

☒ 50/50 chance (33~ 66%)

(3.6.1.12) Degree of Impact

Selection: 1

☒ low (position)

(3.6.1.14) The expected impact of the opportunity on the organization's financial condition, performance, and cash flows over the selected future time horizon

The Olympus Group has bases in approximately 38 countries and regions around the world. As the unit cost of energy increases, it is estimated that the proportion of sales accounted for by energy will increase further. In addition, we have set targets to achieve net-zero by 2040 and reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 70% compared to FY20, and we are We have set a target to improve energy efficiency by 1% per year, and we are taking We have set a target to improve energy efficiency by 1% per year, and we are taking measures such as introducing energy-saving equipment and improving operations to save energy. If we assume that sales will grow at an annual rate of 7%, and that energy efficiency will improve at an annual rate of 1%, we expect to reduce energy costs by 5 million yen per year, according to the following formula. Current: Sales of 92 billion yen, energy costs of 5 billion yen BaU: Sales of 985 billion yen, energy costs of 5.35 billion yen (assuming the same After improvement: $9850 \times (50/9200 \times 0.99)$ 5.3 billion yen We estimate that this opportunity will be a very small amount, less than 0.1% of the current level. Please note that the figures given in this scenario are estimates, as there are some uncertain factors, such as changes in the trend of unit energy prices. Please note that the figures given in this scenario are estimates, as there are some uncertain factors, such as changes in the trend of unit energy prices.

(3.6.1.15) Can you quantify the financial impact of the opportunity?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(3.6.1.19) Expected medium-term financial impact - minimum (currency)

0

(3.6.1.20) Expected medium-term financial impact - maximum (currency)

50000000

(3.6.1.23) Description of financial impact

The Olympus Group has bases in approximately 38 countries and regions around the world. As the unit cost of energy increases, it is estimated that the proportion of sales accounted for by energy will increase further. In addition, we have set targets to achieve net-zero by 2040 and reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 70% compared to FY20, and we are We have set a target to improve energy efficiency by 1% per year, and we are taking We have set a target to improve energy efficiency by 1% per year, and we are taking measures such as introducing energy-saving equipment and improving operations to save energy. If we assume that sales will grow at an annual rate of 7%, and that energy efficiency will improve at an annual rate of 1%, we expect to reduce energy costs by 5 million yen per year, according to the following formula. Current: Sales of 92 billion yen, energy costs of 5 billion yen BaU: Sales of 985 billion yen, energy costs of 5.35 billion yen (assuming the same After improvement: $9850 \times (50/9200 \times 0.99)$ 5.3 billion yen We estimate that this opportunity will be a very small amount, less than 0.1% of the current level. Please note that the figures given in this scenario are estimates, as there are some uncertain factors, such as changes in the trend of unit energy prices. Please note that the figures given in this scenario are estimates, as there are some uncertain factors, such as changes in the trend of unit energy prices.

(3.6.1.24) Cost of realizing the opportunity

80000000

(3.6.1.25) Explanation of cost calculation

As the unit cost of energy increases, it is estimated that the proportion of sales accounted for by energy costs will increase further. In addition, we have set targets to achieve net-zero by In addition, we have set targets to achieve net-zero by 2040 and to reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 70% compared to FY20, and we are working to improve energy efficiency as well as as shifting to renewable energy We have set a target of improving energy efficiency by 1% per year, and are taking measures such as introducing energy-saving equipment and improving operations to save energy. As specific measures, we have assigned energy management experts to the top five sites with the highest energy use (which As specific measures, we have assigned energy management experts to the top five sites with the highest energy use (which account for about 70% of the Group's total energy use), and are promoting activities such as updating equipment and improving operations based on an In addition, when opportunities arise such as the construction of new buildings, we are also working to improve In addition, when opportunities arise such as the construction of new buildings, we are also working to improve building insulation, introduce LED lighting, and introduce control

systems such as BEMS, in order to achieve significant energy reductions. However, the details of the initiatives change from year to year, the average value over three years is 35 million yen for capital investment, and 9 million yen per person for the labor costs of the energy management experts (5 people x 9 million yen per person 45 million yen), for a total of 80 million yen per year. note that these figures also include the cost of dealing with energy conservation regulations, and it is not possible to distinguish between the cost of dealing with opportunities and the cost of dealing with risks, so the input is larger than the effect of the opportunity.

(3.6.1.26) Strategies for realizing opportunities

The situation, issues, implementation, and results are as follows The Olympus Group has bases in approximately 37 countries and regions worldwide (The cost of energy use is approximately 5 billion yen per year, which is equivalent to 0.5% of sales.) The cost of energy use is approximately 5 billion yen per year, which is equivalent to 0.5% of sales. In addition, we have set targets to achieve net-zero by 2040 and to reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 2040. In addition, we have set targets to achieve net-zero by 2040 and to reduce Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions by 70% compared to FY20, and we are working to improve energy efficiency as well as shifting to renewable energy. We have set a target to improve energy efficiency by 1% per year, and we are taking measures such as introducing energy-saving equipment and improving operations to save energy. As a specific measure, we have assigned energy management experts to the top five sites with the highest energy usage (which account for approximately 70 % of the Group's total energy usage), and are promoting activities such as equipment renewal and operational improvements based on an annual energy In addition, when opportunities arise such as the construction of new buildings, we are also working to achieve significant energy reductions by improving building insulation, introducing LED lighting, and introducing control systems such as BEMS. However the details of the initiatives change from year to year, the average value over three years is 35 million yen for capital investment and 9 million yen per person for the labor costs of the energy management experts (BEMS). Although the details the initiatives change from year to year, the average value over three years is 35 million yen for capital investment and 9 million yen per person for the labor costs of the energy management experts (5 people x 9 million yen per person 45 million yen), for a total of 80 million yen per year. figures include the cost of dealing with energy conservation regulations, and since it is not possible to distinguish between opportunity-related and As a result of our activities in FY24, we improved energy efficiency by As a result of our activities in FY24, we improved energy efficiency by approximately 0.3% compared to the previous year through the implementation of various energy-saving measures, including equipment renewal, air leak checks and improvements. We estimate that this improvement in efficiency will result in cost savings of approximately 15 million yen.

climate change

(3.6.1.4) Stages in the value chain where opportunities emerge

Selection: 1

☒ direct operation

(3.6.1.26) Strategies for realizing opportunities

Olympus Group medical products have contributed to improving the quality of life (QOL) of patients by providing two types of value: "early At the same time, we have

been working for many years to reduce GHG emissions. At the same time, we have been working for many years to reduce GHG emissions across the entire value chain, improve the energy efficiency of our products, and make our products more environmentally friendly. At the same time, we have been working for many years to reduce GHG emissions across the entire value chain, improve the energy efficiency of our products, and make our products and packaging smaller and lighter. Due to the increasing seriousness of environmental issues, customers' environmental measures have been progressing rapidly in recent years, and we are receiving more inquiries and requests for information on governance and strategies for reducing GHG emissions across all business activities, as well as performance, carbon footprints of products and In order to ensure that our products and packaging materials are environmentally friendly, we are receiving more inquiries and requests for information on governance and strategies for reducing GHG emissions across all business activities, as well as performance, carbon footprints of products and packaging materials, and aspects of forest protection such as the use of forest -In order to take advantage of these opportunities and accelerate our measures, we have included "Realizing a circular economy through product stewardship" as well as "Realizing a circular economy through product stewardship". economy through product stewardship" as one element of our ESG strategy in our new management strategy announced in May 2023, and we have established a dedicated promotion organization within our development functions to promote initiatives in seven key areas, including measures for products and packaging materials and measures for plastics We are also working to reduce the use of plastics in packaging, considering the application of plastics that have less of an impact We are also working to reduce the use of plastics in packaging, considering the application of plastics that have less of an impact on the ecosystem, and promoting measures to reduce the use of plastics in collaboration with other companies in the The cost of realizing these opportunities was approximately 600 million yen in FY24. The cost of realizing these opportunities was approximately 600 million yen in FY24. This cost includes the development of elemental technologies for environmentally conscious design, the introduction of systems to support environmental assessments, participation fees for industry groups, and the operating costs of specialized promotion organizations.

[ADD ROW]

(3.6.2) Provide the amount and percentage of financial indicators during the reporting year that are consistent with the significant impact of the environmental opportunity.

climate change

(3.6.2.1) Financial Evaluation Criteria

Selection: 1
☒ sales

(3.6.2.2) Amount of financial indicators consistent with opportunities for this environmental challenge (in the same currency unit as selected in 1.2)

15000000

(3.6.2.3) Percentage of total financial indicators that are consistent with opportunities for this environmental challenge

(%)

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1

(3.6.2.4) Explanation of financial figures

As a result of our activities in FY24, we have reduced our energy costs by approximately 15 million yen through the implementation of various energy- saving measures, including updating our air conditioning equipment, switching to LED lighting, and checking for and fixing air leaks. The calculation method is based on energy usage [calorific value]. The calculation method is as follows (1) FY23 energy usage (calorific value) is 1801594GJ / FY23 sales of 881923 million yen energy usage per sales of 2.04 (2) FY24 energy consumption (on a calorific value basis) was 16,262,030 GJ / FY24 sales of 93,621 million yen energy consumption per sales of 1.7 (3) The improvement rate from 2.07 in FY23 to 1.7 in FY24 is 0.3% compared to the previous year · The annual energy cost of the Olympus Group is calculated to be about 15 million yen, for an improvement of 0.3% compared to the approximately 5 billion yen cost.
[ADD ROW]

C4. governance

(4.1) Does your organization have a board of directors or equivalent governing body?

(4.1.1) Board of Directors or equivalent governing body

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.1.2) Frequency with which the Board of Directors or equivalent body meets

Selection: 1

☒ Once per quarter

(4.1.3) Type of members of the board of directors or equivalent body (directors)

Select all that apply

☒ Full-time director or equivalent

(4.1.4) Board Diversity and Inclusion Policy

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, there is a published policy.

(4.1.5) Briefly describe the scope of the policy.

The Olympus Group has formulated a basic policy on corporate governance, and the Company is committed to working with its various stakeholders, including employees, customers, business partners, creditors, and local communities, in an appropriate manner, based on its management philosophy of corporate governance. The Olympus Group has formulated a basic policy on corporate governance, and the Company is committed to working with its various stakeholders, including employees, customers, business partners, creditors, and local communities, in an appropriate manner, based on its management philosophy of As part of this, the company is committed to working with its various stakeholders, including employees, customers, business partners, creditors, and local communities, in an appropriate manner, based on its management philosophy of "realizing health and peace of mind for people around the world and enriching their lives. As part of this, the company is working to ensure diversity within the company by promoting diversity, equity and inclusion within the Olympus Group, and has announced that it will provide appropriate opportunities. As part of this company is working to ensure diversity within the company by promoting diversity, equity and inclusion within the

Olympus Group, and has announced that it will provide appropriate opportunities and a place for diverse human resources to shine regardless of age, gender, race, sexual orientation, gender identity, social economic status and social status. orientation, gender identity, social economic status, ethnicity, disability, ability, nationality/culture, language, religion, opinions, experience, career, etc. political stance, experience, career, etc., and to provide diverse human resources with appropriate opportunities and a place to shine regardless of their background. In addition, in terms of the responsibilities of the Board of Directors, etc., we will consider diversity in terms of the composition of the Board of Directors, including internationality. In addition, in terms of the responsibilities of the Board of Directors, etc., we will consider diversity in terms of the composition of the Board of Directors, including internationality, gender, work experience, age, and diversity, experience, knowledge, and ability. We will also consider diversity in terms of the composition of the Board of Directors, including internationality, gender, work experience, age, and diversity, experience, knowledge, and ability. internationality, gender, work experience, age, and diversity, experience, knowledge, and ability.

(4.1.6) Please attach policy (optional)

[4.1]Olympus Names Wenlei Yang the Newly Established Chief Diversity, Equity and Inclusion Officer_ 2023_ News_ Olympus.pdf,
[4.1]basic_policy_for_corporate_governance_en.pdf basic_policy_for_corporate_governance_en.pdf, 【4.1】有報_annual_fy2024_en.pdf
[Fixed line]

(4.1.1) Does your organization oversee environmental issues at the board level?

	Board-level oversight of this environmental challenge
climate change	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
biodiversity	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(4.1.2) Identify the board member positions (but do not include individual names) or committees that are accountable for environmental issues and provide details on how the board oversees environmental issues.

climate change

(4.1.2.1) Individual positions or committees accountable for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ☒ chairman of board of directors
- ☒ board member
- ☒ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- ☒ Board-level committees

(4.1.2.2) The accountability of each position to this environmental agenda is set forth in a policy covering the Board of Directors

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, sir.

(4.1.2.3) Policies that define the position's accountability for this environmental challenge.

Select all that apply

- ☒ Job descriptions for individual directors

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is scheduled on the agenda

Selection: 1

- ☒ Agenda scheduled for some board meetings - at least once a year

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms that incorporate this environmental challenge

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oversight of corporate goal setting | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring the implementation of the Climate Transition Plan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oversight and guidance in developing business strategies | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval and oversight of employee incentives |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring of business strategy execution assessment process | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deliberating and guiding the dependency, impact, risk, and opportunity |

☒ Overseeing and guiding the development of climate transition plans

☒ Monitoring compliance with company-wide policies and commitments

☒ Approval of company-wide policies and commitments

(4.1.2.7) Description.

We recognize that the initiatives for climate change, water resources, and biodiversity, which are included in sustainability, are important issues. The Olympus Group is working to strengthen its ESG initiatives, including the establishment of a new ESG officer in April 2021 and the creation of a system for setting KPIs in the medium- to long-term business plan. The ESG officer comprehensively promotes ESG initiatives, monitors progress, and reports. In the fiscal year ending March 2024, we have established an ESG Committee to promote the execution and monitoring of ESG strategies, and under this committee, we have set up theme-specific working groups for each theme that requires cross-fertilization. groups for each theme that requires cross-functional efforts to promote the implementation of strategies. For each theme, we have an ESG governance system (incorporated into compensation), an ESG strategy (materiality and targets), and an EHS policy for environmental issues. These cover a wide range of activities related to climate change, resource recycling, water, biodiversity, and chemical substances, as well as reducing the environmental impact of our own operations and requesting suppliers to meet our green procurement standards, throughout the entire lifecycle. In addition, the content of the report is implemented under an appropriate governance structure, with instructions and advice from the Group Management Executive Committee and the Board of Directors, and ESG strategies are implemented appropriately.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(4.1.2.1) Individual positions or committees accountable for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

☒ chairman of board of directors

☒ board member

☒ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

☒ Board-level committees

(4.1.2.2) The accountability of each position to this environmental agenda is set forth in a policy covering the Board of Directors

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.1.2.3) Policies that define the position's accountability for this environmental challenge.

Select all that apply

- ☒ Job descriptions for individual directors

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is scheduled on the agenda

Selection: 1

- ☒ Agenda scheduled for some board meetings - at least once a year

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms that incorporate this environmental challenge

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oversight of corporate goal setting | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring the implementation of the Climate Transition Plan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oversight and guidance in developing business strategies | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval and oversight of employee incentives |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring of business strategy execution assessment process | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deliberating and guiding the dependency, impact, risk, and opportunity |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Overseeing and guiding the development of climate transition plans | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring compliance with company-wide policies and commitments |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval of company-wide policies and commitments | |

(4.1.2.7) Description.

We recognize that the initiatives for climate change, water resources, and biodiversity, which are included in sustainability, are important issues. The Olympus Group is working to strengthen its ESG initiatives, including the establishment of a new ESG officer in April 2021 and the creation of a system for setting KPIs in the medium-to long-term business plan. The ESG officer comprehensively promotes ESG initiatives, monitors progress, and reports. In the fiscal year ending March 2024, we have established an ESG Committee to promote the execution and monitoring of ESG strategies, and under this committee, we have set up theme-specific working groups for each theme that requires cross-fertilization. groups for each theme that requires cross-functional efforts to promote the implementation of strategies. For each theme, we have an ESG governance For each theme, we have an ESG governance system (incorporated into compensation), an ESG strategy (materiality and targets), and an EHS policy for environmental issues. These cover a wide range of activities related to climate change, resource recycling, water, biodiversity, and chemical substances, as well as reducing the environmental impact of our own operations and requesting suppliers to meet our green procurement standards, throughout the entire lifecycle. In addition, the content of the report is implemented under an appropriate governance structure, with instructions and advice from the Group Management In addition, the content of the report is implemented under an appropriate governance structure, with instructions and advice from the Group Management Executive Committee and the Board of Directors, and ESG strategies are implemented appropriately.

biodiversity

(4.1.2.1) Individual positions or committees accountable for this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ☒ chairman of board of directors
- ☒ board member
- ☒ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
- ☒ Board-level committees

(4.1.2.2) The accountability of each position for this environmental challenge is set forth in a policy covering the Board of Directors

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, sir.

(4.1.2.3) Policies that define the position's accountability for this environmental challenge.

Select all that apply

- ☒ Job descriptions for individual directors

(4.1.2.4) Frequency with which this environmental issue is scheduled on the agenda

Selection: 1

- ☒ Agenda scheduled for some board meetings - at least once a year

(4.1.2.5) Governance mechanisms that incorporate this environmental challenge

Select all that apply

- | | |
|--|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oversight of corporate goal setting | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring the implementation of the Climate Transition Plan |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Oversight and guidance in developing business strategies | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval and oversight of employee incentives |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring of business strategy execution assessment process | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deliberating and guiding the dependency, impact, risk, and opportunity |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Overseeing and guiding the development of climate transition plans | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Monitoring compliance with company-wide policies and commitments |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Approval of company-wide policies and commitments | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other, please specify : Biodiversity initiatives are also being considered for |

inclusion in the climate change framework.

(4.1.2.7) Description.

We recognize that the initiatives for climate change, water resources, and biodiversity, which are included in sustainability, are important issues. The Olympus Group is working to strengthen its ESG initiatives, including the establishment of a new ESG officer in April 2021 and the creation of a system for setting KPIs in the medium- to long-term business plan. The ESG officer comprehensively promotes ESG initiatives, monitors progress, and reports. In the fiscal year ending March 2024, we have established an ESG Committee to promote the execution and monitoring of ESG strategies, and under this committee, we have set up theme-specific working groups for each theme that requires cross-fertilization. groups for each theme that requires cross-functional efforts to promote the implementation of strategies. For each theme, we have an ESG governance system (incorporated into compensation), an ESG strategy (materiality and targets), and an EHS policy for environmental issues. These cover a wide range of activities related to climate change, resource recycling, water, biodiversity, and chemical substances, as well as reducing the environmental impact of our own operations and requesting suppliers to meet our green procurement standards, throughout the entire lifecycle. In addition, the content of the report is implemented under an appropriate governance structure, with instructions and advice from the Group Management Executive Committee and the Board of Directors, and ESG strategies are implemented appropriately.
[Fixed line]

(4.2) Does your organization's board of directors have the capacity to address environmental issues?

climate change

(4.2.1) Board-level capacity for this environmental challenge

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to ensure that the Board of Directors maintains competence on environmental issues.

Select all that apply

- ☒ We regularly seek advice from a permanent working group of in-house experts.
- ☒ Regular engagement with stakeholders and experts outside the organization on environmental issues.
- ☒ Knowledge of environmental issues is integrated into the process of nominating directors.
- ☒ Regular training for directors on environmental issues and industry best practices and standards (TCFD, SBTi, etc.)
- ☒ There is at least one board member with expertise in this environmental issue.

(4.2.3) Board members' environmental expertise.

Experience

- ☒ Executive level experience in roles focused on environmental issues
- ☒ Active member of an environmental committee or organization

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(4.2.1) Board-level capacity for this environmental challenge

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, sir.

(4.2.2) Mechanisms to ensure that the Board of Directors maintains competence on environmental issues.

Select all that apply

- ☒ We regularly seek advice from a permanent working group of in-house experts.
- ☒ Regular engagement with stakeholders and experts outside the organization on environmental issues.
- ☒ Knowledge of environmental issues is integrated into the process of nominating directors.
- ☒ Regular training for directors on environmental issues and industry best practices and standards (TCFD, SBTi, etc.)
- ☒ There is at least one board member with expertise in this environmental issue.

(4.2.3) Board members' environmental expertise.

Experience

- ☒ Executive level experience in roles focused on environmental issues
- ☒ Active member of an environmental committee or organization

[Fixed line]

(4.3) Is your organization responsible for environmental issues at the management level?

	Management-level responsibility for this environmental challenge
climate change	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
biodiversity	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(4.3.1) Please list the highest level management position or committee responsible for environmental issues (do not include names of individuals).

climate change

(4.3.1.1) Responsible individual positions/committees

Executive Level

☒ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environment-related responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, Impacts, Risks and Opportunities

☒ Assessment of environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

☒ Manage environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

Engagement

- ☑ Managing Value Chain Engagement Related to Environmental Issues

Policies, Commitments and Objectives

- ☑ Monitoring compliance with company-wide environmental policies and/or commitments
- ☑ Measuring progress toward company-wide environmental goals
- ☑ Measuring progress toward environment-related science-based goals
- ☑ Develop a company-wide environmental policy and/or commitment
- ☑ Establishment of company-wide environmental targets

Strategic and Financial Planning

- ☑ Climate transition planning
- ☑ Climate Transition Plan Implementation
- ☑ Conduct environment-related scenario analysis
- ☑ Develop business strategies that take environmental issues into account
- ☑ Implement business strategies related to environmental issues
- ☑ Manage environment-related disclosure, audit, and verification processes

(4.3.1.4) Reporting system (reporting line)

Selection: 1

- ☑ Reporting directly to the Board of Directors

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the Board of Directors on environmental issues.

Selection: 1

- ☑ Once every six months

(4.3.1.6) Description.

At the Olympus Group, the CEO serves as the Chief Environmental Officer, and the CHRO (Chief Human Resources Officer), who oversees human resources and general affairs functions, serves as the Chief Environmental Officer for the entire Group. Under the CHRO, we have established a department to promote EHS (Environment, Health and Safety) and are promoting environmental activities throughout the Group. Under the CHRO, we have established a department to promote EHS (Environment, Health and Safety) and are promoting environmental activities throughout the Group. After assessing and identifying the environmental risks and opportunities associated with the environmental dependence and impact of our business, we have formulated environmental targets for priority areas and are

implementing activities. We have also established a system for planning and implementing transition plans to achieve We have also established a system for planning and implementing transition plans to achieve environmental targets, as well as for regularly reviewing progress and making improvements, and are promoting activities. As an activity that demonstrates these mechanisms, we have set the realization of a decarbonized society and a recycling-oriented society as one of the materialities in the As an activity that demonstrates these mechanisms, we have set the realization of a decarbonized society and a recycling-oriented society as one of the materialities in the ESG strategy announced in 2023, and we have set ambitious targets of achieving net zero for Scope 1, 2, and 3 by FY2040 2031, and has set an ambitious target of The company is also promoting product stewardship, and is committed to reducing GHG emissions by 70% compared to the base year (FY20). The progress of environmental activities is reported to the CHRO by the EHS department on a quarterly basis, and reported to the ESG The content of the report to the ESG Committee is reported to the Group Management Executive Committee, which is chaired by the EHS department on a quarterly basis, and reported to the ESG Committee twice a year. The content of the instructions and advice received from the Management Executive Committee and the ESG Committee is reported to the Group Management Executive Committee, which is chaired by the CEO, and is also reported to the Board of Directors on a regular basis. The content of the instructions and advice received from the Management Executive Committee and the Board of Directors is led by the EHS department under the direction of the CEO and CHER to promote improvements.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(4.3.1.1) Responsible individual positions/committees

Executive Level

- ☒ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environment-related responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, Impacts, Risks and Opportunities

- ☒ Assessment of environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities
- ☒ Manage environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

Engagement

- ☒ Managing Value Chain Engagement Related to Environmental Issues

Policies, Commitments and Objectives

- ☒ Monitoring compliance with company-wide environmental policies and/or commitments
- ☒ Measuring progress toward company-wide environmental goals
- ☒ Measuring progress toward environment-related science-based goals
- ☒ Develop a company-wide environmental policy and/or commitment

- ☒ Establishment of company-wide environmental targets

Strategic and financial planning

- ☒ Conduct environment-related scenario analysis
- ☒ Climate Transition Planning
- ☒ Climate Transition Plan Implementation
- ☒ Implement business strategies related to environmental issues
- ☒ Manage environmental disclosure, audit, and verification processes

(4.3.1.4) Reporting system (reporting line)

Selection: 1

- ☒ Reporting directly to the Board of Directors

(4.3.1.5) Frequency of reporting to the Board of Directors on environmental issues.

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biodiversity

(4.3.1.1) Responsible individual positions/committees

Executive Level

- ☑ Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

(4.3.1.2) Environment-related responsibilities of this position

Dependencies, Impacts, Risks and Opportunities

- ☑ Assessment of environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities
- ☑ Manage environmental dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities

Engagement

- ☑ Managing Value Chain Engagement Related to Environmental Issues

Policies, Commitments and Objectives

- ☑ Monitoring compliance with company-wide environmental policies and/or commitments
- ☑ Measuring progress toward company-wide environmental goals
- ☑ Measuring progress toward environment-related science-based goals
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Strategic and financial planning

- ☑ Conduct environment-related scenario analysis
- ☑ Climate Transition Planning
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- ☑ Implement business strategies related to environmental issues
- ☑ Manage environmental disclosure, audit, and verification processes

(4.3.1.4) Reporting system (reporting line)

Selection: 1

☒ Reporting directly to the Board of Directors

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[ADD ROW]

(4.5) Do you offer financial incentives for managing environmental issues, including meeting targets?

climate change

(4.5.1) Provide financial incentives related to this environmental challenge

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.5.2) Percentage of total executive- and board-level financial incentives associated with managing this environmental challenge (%)

20

(4.5.3) Description.

From 2021, 20% of the compensation of executive officers will be linked to the results of ESG evaluations based on external benchmarks. Olympus has adopted the Dow Jones Sustainability Index (DJSI), which is considered to be more reliable and has wider coverage than other external ESG standards, as its benchmark. There are 10 executive officers: Chairman, President, Chief Endoscopy Business Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Strategy Officer, Chief Manufacturing & Supply Officer, and Chief Financial Officer. Chief Strategy Officer, Chief Manufacturing & Supply Officer, Chief Therapeutic Device Business Officer, Chief Technology Officer, Chief Human Resources & Administration Officer, Chief Quality & Regulatory Officer, Chief Quality Assurance Officer, Chief Quality Assurance Officer and Chief Quality Assurance Officer. Administration Officer, Chief Quality & Regulatory Officer This incentive is expected to accelerate decision-making and initiatives related to climate change issues, and will contribute to the development of a new business model for the company. This incentive is expected to accelerate decision-making and initiatives related to climate change issues, and will contribute to activities aimed at achieving the above goals.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(4.5.1) Provide financial incentives related to this environmental challenge

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.5.2) Percentage of total executive- and board-level financial incentives associated with managing this environmental challenge (%)

20

(4.5.3) Description.

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[Fixed line]

(4.5.1) Please specify (but do not include the names of individuals) any financial incentives offered for managing environmental issues.

climate change

(4.5.1.1) Positions eligible for financial incentives

Board of Directors or Executive Level

☒ Board of Directors/Executive Board

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

☒ stock (company)

(4.5.1.3) Performance Indicators

Targets

☒ Progress toward achieving environmental targets

☒ Achievement of Environmental Targets

☒ Reduction of total emissions in accordance with net-zero targets

emissions reduction

- ☒ Expanding the share of renewable energy in total energy consumption
- ☒ aggregate amount reduction

Resource Use and Efficiency

- ☒ Energy Efficiency

Engagement.

- ☒ Other indicators related to engagement. Please answer specifically. :DJSI Index

(4.5.1.4) The incentive plan to which such incentive is tied

Selection: 1

- ☒ Long-term incentive plans or equivalent only (e.g., multi-year bonuses by contract)

(4.5.1.5) Additional information on incentives

At the Olympus Group, 20% of the compensation for executive officers is linked to the results of ESG evaluations based on external benchmarks. compensation in question is performance-linked stock compensation (PSU), and the external benchmark is the Dow Jones Sustainability Index (DJSI), which is considered to be more reliable and covers a wider range of ESG criteria than other benchmarks. The following 10 executive officers are eligible for the plan. Representative Executive Officer, President, Chief Endoscope Business Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Corporate Strategy Officer Chief Manufacturing & Supply Officer, Chief Therapeutic Device Business Officer, Chief Technology Officer, Chief Human Resources & General Affairs Officer, Chief Quality & Regulatory Affairs Officer Details of the incentive plan are disclosed annually in the Corporate Governance Report on our website. <https://www.olympus.co.jp/company/governance/?pagecompany>

(4.5.1.6) In what ways do the incentives for this position contribute to the achievement of your organization's environment-related commitments and/or climate-related transition plans?

By incorporating ESG-related indicators into the incentive system for executive officers, the integration of ESG into business activities will In addition, the commitment to and achievement of targets for environmental issues such as climate change, water resources, water resources, and environmental management will be promoted through the development of policies from the top of the business and functional divisions. In addition, the commitment to and achievement of targets for environmental issues such as climate change, water resources, plastic use and biodiversity, which are part of the business and functional divisions. In addition, the commitment to and achievement of targets for environmental issues such as climate change, water resources, plastic use and biodiversity, which are part of ESG, are made subject to incentives, and this helps to ensure that financial and human resources are allocated to promote business and functional activities. For example, in terms of climate change response, the commitment to the For example, in terms of climate change response, the commitment to the target of "net zero for Scope 1, 2, and 3 by 2040" has led to the acceleration of activities aimed at achieving the target, such as For example, in terms of climate change response, the commitment to the target of "net zero for Scope 1, 2, and 3 by 2040" has led to the acceleration of activities aimed at achieving the target, such as the accelerated introduction of renewable energy at

business sites, which has now reached a rate of 78%, and the accelerated efforts to request GHG reductions. and the accelerated efforts to request GHG reductions from suppliers.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(4.5.1.1) Positions eligible for financial incentives

Board of Directors or Executive Level

☒ Board of Directors/Executive Board

(4.5.1.2) Incentives

Select all that apply

☒ stock (company)

(4.5.1.3) Performance Indicators

Targets

☒ Progress toward achieving environmental targets

☒ Achievement of Environmental Targets

☒ Reduction of total emissions in accordance with net-zero targets

emissions reduction

☒ Expanding the share of renewable energy in total energy consumption

☒ aggregate amount reduction

Resource Use and Efficiency

☒ Energy Efficiency

Engagement.

☒ Other indicators related to engagement. Please answer specifically. :DJSI Index

(4.5.1.4) The incentive plan to which such incentive is tied

Selection: 1

☒ Long-term incentive plans or equivalent only (e.g., multi-year bonuses by contract)

(4.5.1.5) Additional information on incentives

At the Olympus Group, 20% of the compensation for executive officers is linked to the results of ESG evaluations based on external benchmarks. compensation in question is performance-linked stock compensation (PSU), and the external benchmark is the Dow Jones Sustainability Index (DJSI), which is considered to be more reliable and covers a wider range of ESG criteria than other benchmarks. The following 10 executive officers are eligible for the plan. Representative Executive Officer, President, Chief Endoscope Business Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Corporate Strategy Officer Chief Manufacturing & Supply Officer, Chief Therapeutic Device Business Officer, Chief Technology Officer, Chief Human Resources & General Affairs Officer, Chief Quality & Regulatory Details of the incentive plan are disclosed annually in the Corporate Governance Report on our website. Details of the incentive plan are disclosed annually in the Corporate Governance Report on our website.

(4.5.1.6) In what ways do the incentives for this position contribute to the achievement of your organization's environment-related commitments and/or climate-related transition plans?

By incorporating ESG-related indicators into the incentive system for executive officers, the integration of ESG into business activities will In addition, the commitment to and achievement of targets for environmental issues such as climate change, water resources, water resources, and environmental management will be promoted through the development of policies from the top of the business and functional divisions. In addition, the commitment to and achievement of targets for environmental issues such as climate change, water resources, plastic use and biodiversity, which are part of the business and functional divisions. In addition, the commitment to and achievement of targets for environmental issues such as climate change, water resources, plastic use and biodiversity, which are part of ESG, are subject to incentives, and this helps to ensure that financial and human resources are allocated to promote business and functional activities, and For example, in terms of water usage, the FY24/13 targets for environmental issues such as climate change as well as water resources, plastic use and biodiversity, which are part of ESG, are subject to incentives, and this helps to ensure that financial and human resources are allocated to promote business and functional activities, and contributes to increasing the probability of achieving environmental targets. For example, in terms of water usage, the FY24 results show that water usage efficiency improved by 2.8% compared to FY23 (the target was to improve water usage efficiency to below the FY23 level), and this helps to ensure that financial and human resources are allocated to promote business and functional activities, and contributes to increasing the probability of achieving environmental targets. For example, in terms of water usage, the FY24 results show that water usage efficiency improved by 2.8% compared to FY23 (the target was to improve water usage efficiency below the FY23 level), which has led to the revitalization of activities aimed at achieving the target.
[ADD ROW]

(4.6) Does your organization have an environmental policy that addresses environmental issues?

	Does your organization have an environmental policy?
	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(4.6.1) Please provide details of your organization's environmental policy.

Row 1

(4.6.1.1) Target environmental issues

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change
- ☒ water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)
- ☒ biodiversity

(4.6.1.2) Level of coverage

Selection: 1

- ☒ entire organization

(4.6.1.3) Stages in the value chain to be covered

Select all that apply

- ☒ direct operation
- ☒ Upstream of the value chain
- ☒ Downstream of the value chain

(4.6.1.4) Describe the scope of coverage.

The Environmental Policy applies not only to employees and contractors working at our sites, but also to our business partners involved in the manufacture of components for our products, the provision of business services, the transportation and delivery of products, and the management of waste. The Environmental Policy applies not only to employees and contractors working at our sites, but also to our business partners involved in the manufacture of components for our products, the provision of business services, the transportation and delivery of products, and the management of waste. Production operations and business facilities -Products and services -Logistics and logistics -Waste management Suppliers, service providers, contractors and other key business partners (non-managed operations, joint venture partners, licensees, outsourcing partners, etc.) -Environmental Health and Safety Policy, <https://www.olympus-global.com/csr/effort/activity/principle>. Explanation of the Environmental Health and Safety Policy, <https://www.olympus-global.com/csr/effort/activity/pdf/OGR-12-001-00-Enviro> nmentalHealthSafetyPolicy-Ver7_explanation.pdf (Pages: all) -Olympus Global Code of Conduct, <https://www.olympus-global.com/company/philosophy/code.html> - Supply Chain Policy, <https://www.olympus-global.com/csr/social/procurement/policy.html> -Business Risk, <https://www.olympus-global.com/ir/policy/risk.html?pageir> (Pages: all)

(4.6.1.5) Contents of Environmental Policy

Environmental Commitments

- ☑ Commitment to a strategy towards a circular economy
- ☑ Commitment to compliance with regulations and mandatory standards
- ☑ Commitment to taking environment-related measures beyond regulatory compliance
- ☑ Commitment to engage in comprehensive multi-stakeholder landscape (including river basins) initiatives to advance shared sustainability goals

Climate-specific commitments

- ☑ Commitment to 100% renewable energy
- ☑ Commitment to Net Zero Emissions

Water-Specific Commitments

- ☑ Commitment to Reduce Water Consumption
- ☑ Commitment to water stewardship and/or concerted action

Social Commitment

- ☑ Adoption of the UN International Labor Organization Principles
- ☑ Commitment to promoting gender equality and women's empowerment
- ☑ Commitment to respect for internationally recognized human rights

Additional References/Details

- ☒ Details of environment-related requirements for procurement
- ☒ Details of membership and financial support for organizations that seek to influence policy
- ☒ Mention of environment-related milestones and goals with set deadlines

(4.6.1.6) Describe whether your organization's environmental policy is consistent with global environmental treaties or policy objectives.

Select all that apply

- ☒ Yes, consistent with the Paris Agreement.

(4.6.1.7) Public availability

Selection: 1

- ☒ Published.

(4.6.1.8) Please attach the policy.

4.6.1] Environmental Health and Safety Policy.pdf
[ADD ROW]

(4.10) Is your organization a signatory or member of any collaborative environmental framework or initiative?

(4.10.1) Is your organization a signatory or member of any environment-related collaborative framework or initiative?

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, sir.

(4.10.2) Collaborative framework or initiative

Select all that apply

- ☒ Science-Based Targeting Initiative (SBTi)
- ☒ Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD)

☒ UN Global Compact

☒ Other, please specify :Healthcare Plastic Recycling Council

(4.10.3) Please indicate your organization's role in each framework or initiative.

Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures: In April 2021, Olympus announced its support for the final recommendations published by the TCFD Olympus's efforts to reduce its environmental impact and ensure highly transparent communication regarding its initiatives fall under the Environmental, Health and Safety Policy. We actively disseminate information on our environmental activities both internally and externally. This includes identifying and disclosing the impact of our business activities on the environment. Olympus is working to promote mutual understanding with stakeholders regarding the importance of ESG materiality. Olympus recognizes that climate change is an important issue that affects business Olympus recognizes that climate change is an important issue that affects business operations, and is promoting activities to address environmental risks, such as contributing to carbon taxes and complying with related laws and regulations. Olympus will continue to engage in dialogue with stakeholders and actively disclose information based on the TCFD recommendations. United Nations Global Compact: In October 2004, Olympus joined the United Nations Global Compact and agreed to support its 10 principles. Compact is a voluntary initiative to create a global framework in which companies can contribute to good corporate citizenship and sustainable growth. The 10 principles of the Global Compact are incorporated into the Olympus Global Code of Conduct and Olympus has signed the Global Compact's Caring for Climate initiative to support efforts to address climate change. Olympus has also expressed its support for the Tokyo Principles for the Enhancement of Anti-Corruption Efforts of the Olympus has also expressed its support for the Tokyo Principles for the Enhancement of Anti-Corruption Efforts of the Global Compact Network Japan and participates in the activities of the thematic subcommittees. This target is for the entire supply chain greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1, 2). emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3) across the entire supply chain by 2040, and was certified as being consistent with the HPRC (Healthcare Plastic Recycling Council) Olympus joined the Healthcare The Healthcare Plastic Recycling Council is a joint industry initiative that brings together members of the value chain (healthcare). The Healthcare Plastic Recycling Council is a joint industry initiative that brings together members of the value chain (healthcare professionals, manufacturers, recyclers, etc.) to promote the recycling of healthcare plastics.*

[Fixed line]

(4.11) During the reporting year, did your organization undertake any activities that may directly or indirectly affect policies, laws, or regulations that may affect the environment (positively or negatively)?

(4.11.1) Engagement activities with external parties that may directly or indirectly influence policies, laws, or regulations that may affect the environment

Select all that apply

☒ Yes, the organization engages indirectly through trade associations or intermediary organizations whose activities may influence policy, law or regulation and/or by providing funding or in-kind support to such organizations.

(4.11.2) Please indicate whether your organization has a publicly available commitment or position statement that its engagement activities are consistent with global environmental treaties or policy objectives.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we have public commitments and position statements in line with global environmental treaties and policy objectives

(4.11.3) Global environmental conventions and policy goals consistent with public commitments and position statements.

Select all that apply

☒ Paris Agreement (1985)

(4.11.4) Attach a commitment or position statement.

[4.11] JEITA.pdf

(4.11.5) Please indicate whether your organization is on the Transparency Register.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.11.6) Type of transparency registry your organization is registered in

Select all that apply

☒ Transparency registry not by the government

(4.11.7) Please disclose the transparency registry in which your organization is registered and your organization's ID number in that registry.

(4.11.8) Describe the processes your organization has in place to ensure that external engagement activities are consistent with your organization's environmental commitments and/or transition plans.

We believe that environmental issues cannot be solved by individual companies alone, and that it is essential to work in cooperation and collaboration with society. As the Olympus Group, we are working on issues that we have identified as important, with the belief that it is beneficial to participate in Specifically, we have identified climate change and resource recycling as important environmental issues, and we are working on issues that we have identified as important, with the belief that it is beneficial to participate in society and the industry. Specifically, we have identified climate change and resource recycling as important environmental issues, and we have made a commitment to climate change information disclosure through our participation in the We are also working to set targets that are consistent with SBTs,

and we are continuing our activities through the Japan Electronics and Information In addition, with regard to resource recycling, we recognize that plastic measures are a commitment to climate change information disclosure through our participation in the TCFD. In addition, with regard to resource recycling, we recognize that plastic measures are one of the important issues, and we have also joined the Healthcare Plastic Recycling Council (HPRC) in the United States. (We review these industry activities every year, and we We review these industry activities every year, and we evaluate the degree of alignment between our company's issues and the objectives of industry activities, and we are considering further strengthening We review these industry activities every year, and we evaluate the degree of alignment between our company's issues and the objectives of industry activities, and we are considering further strengthening our participation.
[Fixed line]

(4.11.2) Please provide details of your organization's indirect engagement during the reporting year, through trade associations or other intermediary groups/individuals, on policies, laws, or regulations that could affect the environment (in a positive or negative way).

Row 1

(4.11.2.1) Types of Indirect Engagement

Selection: 1

☒ Indirect engagement through industry associations

(4.11.2.4) Trade Associations

Asia Pacific

☒ Other industry associations in Asia Pacific. Please answer specifically. Japan Electronics and Information Technology Association

(4.11.2.5) Environmental issues related to policies, laws, or regulations on which the organization or individual stands in a given line of thinking.

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

(4.11.2.6) Please indicate whether your organization's approach is consistent with that of the organization or individual with whom your organization engages.

Selection: 1

☒ Consistency.

(4.11.2.7) Please indicate whether your organization has attempted to influence the thinking of the organization or individual concerned during the reporting year.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we publicly endorse the current positions of industry associations

(4.11.2.8) Please describe in what ways your organization's thinking is consistent or different from that of the organization or individual concerned, and whether you have taken action to influence the thinking of the organization or individual concerned.

The Olympus Group is strongly aware of the urgent social issues of environmental pollution and climate change and other impacts on ecosystems caused by In conjunction with the formulation of a new management strategy, the Olympus Group has identified six key areas for action, and one of these is the "contribution to the realization of a decarbonized, recycling- environment. In conjunction with the formulation of a new management strategy, the Olympus Group has identified six key areas for action, and one of these is the "contribution to the realization of a decarbonized, recycling-oriented society in cooperation One of the KPIs is an "environmental management strategy". One of the KPIs is an ambitious target to achieve virtually zero Scope 1, 2, and 3 greenhouse gas emissions by the fiscal year ending March 2040, and this target has been certified by the SBT. However, we believe that it is important to promote environmental initiatives in collaboration and cooperation with society, across the supply chain, to achieve virtually zero Scope 1, 2, and 3 greenhouse gas emissions by the fiscal year ending March 2040, and this target has been certified by the SBTi. JEITA, of which our company is a member, is a major industry organization in the information technology industry. Through cooperation within the industry, it is possible to share technology and know-how and promote large-scale Through cooperation within the industry, it is possible to share technology and know-how and promote large-scale initiatives and policy proposals that would be difficult for individual companies to achieve. In addition, in 2021, it announced a carbon neutral action plan based on the Paris Agreement, and has recently been actively working on energy efficiency legislation. In addition, in 2021, it announced a carbon neutral action plan based on the Paris Agreement, and we believe that it will be able to promote decarbonization across the industry. We believe that this is in line with our company's "contribution to the realization of a decarbonized and recycling-oriented society in cooperation with society ". As a global medtech company and a leader in the industry, the Olympus Group believes that it is necessary to raise the overall level of the industry.

(4.11.2.9) Amount of funds provided by your organization to this organization or individual during the reporting year.

1517

(4.11.2.10) Describe the purpose of this funding and how it may affect policies, laws, or regulations that may affect the environment.

Purpose: To increase momentum, policies that will have an impact, etc.: Related policies and laws, what kind of impact: Not stated JEITA is an industry Not stated

JEITA is an industry group made up of companies in the electronic equipment manufacturing industry, and many of the companies in the group are in the business of reducing GHG. In order to achieve our Net zero by 2040 goal, it is essential to further promote the use of energy-saving products throughout society and expand the use of renewable energy as social infrastructure, and through our participation in this industry group, we aim to make the achievement. We believe that through lobbying and other activities via industry groups, it is possible to influence policies and regulations. We believe that through lobbying and other activities via industry groups, it is possible to influence policies and regulations related to the expansion of renewable energy infrastructure and the spread of energy-saving products related to climate change countermeasures. For example, we believe that we can have an impact on the national energy policy by making recommendations for improving the low supply and high prices of renewable energy in Japan, which is a problem that JEITA member companies are struggling with, and by revising laws that revise the energy-saving products related to climate change countermeasures. For example, we believe that we can have an impact on the national energy policy by making recommendations for improving the low supply and high prices of renewable energy in Japan, which is a problem that JEITA member companies are struggling with.

(4.11.2.11) Please indicate whether your organization's engagement is assessed for alignment with global environmental treaties or policy goals.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, I have evaluated it. Consistent.

(4.11.2.12) Global environmental conventions or policy goals that are consistent with the organization's policy, policy, legal, and regulatory initiatives

Select all that apply

☒ Paris Agreement (1985)

[ADD ROW]

(4.12) During the reporting year, other than responses to the CDP, has your organization disclosed information regarding its response to environmental challenges?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(4.12.1) Please provide details regarding information on your organization's response to environmental issues during the reporting year, other than responses to the CDP. Please attach such documentation.

Row 1

(4.12.1.1) Publications

Selection: 1

- ☒ In mainstream reports, consistent with environmental disclosure standards and frameworks

(4.12.1.2) Criteria or framework with which the report is aligned.

Select all that apply

- ☒ GRI
- ☒ IFRS
- ☒ TCFD

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in the document

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change

(4.12.1.4) Creation Status

Selection: 1

- ☒ completion

(4.12.1.5) Contents

Select all that apply

- ☒ Strategy
- ☒ Emission figures
- ☒ Emissions Targets
- ☒ Environmental Policy
- ☒ Risks and Opportunities
- ☒ Engagement along the value chain

(4.12.1.6) Page/Chapter

P22 2. Approaches and Initiatives for Sustainability

(4.12.1.7) Attach relevant documentation.

[4.12] annual_fy2024_en.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

Row 2

(4.12.1.1) Publications

Selection: 1

☒ In our voluntarily published Sustainability Report

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in the document

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

☒ water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

☒ biodiversity

(4.12.1.4) Creation Status

Selection: 1

☒ completion

(4.12.1.5) Contents

Select all that apply

☒ Strategy

☒ Engagement along the value chain

- ☒ Emission figures
- ☒ Emissions Targets
- ☒ Environmental Policy
- ☒ Risks and Opportunities

(4.12.1.6) Page/Chapter

(4.12.1.7) Attach relevant documentation.

[4.12] Sus-rep.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

Row 3

(4.12.1.1) Publications

Selection: 1

- ☒ In our voluntarily published Sustainability Report

(4.12.1.3) Environmental issues covered in the document

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change
- ☒ water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)
- ☒ biodiversity

(4.12.1.4) Creation Status

Selection: 1

☒ In preparation - previous year attached

(4.12.1.5) Contents

Select all that apply

☒ Strategy

☒ Engagement along the value chain

☒ Emission figures

☒ Emissions Targets

☒ Environmental Policy

☒ Risks and Opportunities

(4.12.1.6) Page/Chapter

P78-P80 Integrated Report 2023

(4.12.1.7) Attach relevant documentation.

[4.12] integrated_report_2023e_A4.pdf

(4.12.1.8) Comment

[ADD ROW]

C5. business strategy

(5.1) Does your organization use scenario analysis to identify environment-related outcomes?

climate change

(5.1.1) Use of Scenario Analysis

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(5.1.2) Frequency of analysis

Selection: 1

☒ Multiple times a year

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.1.1) Use of Scenario Analysis

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(5.1.2) Frequency of analysis

Selection: 1

☒ Multiple times a year

[Fixed line]

(5.1.1) Please provide details of the scenarios used in your organization's scenario analysis.

climate change

(5.1.1.1) Scenarios used

Climate Transition Scenarios

☒ IEA NZE 2050

(5.1.1.3) Approach to Scenarios

Selection: 1

☒ Qualitative and quantitative

(5.1.1.4) Scope of Scenario

Selection: 1

☒ Entire organization

(5.1.1.5) Types of risks considered in the scenario

Select all that apply

☒ policy

☒ market risk

☒ Reputation Risk

☒ technology risk

☒ Legal Liability Risk

(5.1.1.6) Scenario temperature alignment

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1.5°C

(5.1.1.7) Base year

2020

(5.1.1.8) Target time frame

Select all that apply

- ☒ Year 2030
- ☒ Year 2040
- ☒ Year 2050

(5.1.1.9) Driving Forces in Scenarios

Interaction, dependence, and impact of local ecological assets

- ☒ Changes in the state of nature
- ☒ Climate change (one of the five agents of natural change)

Finance and Insurance

- ☒ Cost of Capital

Stakeholder and customer demands

- ☒ Consumer sentiment
- ☒ Consumer interest in impact

Regulatory agencies, legal and political regimes

- ☒ Global Regulation
- ☒ Methodology of science-based goals and expectations for science-based goals

(5.1.1.10) Assumptions, uncertainties and constraints in the scenario

Based on the IEA's Net Zero Scenario, the Olympus Group has independently assessed the impact of social change on the Olympus Group, and analyzed the impact and time axis, from the perspectives of "policy and legislation", "technological change", "market change", "reputation", and opportunities such as "resource efficiency", "energy sources", "products", "markets", and "resilience". The assumptions are that regulations, policies and technological innovation will progress in order to limit the rise in average temperature to 1.5C by 2050. However, there is a possibility that there will be significant fluctuations due to multiple factors such as economic, policy and legal trends, business changes, technological innovation, etc. However, there is a possibility that there will be significant fluctuations due to multiple factors such as economic, policy and legal trends, business changes, technological innovation, etc. These scenarios take into account these uncertainties and constraints. Assumptions: It is assumed that policies and regulations have been introduced to limit the rise in average temperatures to 1.5 or less by 2050, and that technological innovation will continue to progress. Carbon pricing: CO2 trading is being implemented throughout the economy through taxation and emissions

trading systems Policies and regulations: Various policy targets (e.g. national carbon emissions targets, product components) and mandates are resulting in Policies and regulations: Various policy targets (e.g. national carbon emissions targets, product components) and mandates are resulting in regulations for our products · Technological development: The infrastructure for renewable energy is rapidly increasing, and there is progress in the Uncertainty] · There is a possibility that customer preferences will change rapidly, but at the moment we think that they will change gradually. There is a possibility that innovative technologies related to renewable energy will be created, but we think that they will be There is a possibility that innovative technologies related to renewable energy will be created, but we think that they will be improvements in the efficiency of current technologies. The scenario does not include the stagnation of global-level economic activity due to geopolitical issues, large-scale natural disasters, etc. [Constraints] · It was thought that there would be constraints on the introduction of It was thought that there would be limited access to subsidies and other support for the introduction of innovative renewable energy technology and carbon capture technology in terms of cost and efficiency. It was thought that there would be limited access to subsidies and other support for technology development related to renewable energy and energy conservation.

(5.1.1.11) Rationale for Scenario Selection

The Olympus Group is strongly aware that the environmental pollution and climate change caused by human activities that affect the environment, as well as other impacts on ecosystems, are pressing social issues, and has set "contributing to the realization of a decarbonized and recycling-oriented society. The Olympus Group is strongly aware that the environmental pollution and climate change caused by human activities that affect the environment, as well as other impacts on ecosystems, are pressing social issues, and has set "contributing to the realization of a decarbonized and recycling-oriented society in cooperation with society" as one of its key issues, with the goal of achieving scope 1,2,3 This target has also been certified by the SBTi and the SBTi, and has been in the process of being certified by the SBTi and the SBTi. We have selected the IEA's Net Zero Scenario for the target set by the Olympus Group because we believe that it is the closest to the We have selected the IEA's Net Zero Scenario for the target set by the Olympus Group because we believe that it is the closest to our target world view, with a plan of action for achieving net zero by 2050, including policy trends (CO2 price) and energy consumption, compared to other scenarios. and energy consumption, compared to other scenarios.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.1.1.1) Scenarios used

Water Scenarios

☒ WRI Aqueduct

(5.1.1.3) Approach to Scenarios

Selection: 1

☒ qualitative

(5.1.1.4) Scope of Scenario

Selection: 1

☒ Entire organization

(5.1.1.5) Types of risks considered in the scenario

Select all that apply

☒ Acute physical risk

☒ Chronic physical risk

(5.1.1.7) Base year

2020

(5.1.1.8) Target time frame

Select all that apply

☒ Year 2030

(5.1.1.9) Driving Forces in Scenarios

Interaction, dependence, and impact of local ecological assets

☒ Changes in the state of nature

Regulatory agencies, legal and political regimes

☒ Global Regulation

(5.1.1.10) Assumptions, uncertainties and constraints in the scenario

The Olympus Group conducted an analysis based on the WRA Aqueduct to determine whether there were any locations within the group that were at significant risk of water-related problems. [Assumptions] A decrease in the amount of water or deterioration in water quality in areas where there are workplaces with cleaning processes could affect production activities. Uncertainties and constraints] This scenario is based on various assumptions, so it is In addition, policies and regulations could be affected by trends in each country. In addition, policies and regulations could be affected by trends in each country.

(5.1.1.11) Rationale for Scenario Selection

The Olympus Group has set out its raison d'être as "realizing health, safety and emotional fulfillment for people around the world ", and we recognize that environmental issues such as climate change, resource depletion and ecosystem destruction are important issues that are directly linked to our raison d'être. After assessing and identifying the environmental risks and opportunities associated with the After assessing and identifying the environmental risks and opportunities associated with the environmental impact and dependence of our business on the environment, we will formulate environmental targets for priority areas and accelerate our The cleaning process in the manufacture of our products requires clean water, and a decrease in the amount of water or deterioration in the For this reason, we will formulate environmental targets for priority areas and accelerate our activities. For this reason, we selected this scenario because we believe that Aqueduct, which can easily evaluate risks related to the water environment in the regions where our For this reason we selected this scenario because we believe that Aqueduct, which can easily evaluate risks related to the water environment in the regions where our business sites are located, including the amount and quality of water, is a useful tool that matches our aims. We evaluate the impact of water risks by considering the water environment risks at each location and the amount of water used at our business locations using Aqueduct. However, 85% of our water use is in locations with low water risk, we are taking measures (such as managing the quality of water intake and wastewater management) for the 15% of Although 85% of our water use is in locations with low water risk, we are taking measures (such as managing the quality of water intake and wastewater management) for the 15% of locations with medium or higher risk, depending on the type of risk.

climate change

(5.1.1.3) Approach to Scenarios

Selection: 1

☒ qualitative

(5.1.1.4) Scope of Scenario

Selection: 1

☒ Entire organization

(5.1.1.5) Types of risks considered in the scenario

Select all that apply

☒ Acute physical risk

☒ Chronic physical risk

(5.1.1.7) Base year

2020

(5.1.1.8) Target time frame

Select all that apply

- ☒ Year 2030
- ☒ Year 2040
- ☒ Year 2050

(5.1.1.9) Driving Forces in Scenarios

Interaction, dependence, and impact of local ecological assets

- ☒ Changes in the state of nature
- ☒ Climate change (one of the five agents of natural change)

Finance and Insurance

- ☒ Cost of Capital

Stakeholder and customer demands

- ☒ Consumer interest in impact

(5.1.1.11) Rationale for Scenario Selection

The reason for using RCP8.5 (Representative Concentration Pathway 8.5) is to consider the worst possible case scenario for business activities, such as the suspension of our own factories or the disruption of the supply chain due to the intensification of natural disasters, and to consider The reason for using RCP8.5 (Representative Concentration Pathway 8.5) is to consider the worst possible scenario for business activities, such as the suspension of our own factories or the disruption of the supply chain due to the intensification of natural disasters, and to consider countermeasures. The Olympus Group implements risk management initiatives to realize its "Basic Management Policy," which includes its management philosophy and management strategies. Specifically, we are implementing risk management from both a "Specifically, we are implementing risk management from both a "proactive" perspective, which aims to achieve sustainable growth and value creation through proactive and appropriate risk-taking Specifically, we are implementing risk management from both a "proactive" perspective, which aims to achieve sustainable growth and value creation through proactive and appropriate risk-taking, and a "defensive We also have a crisis management process in place to minimize the impact on We also have a crisis management process in place to minimize the impact on corporate value in the event of an unexpected incident.

[ADD ROW]

(5.1.2) Please provide details of the results of your organization's scenario analysis.

climate change

(5.1.2.1) Business processes affected by the results of the analysis of the reported scenarios

Select all that apply

- ☒ Identifying, assessing, and managing risks and opportunities
- ☒ Strategic and Financial Planning
- ☒ Business Model and Strategy Resilience
- ☒ capacity building
- ☒ Goal Development and Transition Planning

(5.1.2.2) Scope of analysis

Selection: 1

- ☒ entire organization

(5.1.2.3) Briefly describe the results of the scenario analysis and what it implies for other environmental issues.

The Olympus Group uses scenario analysis to identify climate change-related risks and opportunities in the short, medium and long term. analysis, the impact of climate change on business activities is analyzed in line with the 1.5C scenario and the 4C scenario presented by the International Energy Agency (IEA). In this scenario analysis, if no measures are taken to counter climate change and there is a 4C rise in temperature, the intensity and frequency of heavy rain and flooding will increase, and In this scenario analysis, if no measures are taken to counter climate change and there is a 4C rise in temperature, the intensity and frequency of heavy rain and flooding will increase, and we expect that the risk in terms of procurement of materials, direct operations, and product supply will increase to a In order to prepare for this risk, we are working to minimize the impact by ensuring a cooperative relationship with suppliers. In order to prepare for this risk, we are working to minimize the impact by ensuring a cooperative relationship with suppliers (continuous implementation of education and training to improve the effectiveness of BCPs), promoting the best measures to maintain the supply chain, and In order to prepare for this risk, we are working to minimize the impact by ensuring a cooperative relationship with suppliers (continuous implementation of education and training to improve the effectiveness of BCPs), promoting the best measures to maintain the supply of products and services, and identifying areas that may be flooded and implementing emergency In the event that regulatory measures are implemented to limit global warming to 1.5C or less through international cooperation, additional indirect costs such as flood countermeasures. In the event that regulatory measures are implemented to limit global warming to 1.5C or less through international cooperation, additional indirect costs such as carbon taxes and emissions trading, as well as measures such as the elimination of non- compliant companies by customers, are expected to occur over a medium-term time horizon (6 to 10 years). Therefore, the Olympus Group has set a net zero target for scope 1,2,3 in FY2040 and is working to reduce CO2 emissions. In addition, there are also concerns about the use of plastics derived from fossil fuels, the degradation of biodiversity due to abnormal weather, and the depletion of water resources in some regions, but we recognize that these concerns are not only about the environment but also about the environment itself. In addition, there are also concerns about the use of plastics derived from fossil fuels, the degradation of biodiversity due to abnormal weather, and the depletion of water resources in some regions, but we recognize that these concerns are not likely to have a significant impact on our business activities, as our products are themselves compact and have low energy consumption,

and the impact of climate change on demand for our products and services is small.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.1.2.1) Business processes affected by the results of the analysis of the reported scenarios

Select all that apply

- ☒ Identifying, assessing, and managing risks and opportunities
- ☒ Strategic and Financial Planning
- ☒ Business Model and Strategy Resilience
- ☒ capacity building
- ☒ Goal Development and Transition Planning

(5.1.2.2) Scope of analysis

Selection: 1

- ☒ entire organization

(5.1.2.3) Briefly describe the results of the scenario analysis and what it implies for other environmental issues.

The Olympus Group uses WRI Aqueduct to assess the water-related environmental risks to our business sites once every three years. As a result of the assessment of business sites with manufacturing processes, 22 of the 26 sites were classified as Low or Low-Middle, and none of the remaining four sites were classified as High. When we checked the relationship between water-related environmental risks and water usage at our sites, we found that 85% of water usage was at the Low or Low-Middle, and none of the remaining four sites were classified as High. When we checked the relationship between water-related environmental risks and water usage at our sites, we found that 85% of water usage was at the Low or Low-Middle risk level, and that water usage at sites at the Middle or higher risk level accounted for around 15% of the total. (<https://www.olympus.co.jp/csr/environment/management/?pagecsr>) For bases at the Middle level and above, we implement measures such as water intake quality management and wastewater management, depending on the type of risk. In addition, although there is a possibility that changes in the amount and quality of water in the region could affect the local ecosystem, there are no particular aspects of our business activities that rely on the local ecosystem, so we believe that the impact would be small.

[Fixed line]

(5.2) Does your organization's strategy include a climate transition plan?

(5.2.1) Transition Plan

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, there is a climate transition plan to keep global temperature rise below 1.5 degrees Celsius

(5.2.3) Published climate transition plans

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(5.2.4) A plan expressing a commitment to abandon any expenditure on, or sales from, activities that contribute to the expansion of fossil fuels

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(5.2.5) Details about the activities included in the commitment and the execution of the commitment

The Olympus Group has created a roadmap to achieve net zero by FY2040, and is accelerating the following initiatives to reduce greenhouse gas emissions. Commitment details Achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3) across the entire supply chain by FY2040 · Reduce greenhouse gas Reduce greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by 70% from the FY2020 base year by FY2031 · 80% of our suppliers will set greenhouse gas reduction targets based on scientific 80% of our suppliers will set greenhouse gas reduction targets based on scientific evidence by FY2028 (based on emissions from purchased products and services, capital goods, and upstream transportation and distribution) Main activities Activities · Improving manufacturing and transportation processes to improve energy efficiency · Daily energy-saving activities · Switching to lower Switching to lower -carbon energy sources for LPG/LNG and fuel · Switching company cars to electric vehicles · Increasing the use of renewable energy

(5.2.7) Mechanisms for collecting feedback from shareholders on your company's climate transition plan.

Selection: 1

☒ Our Climate Transition Plan is voted on at AGMs and there are additional feedback mechanisms in place

(5.2.8) Explanation of feedback mechanism

The details of the initiatives in the transition plan are disclosed to stakeholders, including shareholders, through securities reports and The details of the initiatives in the transition plan are disclosed to stakeholders, including shareholders, through securities reports and sustainability reports.

(5.2.9) Frequency of feedback collection

Selection: 1

☒ More often than once a year.

(5.2.10) Details of key assumptions and dependencies on which the transition plan relies

Prerequisites When creating a transition plan, we evaluate the impact of social change on the Olympus Group from the perspectives of "policy and law", "technological change", "market change", and "reputation" as transition risks, and "resource efficiency", "energy sources", "products", "markets", "products", "markets", and "products". "products", "markets", and "resilience" as opportunities, and evaluate the impact on the Olympus Group, with the impact level graded as high, medium, or low, and the time axis graded as short, medium, or long. Time axis: short term (1-5 years), medium term (5-10 years), long term (10-20 years) Impact level: evaluated on a three-tier scale from the perspectives of financial impact, operations, stakeholders, and legal compliance Dependence The transition plan is dependent on our management philosophy, ESG The transition plan is dependent on our management philosophy, ESG strategy, environmental targets, etc., and the transition plan is formulated based on the achievement of the following KPIs for environmental targets. Achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1, 2, 3) across the entire supply chain by the fiscal year ending March 2040 · Reduce greenhouse gas Reduce greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by 70% from the fiscal 2020 base year by the fiscal year ending March 2031 · 80% of our suppliers will have set greenhouse gas reduction targets based on scientific evidence (based on emissions from purchased products and services, capital goods, and upstream transportation and distribution) by the fiscal year ending March 2031 and distribution) by the fiscal year ending March 2028

(5.2.11) Details of progress against the transition plan disclosed in the current or previous reporting period.

The Olympus Group is aiming to achieve a Scope 1,2,3 emissions level of virtually zero by 2040 in line with its roadmap, and is making steady progress as follows In the fiscal year ending March 2024, we implemented continuous manufacturing improvement activities, energy-saving measures, the As a result of these initiatives, we were able to significantly improve our performance in the world. As a result of these initiatives, we were able to significantly improve our performance in the fiscal year ending March 2024, reducing greenhouse gas emissions by 51% compared to the fiscal As a result of these initiatives we were able to significantly improve our performance in the fiscal year ending March 2024, reducing greenhouse gas emissions by 51% compared to the fiscal year ending March 2020 (46% compared to the previous year), and increasing the ratio of renewable energy use per unit of total electricity to 78% (72% The main initiatives included promoting energy conservation at the same time.) The main initiatives included promoting energy conservation at each manufacturing base in Japan, such as identifying air leaks and taking measures to reduce energy loss using air leak measurement devices. In addition, Aizu Olympus received an energy conservation diagnosis from an external expert to In addition, Aizu Olympus received an energy conservation diagnosis from an external expert to uncover energy conservation measures that are difficult to discover internally. In terms of expanding the use of renewable energy, we are considering the In terms of expanding the use of renewable energy, we are considering the introduction of renewable energy in consideration of the state of diffusion and economic efficiency in each country, and we are promoting the In terms

of expanding the use of renewable energy, we are considering the introduction of renewable energy in consideration of the state of diffusion and economic efficiency in each country, and we are promoting the introduction of renewable energy in the Mishima Plant of Olympus Terumo Biomaterials in Japan, the Redmond base of Olympus Surgical Technologies America (Gyrus ACMI, Inc.) in the Americas, and Olympus Medical Products Czech spol s.r.o. in Europe. In addition, the Olympus Group is also building environmentally friendly buildings when establishing or rebuilding offices, and at the newly constructed Nagano Plant in Japan, has switched to 100% renewable energy. In addition, the Olympus Group is also building environmentally friendly buildings when establishing or rebuilding offices, and at the newly constructed Nagano Plant in Japan, 100% renewable energy-derived electricity, as well as introducing electric air conditioning and solar power generation systems, and saving energy through the In addition, a new solar power generation system is being introduced. In addition, a new solar power generation system has been introduced and is being used at the building of Olympus Medical Products Portugal, Unipessoal LDA, a medical repair base built in Europe in Europe. In addition, a new solar power generation system has been introduced and is being used at the building of Olympus Medical Products Portugal, Unipessoal LDA, a medical repair base built in Europe in 2023. (OVNC), and at the Center Valley and Breinigsville sites of Olympus Corporation of the Americas (OCA) and Olympus Surgical Technologies America (Gyrus ACMI, Inc.)

(5.2.12) Please attach relevant documents detailing your company's climate transition plan (optional)

Olympus Corporation - Near-Term Approval Letter.pdf, [4.12] Sus-rep.pdf

(5.2.13) Other environmental issues considered in your organization's climate transition plan

Select all that apply

- ☒ plastic
- ☒ water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.2.14) Please explain how other environmental issues were considered in your organization's climate transition plan.

The Olympus Group is also considering environmental issues related to water, biodiversity and plastics when developing its transition plan. With regard to water and biodiversity, we are considering the following aspects: "policy and legislation" and "reputation" in terms of transition risks, and "acute and chronic" physical risks and "resource efficiency" in terms of opportunities. Furthermore, if wastewater from the manufacturing process is not properly treated, the water consumption will be reduced by the amount of water used in the manufacturing process, and "acute and chronic" physical risks and "resource efficiency" in terms of opportunities. Furthermore, if wastewater from the manufacturing process is not properly treated, there is also a concern for reputation. On the other hand, opportunities are expected to arise from the efficient use of water, which will enable cost reductions and a reduction in the burden on the environment. For this reason, the Olympus Group is working to address risks by setting stricter standards than local regulations at each of its bases, thoroughly managing the quality of wastewater at its bases, setting targets for the efficient use of water. For this reason the Olympus Group is working to address risks by setting stricter standards than local regulations at each of its bases, thoroughly managing the quality of wastewater at its bases, setting targets for the efficient use of water, and promoting initiatives to reduce the amount of water used and discharged at bases that use a large amount of water. With regard to plastics, we consider the perspectives of "technological change" and "market" in terms of transition risks, and "products" in terms of opportunities. The Olympus Group contributes to healthcare through a wide range of products and

services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes, and video imaging systems to system integration and repair services, but in recent years has been focusing on the development of products and services for the healthcare industry. We consider the risk of a decline in stakeholder evaluation and reputation due to insufficient response to environmental issues, and the opportunity of improving market competitiveness through the development of environmentally friendly products. We consider the risk of a decline in stakeholder evaluation and reputation due to insufficient response to environmental issues, and the opportunity of improving market competitiveness.

[Fixed line]

(5.3) Have environmental risks and opportunities affected your organization's strategy and/or financial planning?

(5.3.1) Environmental risks and opportunities have affected your organization's strategic and/or financial planning.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, for both strategic and financial planning.

(5.3.2) Areas of operations where environmental risks and/or opportunities have influenced your organization's strategy.

Select all that apply

☒ Products and Services

☒ Upstream/Downstream Value Chain

☒ Investment in R&D

☒ operation

[Fixed line]

(5.3.1) Describe in what areas and in what ways environmental risks and opportunities have impacted your organization's strategy.

Products and Services

(5.3.1.1) Type of Impact

Select all that apply

☒ risk

☒ opportunity

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues related to risks and/or opportunities that have affected your organization's strategy in this area

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change
- ☒ water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.3.1.3) In this area, describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have influenced your organization's strategy.

Olympus Group medical products have contributed to improving the quality of life (QOL) of patients by providing two types of value: "early At the same time, we have been working for many years to reduce GHG emissions. At the same time, we have been working for many years to reduce GHG emissions across the entire value chain, to conserve water, to At the same time, we have been working for many years to reduce GHG emissions across the entire value chain, to conserve water, to improve the energy efficiency of our products, and to make our products and packaging smaller and lighter. Due to the increasing seriousness of environmental issues, customers' environmental measures have been progressing rapidly in recent years, and we are receiving more inquiries and Due to the increasing seriousness of environmental issues, customers' environmental measures have been progressing rapidly in recent years, and we are receiving more inquiries and requests for information on governance and strategies for reducing GHG emissions across all business activities, as well as performance, carbon This change in customer preferences has started in some parts of the world. This change in customer preferences has started in some parts of Europe and the United States, and we expect it to expand in the future. There is a possibility that addressing these There is a possibility that addressing these environmental requirements will increase market competitiveness, but it can also be a risk if you fall behind other companies.

Upstream/Downstream Value Chain

(5.3.1.1) Type of Impact

Select all that apply

- ☒ risk
- ☒ opportunity

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues related to risks and/or opportunities that have affected your organization's strategy in this area

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change

(5.3.1.3) In this area, please describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have influenced your organization's

strategy

In recent years, customers using our products have been asking about the environmental friendliness of our products as part of their tender requirements. In recent years, customers using our products have been asking about the environmental friendliness of our products as part of their tender requirements, and they are now demanding initiatives to reduce GHG emissions, improved energy efficiency of products, and smaller and lighter products and packaging materials. To this end, Olympus has established a dedicated organization within its development functions to promote initiatives in key areas, with the aim of creating opportunities to improve market competitiveness through the development of environmentally friendly products and to improve stakeholder evaluation and reputation through the promotion of environmentally friendly products, under the slogan "Realizing a circular economy through product stewardship". In the upstream value chain, there is a possibility that disasters caused by climate change will intensify, leading to supply chain disruptions and losses. In addition, it is expected that requests for the reduction of GHG emissions through the supply chain will increase. Olympus requests that suppliers comply with the Global Third-Party Code, and has obtained declarations of agreement from approximately 80% of its major suppliers. We have also requested that 80% of our suppliers, based on the amount of business we do with them, set GHG reduction targets equivalent to SBTs. emissions reduction from suppliers in this case has been certified by SBTi.

Investment in R&D

(5.3.1.1) Type of Impact

Select all that apply

- ☒ risk
- ☒ opportunity

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues related to risks and/or opportunities that have affected your organization's strategy in this area

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change

(5.3.1.3) In this area, describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have influenced your organization's strategy.

Due to regulations and changes in consumer preferences, there is an increasing demand for energy-saving products and new products that are necessary for the formation of a low-carbon society, which could lead to an expansion of business opportunities. We are conducting research and development on energy- We are

conducting research and development on energy- saving measures and functional improvements for our own products.

operation

(5.3.1.1) Type of Impact

Select all that apply

- ☒ risk
- ☒ opportunity

(5.3.1.2) Environmental issues related to risks and/or opportunities that have affected your organization's strategy in this area

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change

(5.3.1.3) In this area, describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have influenced your organization's strategy.

The total energy costs (electricity, oil, gas, etc.) for the entire Olympus Group in FY2024 are approximately 5 billion yen per year. In the future, in addition to the rising cost of fuel, if a carbon tax or emissions trading system is introduced, there is a possibility that our operating costs will also rise. If a carbon tax is introduced in FY2031 and the Olympus Group fails to reduce its CO2 emissions, maintaining the FY2024 level, there is a possibility that additional costs equivalent to 900 million yen per year will also rise. For this reason, we are promoting initiatives to improve energy efficiency and expand the use of renewable energy, expand the use of renewable energy, and expand the use of renewable energy. For this reason, we are promoting initiatives to improve energy efficiency and expand the use of renewable energy, and have set medium-term targets for FY2031 and long-term targets for FY2040.
[ADD ROW]

(5.3.2) Describe what areas of your organization's financial plan environmental risks and opportunities have impacted and in what ways.

Row 1

(5.3.2.1) Financial Plan Items Affected

Select all that apply

- ☒ Sales
- ☒ liabilities
- ☒ direct cost
- ☒ overhead
- ☒ capital allocation

- ☒ Access to Capital

(5.3.2.2) Type of Impact

Select all that apply

- ☒ risk
- ☒ opportunity

(5.3.2.3) Environmental issues related to risks and/or opportunities that have affected these financial plan items.

Select all that apply

- ☒ climate change

(5.3.2.4) Describe how environmental risks and/or opportunities have affected these financial plan items.

Regarding the Olympus Group's identification of risks and opportunities, there is a possibility that factories and equipment may be damaged. Therefore, the Olympus Group's identification of risks and opportunities, there is a possibility that factories and equipment may be damaged. Therefore, insurance to prepare for this and the cost of preserving and repairing assets are incorporated into the financial plan. Therefore, adaptation to seize new market opportunities will affect revenue forecasts. For direct and indirect materials, measures to reduce environmental impact in the supply chain and regulatory compliance in material procurement are also factors that increase costs. On the other hand, there is also the possibility of cost reductions in the long term through the introduction of energy efficiency and On the other hand, there is also the possibility of cost reductions in the long term through the introduction of energy efficiency and recycling technologies.

[ADD ROW]

(5.4) Does your organization's financial accounting identify expenditures/revenues consistent with your organization's climate transition plan?

	Clarification of expenditure/revenue items that are consistent with the organization's climate transition plan
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, but will do so within the next two years

[Fixed line]

(5.9) What were your organization's water-related CAPEX and OPEX trends in the reporting year and what are the expected trends for the next reporting year?

(5.9.1) Water-related CAPEX (+ /- %)

0

(5.9.2) CAPEX forecast for next reporting year (+/- % change)

0

(5.9.3) Water-related OPEX (+ /- rate of change)

0

(5.9.4) OPEX forecast for next reporting year (+ /- % change)

0

(5.9.5) Description.

In terms of water-related expenditure, CAPEX is mainly for wastewater treatment facilities, while OPEX is for the costs associated with the operation of In terms water-related expenditure, CAPEX is mainly for wastewater treatment facilities, while OPEX is for the costs associated with the operation of wastewater treatment

facilities (personnel, chemicals, sludge treatment, etc.). As there have been no major changes to products or manufacturing processes, expenditure is expected to remain at the same level as the previous year, with CAPEX remaining flat. However, there is expected to be an increase in the next fiscal year due to the installation of wastewater treatment facilities in conjunction with the special circumstances of the construction. Although there is expected to be an increase in the next fiscal year due to the installation of wastewater treatment facilities in conjunction with the special circumstances of the construction of a new building, when considering a period of around five years, it is expected to remain at the same level as the previous year, with CAPEX remaining flat. In addition, there are no changes to the management system or management structure for OPEX, and there is no expected In addition, there are no changes to the management system or management structure for OPEX, and there is no expected significant increase in the amount of wastewater, so it is expected to continue to remain at the same level as this fiscal year.
[Fixed line]

(5.10) Does your organization use internal pricing for environmental externalities?

(5.10.1) Use of Internal Prices for Environmental Externalities

Selection: 1

☒ No, and we do not plan to do so within the next two years

(5.10.3) Main reasons for not pricing in environmental externalities

Selection: 1

☒ Not an immediate strategic priority.

(5.10.4) Explain why your organization does not price environmental externalities

The reasons for not introducing an internal carbon system at this time are as follows. As a measure to combat climate change, we have set the targets of achieving carbon neutrality (70% GHG reduction 30% offset) and switching to 100% renewable energy by FY31, and we are implementing activities by attaching measures to achieve these targets. These targets are positioned as materiality in the ESG strategy, and are incorporated into the In addition, the CO2 emissions of individual projects at our company are on the basis of the ESG strategy, and are incorporated into the ESG strategy, and we are proceeding with them by securing the costs needed to achieve them. In addition, the CO2 emissions of individual projects at our company are on the order of 2,000 tons even for large-scale projects, and even if we assume that 1 ton is worth 15,000 yen, the In addition, as the number of large-scale projects is limited, we believe that the effectiveness of using an In addition, as the number of large-scale projects is limited, we believe that the effectiveness of using an internal carbon pricing system as a mechanism to drive activities is not very high in terms of promoting the achievement of our goals, and we have therefore decided that there is currently little need to invest in a carbon pricing system. In addition, as the number of large-scale projects is limited, we believe that the effectiveness of using an internal carbon pricing system as a mechanism to drive activities is not very high in terms of promoting the achievement of our goals, and we have therefore decided that there is currently little need to have an internal carbon pricing system.
[Fixed line]

(5.11) Do you collaborate with your organization's value chain on environmental issues?

	Working with this stakeholder on environmental issues	Target Environmental Issues
Supplier	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	<i>Select all that apply</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> climate change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)
client	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	<i>Select all that apply</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> climate change <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)
Investors and Shareholders	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	<i>Select all that apply</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> climate change
Other value chain stakeholders	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	<i>Select all that apply</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> climate change

[Fixed line]

(5.11.1) Does your organization evaluate and classify suppliers by environmental dependence and/or impact? [data not yet available].

climate change

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier's environmental dependence and/or impact

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we are assessing supplier dependence and/or impact

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for evaluating the supplier's environmental dependence and/or impact

Select all that apply

☒ Contribution to supplier-related Scope 3 emissions

(5.11.1.3) Percentage of primary suppliers evaluated (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 100%.

(5.11.1.4) Definition of thresholds for classification as a supplier with significant environmental dependence and/or impact.

We are implementing GHG reduction requests to all Tier 1 suppliers, but we have identified suppliers that make up the top 80% of our business transactions. For the suppliers that make up the top 80%, we estimate that the GHG emissions related to the manufacturing of the products they deliver to us are approximately 100 tCO₂e. In addition, we monitor the ESG initiatives of our suppliers through annual corporate surveys.

(5.11.1.5) Percentage of primary suppliers reaching significant environmental dependence and/or impact thresholds (%)

Selection: 1

☒ unknown

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.11.1.1) Assessment of supplier's environmental dependence and/or impact

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we are assessing supplier dependence and/or impact

(5.11.1.2) Criteria for evaluating the supplier's environmental dependence and/or impact

Select all that apply

☒ Dependence on water

☒ Impact on water availability

(5.11.1.3) Percentage of primary suppliers evaluated (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 100%.

(5.11.1.4) Definition of thresholds for classification as a supplier with significant environmental dependence and/or impact

The Olympus Group requires all Tier 1 suppliers to comply with laws and regulations related to water intake and discharge, and to take measures to reduce We have identified suppliers that make up the top 80% of our business transactions as priority suppliers.

(5.11.1.5) Percentage of primary suppliers reaching significant environmental dependence and/or impact thresholds (%)

Selection: 1

☒ unknown

[Fixed line]

(5.11.2) Which suppliers does your organization prioritize when collaborating on environmental issues? [data not yet available].

climate change

(5.11.2.1) Prioritize supplier engagement on this environmental issue

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we are prioritizing suppliers to work with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.2) Criteria for determining which suppliers to prioritize for engagement on this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- ☒ Procurement of Materials
- ☒ Procurement Costs
- ☒ Regulatory Compliance
- ☒ Reputation Management
- ☒ Business Risk Mitigation

- ☒ Product Life Cycle
- ☒ Supplier vulnerability
- ☒ Influence over suppliers
- ☒ Supplier Strategic Status
- ☒ Product Safety and Compliance

- ☒ Improved supplier performance

(5.11.2.4) Description.

The Olympus Group has presented the Olympus Global Third Party Code to its suppliers, and is requesting that they comply with laws and regulations, social norms, and environmental considerations. One of the materiality issues of the Olympus Group's ESG strategy is "Responsible Supply Chain ". The priority of the environmental approach is determined. The priority of the environmental approach is determined by the size of the transaction amount. We have identified suppliers that make up the top 80% of transaction value as suppliers that should be approved first. For suppliers in the top 80%, we estimate that GHG emissions related to the manufacturing of products delivered to our company are approximately In addition, we monitor the ESG initiatives of our suppliers through annual corporate surveys. The questions related to climate change are composed of questions on environmental management, Scope 1, 2 and 3 emissions, whether or not there are GHG reduction If the Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions are identified as being 100 tCO2e or more in this survey, even if the transaction amount is small, it is not included. If the Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions are identified as being 100 tCO2e or more in this survey, even if the transaction amount is small, it is included in the target of the approach as a preferred supplier.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.11.2.1) Prioritize supplier engagement on this environmental issue

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, we are prioritizing suppliers to work with on this environmental issue

(5.11.2.2) Criteria for determining which suppliers to prioritize for engagement on this environmental issue

Select all that apply

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Procurement of Materials | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Product Life Cycle |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Procurement Costs | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Supplier vulnerability |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Regulatory Compliance | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Influence over suppliers |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Reputation Management | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Supplier Strategic Status |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Business Risk Mitigation | <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Product Safety and Compliance |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Improved supplier performance | |

(5.11.2.4) Description.

The Olympus Group has presented the Olympus Global Third Party Code to its suppliers, and is requesting that they comply with laws, social norms, and In the Green Procurement Standards, which are a subordinate document of this code, we request that suppliers comply with water-related environmental laws and

regulations, and that they monitor and reduce their water usage. In the Green Procurement Standards, which are a subordinate document of this code, we request that suppliers comply with water-related environmental laws and regulations, and that they monitor and reduce their water usage. In addition, for suppliers who are not making progress are interviewed about their response and asked to strengthen their In addition, for suppliers who have violated the law, etc., measures are implemented, such as re-evaluating the supplier's compliance system In addition, for suppliers who have violated the law, etc., measures are implemented, such as re-evaluating the supplier's compliance system.

[Fixed line]

(5.11.5) Do your organization's suppliers need to meet environment-related requirements as part of your organization's purchasing process?

climate change

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers must meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, suppliers are required to meet environmental requirements related to this environmental challenge, but they are not included in the supplier agreement

(5.11.5.2) Policy for Addressing Supplier Non-Compliance

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, there is a policy in place to address noncompliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment.

Our suppliers are located globally, and there is a possibility that the supply chain will be disrupted due to the recent increase in the severity of natural disasters. The Olympus Group requires that its global third-party code minimize any negative impact on the environment. In this context, in December 2023, we requested that approximately 1,100 global suppliers of In this context, in December 2023, we requested that approximately 1,100 global suppliers of direct production materials agree to the global third-party code, and we have already obtained agreement from more than 80% of them.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.11.5.1) Suppliers must meet specific environmental requirements related to this environmental issue as part of the purchasing process

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, suppliers are required to meet environmental requirements related to this environmental challenge, but they are not included in the supplier agreement

(5.11.5.2) Policy for Addressing Supplier Non-Compliance

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, there is a policy in place to address noncompliance

(5.11.5.3) Comment.

Suppliers are thought to be located in Japan and Southeast Asia. For this reason, we are conducting surveys of all suppliers in Japan. For this reason, we are conducting surveys of all suppliers in Japan. We require all suppliers to comply with our green procurement standards, including our procurement policy, and with environmental compliance, including water use issues. For this reason, we require our suppliers to comply with our global third-party code as a condition for starting or continuing business with us, and we ask them to comply with our green procurement standards, including our procurement policy, and with environmental compliance, including water use issues. For this reason, we require our suppliers to comply with our global third-party code as a condition for starting or continuing business with us, and we ask them to engage responsibly in the use of natural resources.

[Fixed line]

(5.11.6) Please provide details of the environment-related requirements that suppliers must meet as part of your organization's purchasing process and the specific measures you will implement to ensure compliance.

climate change

(5.11.6.1) Environment-related requirements

Selection: 1

☒ Set emission reduction targets based on scientific evidence

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with these environmental requirements.

Select all that apply

☒ Supplier Scorecard or Rating

(5.11.6.3) Percentage (%) of procurement expenditures for primary suppliers that are required to comply with this

environmental requirement.

Selection: 1

☒ 100%.

(5.11.6.4) Percentage (%) of procurement expenditures for primary suppliers that comply with this environmental requirement.

Selection: 1

☒ 26 ~ 50%

(5.11.6.7) Percentage (%) of primary supplier-related Scope 3 emissions attributable to suppliers required to comply with this environmental requirement.

Selection: 1

☒ None

(5.11.6.8) Percentage (%) of primary supplier-related Scope 3 emissions attributable to suppliers complying with this environmental requirement.

Selection: 1

☒ nashi (Pyrus pyrifolia, esp. var. culta)

(5.11.6.9) Dealing with suppliers who do not comply with these environmental requirements

Selection: 1

☒ Maintain and collaborate

(5.11.6.10) Percentage of non-compliant suppliers engaged (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 51 ~ 75%

(5.11.6.11) Procedures for engaging suppliers who are non-compliant

Select all that apply

- ☒ Evaluate the effectiveness of non-compliant supplier actions and initiatives through consistent numerical measures
- ☒ Create quantifiable, time-bound goals and milestones to bring suppliers back into compliance
- ☒ Providing information on appropriate measures that can be taken to address noncompliance

(5.11.6.12) Comments

The Olympus Group has set a target of "Net-zero by 2040" and is continuing its efforts to achieve virtually zero GHG emissions across the entire product lifecycle. In our case, Scope 3-Upstream emissions account for approximately 82% of the total, so in order to achieve our target As a first step towards reducing emissions, we are asking our suppliers to set GHG reduction targets in line with SBTs, and we have started holding explanatory meetings and individual dialogues with our priority suppliers, who have a large share of our business. At present, around 30% of our suppliers have obtained SBT certification based on CO2 emissions. The status of suppliers' efforts to set targets is monitored each fiscal year through the corporate survey system, and suppliers that are not making progress are interviewed In addition, for suppliers that have violated laws and regulations, etc., measures are implemented, such as reevaluation of the environmental impact of the supplier's efforts to set targets is monitored each fiscal year through the corporate survey system, and suppliers that are not making progress are interviewed. In addition, for suppliers that have violated laws and regulations, etc., such as reevaluating the supplier's compliance system, although the measures taken will vary depending on the severity of the violation. violation.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.11.6.1) Environment-related requirements

Selection: 1

- ☒ Reduction in total water withdrawal

(5.11.6.2) Mechanisms for monitoring compliance with these environmental requirements.

Select all that apply

- ☒ Supplier Scorecard or Rating

(5.11.6.3) Percentage (%) of procurement expenditures for primary suppliers that are required to comply with this environmental requirement.

Selection: 1

- ☒ 100%.

(5.11.6.4) Percentage (%) of procurement expenditures for primary suppliers that comply with this environmental requirement.

Selection: 1

☒ 26 ~ 50%

(5.11.6.9) Dealing with suppliers who do not comply with these environmental requirements

Selection: 1

☒ Maintain and collaborate

(5.11.6.10) Percentage of non-compliant suppliers engaged (%)

Selection: 1

☒ nashi (Pyrus pyrifolia, esp. var. culta)

(5.11.6.11) Procedures for engaging suppliers who are noncompliant

Select all that apply

☒ Evaluate the effectiveness of non-compliant supplier actions and initiatives through consistent numerical measures

(5.11.6.12) Comments

The Olympus Group has presented the Olympus Global Third Party Code to its suppliers, and is requesting that they comply with laws, social norms, and In the Green Procurement Standards, which are a subordinate document of this code, we request that suppliers comply with water-related environmental laws and regulations, and that they monitor and reduce their water usage. In the Green Procurement Standards, which are a subordinate document of this code, we request that suppliers comply with water-related environmental laws and regulations, and that they monitor and reduce their water usage. In addition, for suppliers who are not making progress are interviewed about their response and asked to strengthen their In addition, for suppliers who have violated the law, etc., measures are implemented, such as re-evaluating the supplier's compliance system In addition, for suppliers who have violated the law, etc., measures are implemented, such as re-evaluating the supplier's compliance system.

[ADD ROW]

(5.11.7) Please provide details of your organization's supplier engagement on environmental issues.

climate change

(5.11.7.2) Actions driven by supplier engagement

Selection: 1

- ☒ Emissions Reduction

(5.11.7.3) Types and Details of Engagement

Capacity building

- ☒ Provide training, assistance, and best practices on how to measure GHG emissions
- ☒ Provide training, assistance, and best practices on how to mitigate environmental impacts
- ☒ Provide training, assistance, and best practices on how to set science-based goals
- ☒ Assist suppliers to develop time-bound action plans with clear milestones
- ☒ Assist suppliers in setting environmental commitments across their operations

Information Gathering

- ☒ Collect information on transition plans from suppliers at least annually
- ☒ Collect information on environmental risks and opportunities from suppliers at least annually.
- ☒ Collect data on greenhouse gases from suppliers at least annually
- ☒ Collect information on goals from suppliers at least once a year

(5.11.7.4) Upstream targets in the value chain

Select all that apply

- ☒ Primary Supplier

(5.11.7.5) Percentage of procurement amount from primary suppliers subject to engagement (%)

Selection: 1

- ☒ 100%.

(5.11.7.6) Percentage of Scope 3 emissions related to primary suppliers subject to engagement (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 26 ~ 50%

(5.11.7.9) Describe engagement and explain the effect of engagement on selected environmental actions

The Olympus Group has presented the Olympus Global Third Party Code to its suppliers, and is asking them to comply with laws and regulations, social norms, and environmental considerations. In the area of climate change, we have set a target of "Net-zero by 2040" and are continuing to take on the challenge of achieving virtually zero GHG emissions across the entire lifecycle. In our case, Scope 3-Upstream emissions account for approximately 82% of our total emissions, so in order to achieve our targets, it is essential that we work with our suppliers to reduce GHG emissions. As a first step towards reducing emissions, we are asking our suppliers to set GHG reduction targets in line with SBTs, and we have started holding briefings. During these briefings and dialogues, we provide knowledge and know-how such as explanations of how to calculate GHG emissions and the provision of simple calculation tools, explanations of the basics of SBTs and how to set them, introductions to methods for reducing GHG emissions and subsidy programs that can be used, and introductions to methods for introducing renewable energy. In addition, we use our corporate survey system to check the progress of our requests each year, and we interview them. At that time, we provide them with any additional know-how they may need. Through these activities, at present, approximately 30% of suppliers have obtained SBT certification based on CO2 emissions, and the number of suppliers working to understand GHG emissions and set SBTs is increasing through explanatory meetings.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement helps primary suppliers meet environmental requirements related to this environmental challenge

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, please specify environmental requirements :SBT

(5.11.7.11) Engagement encourages your organization's primary suppliers to further work with their suppliers on selected actions

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.11.7.2) Actions driven by supplier engagement

Selection: 1

- ☒ Reduction in total water withdrawal

(5.11.7.3) Types and Details of Engagement

Information Collection

- ☒ Collect information on water quantity from suppliers at least once a year (e.g., water withdrawal, wastewater discharge)

(5.11.7.4) Upstream targets in the value chain

Select all that apply

- ☒ Primary Supplier

(5.11.7.5) Percentage of procurement amount from primary suppliers subject to engagement (%)

Selection: 1

- ☒ 100%.

(5.11.7.7) Percentage of primary suppliers with substantial influence and/or dependence on the environmental issues covered by the engagement (%)

Selection: 1

- ☒ 100%.

(5.11.7.9) Describe engagement and explain the effect of engagement on selected environmental actions

The Olympus Group has presented the Olympus Global Third Party Code to its suppliers, and is requesting that they comply with laws, social norms, and In the Green Procurement Standards, which are a subordinate document of this code, we request that suppliers comply with water-related environmental laws and regulations, and that they monitor and reduce their water usage. In the Green Procurement Standards, which are a subordinate document of this code, we request that suppliers comply with water-related environmental laws and regulations, and that they monitor and reduce their water usage. In addition, for suppliers who are not making progress are interviewed about their response and asked to strengthen their In addition, for suppliers who have violated the law, etc., measures are implemented, such as re-evaluating the supplier's compliance system In addition, for suppliers who have violated the law, etc., measures are implemented, such as

re-evaluating the supplier's compliance system.

(5.11.7.10) Engagement helps primary suppliers meet environmental requirements related to this environmental challenge

Selection: 1

☒ No, this engagement is not related to meeting environmental requirements

(5.11.7.11) Engagement encourages your organization's primary suppliers to further work with their suppliers on selected actions

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

[ADD ROW]

(5.11.9) Please provide details of your environmental engagement activities with other stakeholders in the value chain. [data not yet available].

climate change

(5.11.9.1) Types of Stakeholders

Selection: 1

☒ Other stakeholders in the value chain, please specify

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information Sharing

☒ Share information on environmental initiatives, their progress and accomplishments

(5.11.9.3) Percentage of stakeholder types engaged (%)

Selection: 1

☒ nashi (Pyrus pyrifolia, esp. var. culta)

(5.11.9.4) Percentage of stakeholder-related Scope 3 emissions (%)

Selection: 1

☒ unknown

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for working with these stakeholders and scope of engagement

The Olympus Group is strongly aware that the environmental pollution and climate change caused by human activities that affect the environment, as well as other impacts on ecosystems, are pressing social issues. In May 2021, we have added "contributing to the realization of a decarbonized, recycling-oriented society in cooperation with society" as an important issue (materiality), and we are continuing to work to improve the environment, as well as other impacts on ecosystems, are pressing social issues. In May 2021, we have added "contributing to the realization of a decarbonized, recycling-oriented society in cooperation with society" as an important issue (materiality), and we are continuing to work on initiatives in cooperation with society. Reasons for involvement Olympus' business activities are supported by the natural capital of the local communities in which it has a presence, which is a key factor in the development of a decarbonized, recycling-oriented society in cooperation with society. Olympus' business activities are supported by the natural capital of the local communities in which it has a presence, and as part of its corporate social responsibility (CSR), Olympus needs to protect the natural capital of the local communities and the living environment of local residents. By cooperating with local governments, Olympus can respond more effectively to local By cooperating with local governments, Olympus can respond more effectively to local environmental issues, and it is important to deepen its ties with local communities in order to increase its contribution to local society. Involvement

Geographically, the scope includes local communities in the regions where our main production bases are located, as well as contribution Scope of Involvement

Geographically, the scope includes local communities in the regions where our main production bases are located, as well as contribution activities in the countries and regions where our bases are located.

(5.11.9.6) Indicators to measure effectiveness and success of engagement

The Olympus Group is continuing to carry out environmental conservation activities that are closely linked to the local community, such as tree-planting activities and local clean-up activities, carried out by employees. The Olympus Nagano Plant has been holding the Komorebi no Sato (Shade of the Forest) event since 2014 as part of its environmental conservation activities for the local community. This event has been held on a regular basis since Olympus, Tatsuno Town, and the Monzen-mori Forest Association concluded a "Forest Foster Parent Agreement". Employees and their families participate in forest and walking trail maintenance work, clearing out trees, picking up branches, and installing Aomori Olympus has been carrying out tree-planting activities since 2007 in cooperation with and under the guidance of the NPO "Association for the Protection of the Shirakami Mountains" to protect the precious flora and fauna and ecosystem of the Employees and their families participate in the activities, planting beech saplings. In addition to contributing to the environment and the local community, we will continue these activities as an opportunity for environmental education for children who will be Shirakawa Olympus has been participating in "Let's Touch the Water of Fukushima," hosted by Fukushima Prefecture, since 2022. We are planting trees such as Japanese cornel and Japanese alder on Akabane Mountain, where there is

water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)

(5.11.9.1) Types of Stakeholders

Selection: 1

☒ client

(5.11.9.2) Type and details of engagement

Education/Information Sharing

☒ Share information on environmental initiatives, their progress and accomplishments

(5.11.9.3) Percentage of stakeholder types engaged (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 100%.

(5.11.9.5) Rationale for working with these stakeholders and scope of engagement

The Olympus Group has set out its raison d'etre as "realizing health, safety and emotional fulfillment for people around the world ", and we are working to address environmental issues such as climate change, resource depletion, the degradation of natural capital and We recognize that environmental issues cannot be solved by a single We recognize that environmental issues cannot be solved by a single company, and that it is essential to collaborate and cooperate with stakeholders, and we are deepening our involvement with the relevant parties. Exchanging opinions and working together on what environmental issues there are and what solutions are available has the potential to strengthen business relationships. For this reason, we disclose our environmental initiatives to customers and also hold dialogues with customers who are interested in our initiatives. Although the scope of our involvement is still limited, we expect that opportunities for dialogue with customers will increase as environmental awareness in society as a whole grows.

(5.11.9.6) Indicators to measure effectiveness and success of engagement

Through dialogue with our customers, they have come to understand that our company is also passionate about environmental initiatives, and through our Although it is not a quantitative or tangible thing, the effect is that this relationship of trust improves. Also, as a measure of success, the fact that we repeatedly receive requests for dialogue in the Also, as a measure of success, the fact that we repeatedly receive requests for dialogue in the environmental field means that we are having highly satisfactory dialogue with our customers, and we consider this to be one of the measures of success.

[ADD ROW]

(5.12) Please indicate any mutually beneficial environmental initiatives that could work with specific CDP supply chain members.

Row 1

(5.12.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(5.12.2) Environmental Issues Involved with the Initiative

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

(5.12.4) Categories and types of initiatives

Evaluate sustainability in engagement

☒ Tailor goals to connect with customer goals and ambitions

(5.12.5) Initiative Details

We have set a target of achieving net zero emissions by FY2040 (Scope 1, 2, and 3). To achieve this target, we will improve production efficiency and implement further energy conservation measures, while switching to renewable energy at all of our business sites by 2030. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve transportation efficiency and reduce energy consumption. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our suppliers set targets equivalent to SBTs and cooperate with us in reducing emissions.

(5.12.6) Expected benefits

Select all that apply

☒ Increased transparency in the upstream/downstream value chain

☒ Reduction of emissions associated with the organization's business activities (Scope 1 and 2 for the organization)

☒ Reduction of downstream value chain emissions (Scope 3 for my organization)

(5.12.7) Estimated time to benefit

Selection: 1

☒ More than 6 years

(5.12.8) Can you estimate the lifetime CO2 equivalent reduction and/or water savings from this initiative?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, lifetime estimated CO2 equivalent reductions only

(5.12.9) Estimated reduction in CO

13

(5.12.11) Description.

The calculation is based on Olympus' CO2 reduction target and the sales to each company. The calculation is based on Olympus' CO2 reduction target and the sales to each company. • Olympus' CO2 emission reduction target: 70% reduction in scope 1 and 2 compared to the base year (FY2020) in FY2031: estimated reduction amount 40553t-CO Calculation of the ratio based on Olympus's sales compared to the company's sales: Sales to the company (298M)/Olympus sales (936210M) 0.003 Estimated reduction amount 40553t-CO2 x sales ratio 0.003 13t-CO2

Row 2

(5.12.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(5.12.2) Environmental Issues Involved with the Initiative

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

(5.12.4) Categories and types of initiatives

Evaluate sustainability in engagement

- ☒ Tailor goals to connect with customer goals and ambitions

(5.12.5) Initiative Details

We have set a target of achieving net zero emissions by FY2040 (Scope 1, 2, and 3). To achieve this target, we will improve production efficiency and implement further energy conservation measures, while switching to renewable energy at all of our business sites by 2030. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve transportation efficiency and reduce energy consumption. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our suppliers set targets equivalent to SBTs and cooperate with us in reducing emissions.

(5.12.6) Expected benefits

Select all that apply

- ☒ Increased transparency in the upstream/downstream value chain
- ☒ Reduction of emissions associated with the organization's business activities (Scope 1 and 2 for the organization)
- ☒ Reduction of downstream value chain emissions (Scope 3 for my organization)

(5.12.7) Estimated time to benefit

Selection: 1

- ☒ More than 6 years

(5.12.8) Can you estimate the lifetime CO2 equivalent reduction and/or water savings from this initiative?

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, lifetime estimated CO2 equivalent reductions only

(5.12.9) Estimated reduction in CO

570

(5.12.11) Description.

The calculation is based on Olympus' CO2 reduction target and the sales to each company. The calculation is based on Olympus' CO2 reduction target and the sales to each company. Sales to the company (13157M)/Olympus sales (936210M) 0.014 Estimated reduction amount 40553t-CO2 x sales ratio 0.014 570t-CO2

Row 3

(5.12.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(5.12.2) Environmental Issues Involved with the Initiative

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

(5.12.4) Categories and types of initiatives

Evaluate sustainability in engagement

☒ Tailor goals to connect with customer goals and ambitions

(5.12.5) Initiative Details

We have set a target of achieving net zero emissions by FY2040 (Scope 1, 2, and 3). To achieve this target, we will improve production efficiency and implement further energy conservation measures, while switching to renewable energy at all of our business sites by 2030. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve transportation efficiency and reduce energy consumption. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our suppliers set targets equivalent to SBTs and cooperate with us in reducing emissions.

(5.12.6) Expected benefits

Select all that apply

☒ Increased transparency in the upstream/downstream value chain

☒ Reduction of emissions associated with the organization's business activities (Scope 1 and 2 for the organization)

☒ Reduction of downstream value chain emissions (Scope 3 for my organization)

(5.12.7) Estimated time to benefit

Selection: 1

☒ More than 6 years

(5.12.8) Can you estimate the lifetime CO2 equivalent reduction and/or water savings from this initiative?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, lifetime estimated CO2 equivalent reductions only

(5.12.9) Estimated reduction in CO

27

(5.12.11) Description.

The calculation is based on Olympus' CO2 reduction target and the sales to each company. The calculation is based on Olympus' CO2 reduction target and the sales to each company. Sales to the company (613M) / Olympus sales (936210M) 0.007 Estimated reduction amount 40553t-CO2 x sales ratio 0.0007 27t-CO2

Row 4

(5.12.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(5.12.2) Environmental Issues Involved with the Initiative

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

(5.12.4) Categories and types of initiatives

Evaluate sustainability in engagement

☒ Tailor goals to connect with customer goals and ambitions

(5.12.5) Initiative Details

We have set a target of achieving net zero emissions by FY2040 (Scope 1, 2, and 3). To achieve this target, we will improve production efficiency and implement further energy conservation measures, while switching to renewable energy at all of our business sites by 2030. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve transportation efficiency and reduce energy consumption. We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain, and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our We also recognize the importance of reducing the environmental impact of our entire supply chain and we will continue to promote modal shifts in transportation, improve logistics efficiency, reduce the energy consumption and weight of our products, and request that our suppliers set targets equivalent to SBTs and cooperate with us in reducing emissions.

(5.12.6) Expected benefits

Select all that apply

- ☒ Increased transparency in the upstream/downstream value chain
- ☒ Reduction of emissions associated with the organization's business activities (Scope 1 and 2 for the organization)
- ☒ Reduction of downstream value chain emissions (Scope 3 for my organization)

(5.12.7) Estimated time to benefit

Selection: 1

- ☒ More than 6 years

(5.12.8) Can you estimate the lifetime CO2 equivalent reduction and/or water savings from this initiative?

Selection: 1

- ☒ No, sir.

(5.12.11) Description.

The science business, including microscopes that were sold to KLA, is no longer our business. Unfortunately, we are unable to provide data at present because we do not have carbon footprint data for our science products.

[ADD ROW]

(5.13) Has your organization already implemented environmental initiatives that are mutually beneficial through engagement of CDP supply chain members?

	Environmental initiatives implemented through CDP supply chain member engagement
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

C6. environmental performance - consolidated approach

(6.1) With respect to the calculation of environmental performance data, please specify the consolidation approach you have chosen.

	Consolidated approach used	Please explain in detail the rationale for selecting the consolidated approach.
climate change	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> financial management	<i>Olympus' environmental activities cover all consolidated subsidiaries.</i>
water (esp. cool, fresh water, e.g. drinking water)	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Financial Management	<i>Olympus' environmental activities cover all consolidated subsidiaries.</i>
plastic	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Financial Management	<i>Olympus' environmental activities cover all consolidated subsidiaries.</i>
biodiversity	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> financial management	<i>Olympus' environmental activities cover all consolidated subsidiaries.</i>

[Fixed line]

C7. environmental performance - climate change

(7.1) Is this your first year reporting emissions data to CDP?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.1.1) Did your organization experience any structural changes in the reporting year? Or have past structural changes been included in the disclosure of this emissions data?

	Have there been structural changes?
	Select all that apply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.

[Fixed line]

(7.1.2) Has the definition of your organization's emissions accounting method, boundary, and/or reporting year changed to reporting year?

	Are there any changes to the valuation methodology, boundary or reporting year definitions?
	Select all that apply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.

[Fixed line]

(7.2) Select the name of the standard, protocol, or method used to collect activity data or calculate emissions.

Select all that apply

- ☒ ISO 14064-1
- ☒ Law Concerning the Promotion of the Measures to Cope with Global Warming (revised 2005, Japan)
- ☒ GHG Protocol: Criteria for the Calculation and Reporting of Emissions by Businesses (Revised)
- ☒ GHG Protocol: Business Value Chain (Scope 3) Criteria
- ☒ Tokyo Cap-and-Trade Program

(7.3) Describe your organization's approach to reporting Scope 2 emissions.

	Scope 2, Location Criteria	Scope 2, Market Criteria	Comment
	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Scope 2, reporting location criteria	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Scope 2, reporting market standard values	

[Fixed line]

(7.4) Are there any Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 emission sources (e.g., facilities, specific greenhouse gases, activities, geographic locations, etc.) within the selected reporting boundary that are not included in the disclosure?

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, sir.

(7.4.1) Provide details of the sources of Scope 1, Scope 2, or Scope 3 emissions that are within the selected reporting boundary (boundary) but not included in the disclosure.

Row 1

(7.4.1.1) Excluded emission sources

The subsidiaries with difficulty of annually calculating their GHG emissions, which are non-manufacturing subsidiaries with 500 or less of employees and manufacturing ones with 100 or less of employees, are excluded, because they have little influence on the total amount of GHG emissions. The subsidiaries with difficulty of annually calculating their GHG emissions, which are non-manufacturing subsidiaries with 500 or less of employees, are excluded, because they have little influence on the total amount of GHG emissions.

(7.4.1.2) Scope or Scope 3 Category

Select all that apply

- ☒ Scope 1
- ☒ Scope 2 (location-based)
- ☒ Scope 2 (market standard)

(7.4.1.3) Relevance of excluded emission sources to Scope 1

Selection: 1

- ☒ Emissions are not related to

(7.4.1.4) Relevance to Scope 2 (location criteria) of excluded emission sources

Selection: 1

- ☒ Emissions are not related to

(7.4.1.5) Relevance of market-based Scope 2 emissions for excluded sources

Selection: 1

- ☒ Emissions are not related to

(7.4.1.8) Estimated percentage of total Scope 1+2 emissions corresponding to excluded sources

1.9

(7.4.1.10) Explain why this source is excluded

This is because their CO2 emissions have a very small impact on the group as a whole.

(7.4.1.11) Please explain how you estimated the percentage of emissions corresponding to the excluded sources

We calculated the CO2 emissions with the collection of CO2 data in each site and estimation of CO2 data by the number of employees. sales sites, the total CO2 of sales sites is estimated about 1.94% of our group CO2 emissions.

[ADD ROW]

(7.5) Enter the base year and base year emissions.

Scope 1

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/30/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

27893

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Scope 1 is calculated as the total amount of greenhouse gas emissions, excluding electricity, district heating, and hot water used by the site.

Scope 2 (location-based)

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

64130

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Scope 2 is the use of site energy (electricity, district heating, hot water)

Scope 2 (market standard)

(7.5.1) Base Year End

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

57973

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Scope 2 is the use of site energy (electricity, district heating, hot water)

Scope 3 Category 1: Purchased goods and services

(7.5.1) Base Year End

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

393385.0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying raw materials and parts of leading products by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 2: Capital Goods

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

92137.0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying facility investment value by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

16175.0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying electric power and fuel purchased by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Logistics

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

40413.0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying transport ton/kg of leading products by basic unit (including delivery logistics)

Scope 3 Category 5: Waste generated by operations.

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3593

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying worksite waste output by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 6: Business travel

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

26761.0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying business travel expenses by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 7: Employer Commuting

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

10745.0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Standard commute model defined by region and calculated by multiplying the number of employees in region by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 8: Upstream leased assets

(7.5.1) Base Year End

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated as Scope 1 and 2 GHG emissions

Scope 3 Category 9: Downstream Transportation and Logistics

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Classified as transport from dealers and sales companies to the customer but excluded due to small impact scale

Scope 3 Category 10: Processing of products for sale

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Excluded due to small impact scale and difficulty in tabulation in this category

Scope 3 Category 11: Use of products for sale

(7.5.1) Base Year End

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

18498

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying electric power consumption, etc., for lifetime of sold product by basic unit

Scope 3 Category 12: End-of-life processing for products sold

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculated by multiplying product disposal weight by basic unit for waste material

Scope 3 Category 13: Downstream leased assets**(7.5.1) Base Year End**

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Calculation including use of sold products, although some products are leased

Scope 3 Category 14: Franchise**(7.5.1) End of Base Year**

03/30/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Not calculated due to absence from Olympus group's business range

Scope 3 Category 15: Investment

(7.5.1) Base Year End

03/31/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Not calculated because emissions in this category are extremely low and have small impact

Scope 3: Other (upstream)

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/30/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

Scope 3: Other (downstream)

(7.5.1) End of Base Year

03/30/2020

(7.5.2) Base year emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.5.3) Methodology Details

[Fixed line]

(7.6) What is your organization's total global Scope 1 emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)?

Reporting year

(7.6.1) Scope 1 Total global emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

27255

(7.6.3) Methodology Details

Calculation Approach Scope 1 is calculated as the total amount of site energy use excluding electricity, district heating, and hot water, plus greenhouse gas usage. The conversion factor for natural energy electricity is set to zero. 2. For city gas, heavy oil, kerosene, light oil, gasoline, and hot water, the coefficients are based on Japan's Energy Conservation Law and Global Warming Countermeasure Law. 3. For electricity: domestically, adjusted emission factors for each power company are based on Internationally, published country-specific or power company-specific coefficients are used. For district heating: values are obtained through inquiries to supply companies. For district heating: values are obtained through inquiries to supply companies.

Past year 1

(7.6.1) Scope 1 Total global emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

28835

(7.6.2) End Date

03/30/2023

(7.6.3) Methodology Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

Last 2 years

(7.6.1) Scope 1 Total global emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

30185

(7.6.2) End Date

03/30/2022

(7.6.3) Methodology Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

Past year 3

(7.6.1) Scope 1 Total global emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

28427

(7.6.2) End Date

03/30/2021

(7.6.3) Methodology Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

Past year 4

(7.6.1) Scope 1 Total global emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

27893

(7.6.2) End Date

(7.6.3) Methodology Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

[Fixed line]

(7.7) What is your organization's total global Scope 2 emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)?

Reporting year

(7.7.1) Scope 2, Location-based global total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

55175

(7.7.2) Scope 2, Market-based Gross Global Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) (if applicable)

15125

(7.7.4) Methodological Details

Measurement Approach: Olympus calculates CO2 emissions using both location-based and market-based methods. For city gas and similar sources, the coefficients from Japan's Energy Conservation Act and Global Warming Countermeasure Law are used. For city gas and similar sources, the coefficients from Japan's Energy Conservation Act and Global Warming Countermeasure Law are used. The calorific value per unit of city gas in Japan is based on figures from each gas company. For electricity, the adjusted emissions factors for each power company under the Energy Conservation Act and Global Warming For electricity, the adjusted emissions factors for each power company under the Energy Conservation Act and Global Warming Countermeasure Law are used, along with country-specific coefficients published by the IEA or power company coefficients. Inputs: Unified management is carried out using the in-house system.

Past year 1

(7.7.1) Scope 2, Location-based global total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

54339

(7.7.2) Scope 2, Market-based Gross Global Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) (if applicable)

17154

(7.7.3) End Date

03/30/2023

(7.7.4) Methodological Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

Last 2 years

(7.7.1) Scope 2, Location-based global total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

52804

(7.7.2) Scope 2, Market-based Gross Global Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) (if applicable)

45651

(7.7.3) End Date

03/30/2022

(7.7.4) Methodological Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

Past year 3

(7.7.1) Scope 2, Location-based global total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

54941

(7.7.2) Scope 2, Market-based Gross Global Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) (if applicable)

48254

(7.7.3) End Date

03/30/2021

(7.7.4) Methodological Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

Past year 4

(7.7.1) Scope 2, Location-based global total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

64130

(7.7.2) Scope 2, Market-based Gross Global Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) (if applicable)

57973

(7.7.3) End Date

03/30/2020

(7.7.4) Methodological Details

The same calculation method is used as described in the reporting year.

[Fixed line]

(7.8) Please indicate your organization's total Scope 3 global emissions, and disclose and explain any exclusions.

Purchased goods and services

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

528598

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Methodology based on the amount of expenditure

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following 3 factors; 1) Sales quantities for products, 2) Weight of materials in products, 3) CO2 emissions factors. There are 2 CO2 emissions factors. One is the factor calculated by life-cycle assessment by ourselves and the other is the factor of average data method. method.

capital goods

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

108721

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Methodology based on the amount of expenditure

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following factors; 1) Value of capital good, 2) Emission factor of capital good per unit of economic value We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following factors; 1) Value of capital good, 2) Emission factor of capital good per unit of economic value.

Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

15755

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following factors; 1) Quantities and types of fuel consumed 2) Upstream fuel emission factors proposed by the guidelines of the Ministry of the Environment We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following factors; 1) Quantities and types of fuel consumed

Upstream Transportation and Logistics

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

43345

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Distance-based methods

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0.05

(7.8.5) Description.

CO2 emissions are calculated by multiplying the following three factors: 1) the weight of the products being transported, 2) the distance traveled by trucks, airlines, etc., and 3) the CO2 emission coefficient per ton-kilometer proposed in the guidelines of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Infrastructure, and Transportation. For some parts of Japan, we directly obtain data on CO2 emissions from the products being transported, 2) the distance traveled by trucks, airlines, etc., and 3) the CO2 emission coefficient per ton-kilometer proposed in the guidelines of the Ministry of Land, Infrastructure, Transport and Tourism. For some parts of Japan, we directly obtain data on CO2 emissions from transportation companies associated with the transportation of our products. For some parts of Japan, we directly obtain data on CO2 emissions from transportation companies associated with the transportation of our products.

Waste generated by operations

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3415

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following 2 factors; 1) Weight of waste generated from Olympus group's sites, 2) CO2 emissions factors on waste treatment for each material shown in various bibliography information.

business trip

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

28410

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Methodology based on the amount of expenditure

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following 2 factors; 1) Cost of business travel for Olympus and main group companies in Japan, 2) Emissions We estimate CO2 emissions for global by using the ratio of the number of employees in global to one of employees in Japan. We estimate CO2 emissions for global by using the ratio of the number of employees in global to one of employees in Japan.

Employer commuting

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

12230

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following 5 factors; 1) Number of employees, 2) Average distance travelled by an average employee per day, 3) Average number working days per year, 4) Average breakdown of transport modes used by employees, 5) Emission factors for each mode of transport 3) Average number working days per year, 4) Average breakdown of transport modes used by employees, 5) Emission factors for each mode of transport proposed by the guidelines of Ministry of the Environment.

Upstream leased assets

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant, explanation of why

(7.8.5) Description.

In this category, CO2 emissions about transport from retailers and dealers to customers are included. Therefore, we exclude this category from our calculation.

Downstream Transportation and Logistics

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant, explanation of why

(7.8.5) Description.

In this category, CO2 emissions about transport from retailers and dealers to customers are included. Therefore, we exclude this category from our calculation.

Processing of products for sale

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant, explanation of why

(7.8.5) Description.

We exclude this category because it is very difficult to grasp how the sold products are processed. products are almost the finished products.

Use of products sold

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

23613

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Please give specifics on the method regarding direct emissions during the use phase :We created a CO2 emissions factor for our products and multiply the factor and sales quantities.)

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following 3 factors; 1) Sales quantities for products, 2) Power consumption during product lifetime, 3) CO 2emissions factor for electricity, which we use the factor of 0.459kgCO2/kWh based on IEA for all countries.

End-of-life processing for products sold

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Relevant, calculated

(7.8.2) Emissions in the reporting year (tons of CO2 equivalent)

23735

(7.8.3) Emission Calculation Method

Select all that apply

☒ Average data method

(7.8.4) Percentage of emissions calculated using data obtained from suppliers or value chain partners.

0

(7.8.5) Description.

We calculate CO2 emissions by multiplying the following 3 factors; 1) Sales quantities for products, 2) Weight of materials in products, 3) CO2 emissions factors on waste treatment for each material shown in various bibliography information.

Downstream leased assets

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant, explanation of why

(7.8.5) Description.

The data about this category has already been counted in "Use of sold products". We excluded this category because of the prevention of double count.

franchise

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant, explanation of why

(7.8.5) Description.

We excluded this category because OLYMPUS is not the organizer of franchises.

investment

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant, explanation of why

(7.8.5) Description.

We excluded this category because OLYMPUS does not do investment business.

Other (upstream)

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not evaluated for relevance.

(7.8.5) Description.

Not calculated as there are no items covered.

Other (downstream)

(7.8.1) Evaluation Status

Selection: 1

☒ Not evaluated for relevance.

(7.8.5) Description.

Not calculated as there are no items covered.

[Fixed line]

(7.8.1) Please disclose or re-enter your organization's Scope 3 emissions data for the past year.

Past year 1

(7.8.1.1) End Date

03/30/2023

(7.8.1.2) Scope 3: Goods and services purchased (tons of CO2 equivalent)

532611

(7.8.1.3) Scope 3: Capital goods (tons of CO2 equivalent)

110253

(7.8.1.4) Scope 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

15727

(7.8.1.5) Scope 3: Upstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

50543

(7.8.1.6) Scope 3: Waste generated by operations (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3416

(7.8.1.7) Scope 3: Business trips (tons of CO2 equivalent)

11733

(7.8.1.8) Scope 3: Employee commuting (tons of CO2 equivalent)

11966

(7.8.1.9) Scope 3: Upstream leased assets (tons of CO)

0

(7.8.1.10) Scope 3: Downstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.11) Scope 3: Processing of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.12) Scope 3: Use of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

23243

(7.8.1.13) Scope 3: Disposal of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

22168

(7.8.1.14) Scope 3: Downstream leased assets (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.15) Scope 3: Franchise (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.16) Scope 3: Investment (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.17) Scope 3: Other (upstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.18) Scope 3: Other (downstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.19) Comment.

Last 2 years

(7.8.1.1) End Date

03/30/2022

(7.8.1.2) Scope 3: Goods and services purchased (tons of CO2 equivalent)

459989

(7.8.1.3) Scope 3: Capital goods (tons of CO2 equivalent)

93134

(7.8.1.4) Scope 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

15669

(7.8.1.5) Scope 3: Upstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

38713

(7.8.1.6) Scope 3: Waste generated by operations (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2918

(7.8.1.7) Scope 3: Business trips (tons of CO2 equivalent)

4789

(7.8.1.8) Scope 3: Employee commuting (tons of CO2 equivalent)

11714

(7.8.1.9) Scope 3: Upstream leased assets (tons of CO)

0

(7.8.1.10) Scope 3: Downstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.11) Scope 3: Processing of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.12) Scope 3: Use of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

19715

(7.8.1.13) Scope 3: Disposal of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

20318

(7.8.1.14) Scope 3: Downstream leased assets (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.15) Scope 3: Franchise (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.16) Scope 3: Investment (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.17) Scope 3: Other (upstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.18) Scope 3: Other (downstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.19) Comment.

Past year 3

(7.8.1.1) End Date

03/30/2021

(7.8.1.2) Scope 3: Goods and services purchased (tons of CO2 equivalent)

386641

(7.8.1.3) Scope 3: Capital goods (tons of CO2 equivalent)

161951

(7.8.1.4) Scope 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

16419

(7.8.1.5) Scope 3: Upstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

30559

(7.8.1.6) Scope 3: Waste generated by operations (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3029

(7.8.1.7) Scope 3: Business trips (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3962

(7.8.1.8) Scope 3: Employee commuting (tons of CO2 equivalent)

11888

(7.8.1.9) Scope 3: Upstream leased assets (tons of CO)

0

(7.8.1.10) Scope 3: Downstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.11) Scope 3: Processing of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.12) Scope 3: Use of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

18522

(7.8.1.13) Scope 3: Disposal of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

17098

(7.8.1.14) Scope 3: Downstream leased assets (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.15) Scope 3: Franchise (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.16) Scope 3: Investment (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.17) Scope 3: Other (upstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.18) Scope 3: Other (downstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.19) Comment.

Past year 4

(7.8.1.1) End Date

03/30/2020

(7.8.1.2) Scope 3: Goods and services purchased (tons of CO2 equivalent)

393385

(7.8.1.3) Scope 3: Capital goods (tons of CO2 equivalent)

92137

(7.8.1.4) Scope 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

16175

(7.8.1.5) Scope 3: Upstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

40413

(7.8.1.6) Scope 3: Waste generated by operations (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3593

(7.8.1.7) Scope 3: Business trips (tons of CO2 equivalent)

26761

(7.8.1.8) Scope 3: Employee commuting (tons of CO2 equivalent)

10745

(7.8.1.9) Scope 3: Upstream leased assets (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.10) Scope 3: Downstream logistics (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.11) Scope 3: Processing of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.12) Scope 3: Use of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

18498

(7.8.1.13) Scope 3: Disposal of products sold (tons of CO2 equivalent)

17767

(7.8.1.14) Scope 3: Downstream leased assets (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.15) Scope 3: Franchise (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.16) Scope 3: Investment (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.17) Scope 3: Other (upstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.18) Scope 3: Other (downstream) (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.8.1.19) Comment.

[Fixed line]

(7.9) Please answer the status of verification/assurance for the emissions reported.

	Verification/assurance status
Scope 1	<i>Selection: 1</i>

	Verification/assurance status
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third-party verification/warranty in place
Scope 2 (location-based or market-based)	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third-party verification/warranty in place
Scope 3	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Third-party verification/warranty in place

[Fixed line]

(7.9.1) Provide details of verification/assurance performed for Scope 1 emissions and attach relevant reports.

Row 1

(7.9.1.1) Verification/assurance implementation cycle

Selection: 1

☒ Annual process

(7.9.1.2) Status of verification/assurance obtained in the reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ completion

(7.9.1.3) Type of verification/assurance

Selection: 1

☒ limited warranties

(7.9.1.4) Statement attached

(7.9.1.5) Page/Chapter

See page 5. Table 5 CO2 Emissions (Scope 1,2)

(7.9.1.6) Related Standards

Selection: 1

☒ ABNT NBR ISO 14064-3:2007 (Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas)

(7.9.1.7) Percentage of verified reported emissions (%)

100

[ADD ROW]

(7.9.2) Provide details of verification/assurance performed against Scope 2 emissions and attach relevant reports.

Row 1

(7.9.2.1) Scope 2 Methodology

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2, Location Criteria

(7.9.2.2) Verification/assurance implementation cycle

Selection: 1

☒ Annual process

(7.9.2.3) Status of verification/assurance obtained in the reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ completion

(7.9.2.4) Type of verification/assurance

Selection: 1

☒ limited warranties

(7.9.2.5) Statement attached

7.9.1_PartyVerificationConfirmation.pdf

(7.9.2.6) Page/Chapter

See page 5. Table 5 CO2 Emissions (Scope 1,2)

(7.9.2.7) Related Standards

Selection: 1

☒ ABNT NBR ISO 14064-3:2007 (Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas)

(7.9.2.8) Percentage of verified reported emissions (%)

100

Row 2

(7.9.2.1) Scope 2 Methodology

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2 Market Criteria

(7.9.2.2) Verification/assurance implementation cycle

Selection: 1

☒ Annual process

(7.9.2.3) Status of verification/assurance obtained in the reporting year

Selection: 1
☒ completion

(7.9.2.4) Type of verification/assurance

Selection: 1
☒ limited warranties

(7.9.2.5) Statement attached

7.9.1_PartyVerificationConfirmation.pdf

(7.9.2.6) Page/Chapter

See page 5. Tabile5 CO2Emissions (Scope1,2)

(7.9.2.7) Related Standards

Selection: 1
☒ ABNT NBR ISO 14064-3:2007 (Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas)

(7.9.2.8) Percentage of verified reported emissions (%)

100
[ADD ROW]

(7.9.3) Provide details of verification/assurance performed against Scope 3 emissions and attach relevant reports.

Row 1

(7.9.3.1) Scope 3 Category

Select all that apply
☒ Scope 3: Business travel
☒ Scope 3: Waste generated by operations

- ☒ Scope 3: Capital Goods
- ☒ Scope 3: Employer Commuting
- ☒ Scope 3: Use of products sold
- ☒ Scope 3: Upstream Transportation and Logistics

- ☒ Scope 3: End-of-life processing of products sold
- ☒ Scope 3: Goods and services purchased
- ☒ Scope 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 or 2)

(7.9.3.2) Verification/assurance implementation cycle

Selection: 1

- ☒ Annual process

(7.9.3.3) Status of verification/assurance obtained in the reporting year

Selection: 1

- ☒ completion

(7.9.3.4) Type of verification/assurance

Selection: 1

- ☒ limited warranties

(7.9.3.5) Statement attached

7.9.1_PartyVerificationConfirmation.pdf

(7.9.3.6) Page/Chapter

See page 5. Table 6 CO2 Emissions (Scope 3)

(7.9.3.7) Related Standards

Selection: 1

- ☒ ABNT NBR ISO 14064-3:2007 (Associação Brasileira de Normas Técnicas)

(7.9.3.8) Percentage of verified reported emissions (%)

(7.10) How did your total emissions (Scope 1+2 combined) change in the reporting year compared to the previous year?

Selection: 1

☒ decrease

(7.10.1) Identify the reasons for the change in total global emissions (sum of Scope 1 and 2) and indicate how emissions changed for each reason compared to the previous year.

Changes in renewable energy consumption

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

620

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ decrease

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

1.46

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

"The Olympus Group is working to achieve 100% renewable energy use in FY2031, and is promoting initiatives suited to each region, such as installing solar panels, procuring renewable energy menus from power companies, and utilizing non-fossil certificates. The amount of renewable energy used was 93,619 Therefore, the change in the amount of renewable energy used was 6,190 MWh. (FY2023: 93619) (change: 619) The percentage of emissions is calculated by multiplying the total emissions for scope 2 by the percentage of renewable energy consumption. (change: 619) / (total scope 2 emissions: 42380) (percentage: 0.014)"

Other Emission Reduction Activities

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

6556

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ decrease

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

15.4

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

The amount of emissions from other emission reduction activities was 6556t-CO The percentage of emissions was (emissions: 6556) / (total emissions in FY24: 42380) (percentage: 0.15).

raising investment

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

takeover

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

merger

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

Change in production volume

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3568

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ increase

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

8.4

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

The change in emissions due to fluctuations in production volume was 3568 t-CO2. The change in emissions due to fluctuations in production volume was 3568 t-CO2. The percentage of emissions was (emissions: 3568) / (total emissions in FY2024: 42380) (percentage: 0.08).

Methodological Changes

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

Boundary Change

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

Changes in physical operating conditions

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

Not specified.

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered

Other

(7.10.1.1) Change in emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.10.1.2) Increase or decrease in emission change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.10.1.3) Emissions (%)

0

(7.10.1.4) Please explain the calculation

Not covered
[Fixed line]

(7.10.2) Are the emissions performance calculations in 7.10 and 7.10.1 based on location-based or market-based Scope 2 emissions values?

Selection: 1

☒ market standard

(7.12) Are carbon dioxide emissions from biogenic carbon relevant to your organization?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.15) Has your organization prepared a breakdown of Scope 1 emissions by type of greenhouse gas?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(7.15.1) Please provide a breakdown of Scope 1 global total emissions by GHG type and the source of each global warming potential (GWP) used.

Row 1

(7.15.1.1) GHG

Selection: 1

☒ CO2

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

27255

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Selection: 1

☒ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100-year values)

Row 3

(7.15.1.1) GHG

Selection: 1

☒ PFCs

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Selection: 1

☒ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100-year values)

Row 4

(7.15.1.1) GHG

Selection: 1

☒ SF6

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0.2

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Selection: 1

☒ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100-year values)

Row 5

(7.15.1.1) GHG

Selection: 1

☒ HFCs

(7.15.1.2) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.15.1.3) GWP Reference

Selection: 1

☒ IPCC Fourth Assessment Report (AR4 - 100-year values)

[ADD ROW]

(7.16) Please provide a breakdown of Scope 1 and 2 emissions by country/region.

Australia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

308.866

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

308.866

Austria

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Belgium

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Brazil

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Canada

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

China

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

24.964

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2662.357

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2662.357

Czech Republic

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

20.625

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

623.659

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

228.076

Denmark

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Estonia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Finland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

France

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

594.992

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

33.925

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

33.925

Germany

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

4037.557

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3973.295

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

364.8

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (China)

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

India

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0.524

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

323.107

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

286.527

Indonesia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Ireland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Italy

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Japan

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

10813.658

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

31405.917

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

1819.815

Malaysia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Mexico

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

The Netherlands

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

New Zealand

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Norway

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Poland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Portugal

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

371.399

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

232.372

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Republic of Korea

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Russian Federation

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Serbia

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Singapore

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Spain

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Sweden

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Switzerland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

Taiwan(China)

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

tai (species of reddish-brown Pacific sea bream, Pagrus major)

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

United Arab Emirates

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2065.506

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

1919.606

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

United States of America (USA)

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

9073.753

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

7103.485

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2831.256

Vietnam

(7.16.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

251.543

(7.16.2) Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

6588.896

(7.16.3) Scope 2, Market basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

6588.896

[Fixed line]

(7.17) Indicate which of the Scope 1 Global Total Emissions breakdowns can be completed.

Select all that apply

☒ By Business Segment

(7.17.1) Please provide a breakdown of your total Scope 1 global emissions by business sector.

	Business Unit	Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)
Row 1	<i>Endoscopic Solutions Division (ESD)</i>	<i>17077</i>
Row 2	<i>Therapeutic Solutions Division (TSD)</i>	<i>9819</i>
Row 3	<i>other</i>	<i>358</i>

[ADD ROW]

(7.20) Please indicate which of the Scope 2 global total emissions breakdowns can be filled in.

Select all that apply

☒ By Business Segment

(7.20.1) Please provide a breakdown of your total Scope 2 global emissions by business sector.

	Business Unit	Scope 2, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)	Scope 2, Market Standard (tons of CO2 equivalent)
Row 1	<i>Endoscopic Solutions Division (ESD)</i>	<i>34572</i>	<i>9477</i>
Row 2	<i>Therapeutic Solutions Division (TSD)</i>	<i>19879</i>	<i>5449</i>
Row 3	<i>other</i>	<i>725</i>	<i>199</i>

[ADD ROW]

(7.22) Please provide a breakdown of total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions between the consolidated accounting group and the separate entities included in your response.

Consolidated Accounting Group

(7.22.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

27255

(7.22.2) Scope 2 emissions, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

55175

(7.22.3) Scope 2, Market Reference Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

15125

(7.22.4) Description.

Our GHG emissions are encompassed in the scope of our consolidated accounts.

All other entities

(7.22.1) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.22.2) Scope 2 emissions, location basis (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.22.3) Scope 2, Market Reference Emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.22.4) Description.

Our GHG emissions are encompassed in the scope of our consolidated accounts.

[Fixed line]

(7.23) Can you provide a breakdown of the subsidiary emissions data included in your organization's CDP response?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(7.23.1) Please provide a breakdown of total Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions by subsidiary.

Row 1

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Aizu Olympus

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

4148.001

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

8614.811

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

(7.23.1.15) Comments**Row 2****(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name***Olympus Winter & Ibe GmbH***(7.23.1.2) Main business activities***Selection: 1*☒ medical equipment**(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary***Select all that apply*☒ No unique ID**(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)***4037.557***(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)***3973.295***(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)***364.8***(7.23.1.15) Comments**

Row 3

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Aomori Olympus

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

1377.019

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2487.21

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 5

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Shirakawa Olympus

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

1066.177

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2743.117

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

92.434

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 6

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Vietnam Co.

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

251.543

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

6588.896

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

6588.896

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 7

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus (GuangZhou) Industrial Co.

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

357.625

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

357.625

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 8

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Australia Pty Ltd

(7.23.1.2) Main Business Activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0.0

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

308.866

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

308.866

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 9

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Corporation of the Americas

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

8170.274

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2697.017

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2772.05

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 10

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Trading (Shanghai) Limited

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

708.293

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

729.009

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 11

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Terumo Biomaterials

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical supplies

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

350.925

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

906.912

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

14.521

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 12

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Surgical Technologies America

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

903.479

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

3957.493

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

354.337

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 13

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Medical Systems

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

31.793

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

1087.789

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0.0

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 14

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

KeyMed (Medical & Industrial Equipment) Ltd.

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2032.964

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

1593.953

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 15

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Algram Group Ltd.

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

32.542

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

325.653

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

0.0

(7.23.1.15) Comments

Row 16

(7.23.1.1) Subsidiary Name

Olympus Medical Products Czech spol s.r.o.

(7.23.1.2) Main business activities

Selection: 1

☒ medical equipment

(7.23.1.3) Please select a unique ID that your organization can provide for this subsidiary

Select all that apply

☒ No unique ID

(7.23.1.12) Scope 1 emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

20.625

(7.23.1.13) Scope 2 emissions, location-based (tons of CO2 equivalent)

6623.659

(7.23.1.14) Scope 2, Market-based emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

228.076

(7.23.1.15) Comments

[ADD ROW]

(7.26) Please allocate your organization's emissions to the customers listed below according to the volume of goods or services sold during the period covered by this report.

Row 1

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

298160306

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

8.7

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Oil, Gas, Company car

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (27255t-CO₂)(298 (in millions of yen))(936210 Sales (millions of yen))8.7

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO₂ emissions are published on our website.

Row 2

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2: Location Criteria

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

298160306

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

17.6

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Electricity

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of Olympus's sales. (55175t-CO2) (298 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 17.6

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 3

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2: Market Criteria

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

298160306

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

4.8

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (15125t-CO2) (298 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 4.8

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 4

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 3

(7.26.3) Scope 3 Category

Select all that apply

☒ Category 6: Business trips

☒ Category 2: Capital goods

☒ Category 7: Employer Commuting

☒ Category 11: Use of products sold

☒ Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Logistics

☒ Category 5: Waste generated by operations

☒ Category 12: End-of-life processing of products sold

☒ Category 1: Purchased goods and services

☒ Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2)

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

298160306

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

250.8

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of Olympus's sales. (787822t-CO2) (298 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 250.8

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 5

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

13157018682

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

383

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Oil, Gas, Company car

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (27255t-CO2) (29813157 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 383

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 6

(7.26.1) Responding member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2: Location Criteria

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

13157018682

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

775

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Electricity

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (55175t-CO2) (13157 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 775

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 7

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2: Market Criteria

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

13157018682

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

212

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Electricity

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (15125t-CO2) (13157 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen))212

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 8

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 3

(7.26.3) Scope 3 Category

Select all that apply

☒ Category 6: Business trips

☒ Category 2: Capital goods

☒ Category 7: Employer Commuting

☒ Category 11: Use of products sold

☒ Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Logistics

☒ Category 5: Waste generated by operations

☒ Category 12: End-of-life processing of products sold

☒ Category 1: Purchased goods and services

☒ Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2)

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.7) Unit of market value or quantity of goods/services supplied.

Selection: 1

☒ currency unit

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

11071

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources**(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?**

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.**(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.**

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (787822t-CO2) (13157 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 11071

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 9**(7.26.1) Responding Member**

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

612610320

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

17.8

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Oil, Gas, Company car

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (27255t-CO2) (612 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 17.8

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 10

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2: Location Criteria

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

612610320

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

36.1

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Electricity

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of Olympus's sales. (55175t-CO2) (612 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 36.1

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 11

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 2: Market Criteria

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

612610320

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

9.9

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

Electricity

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The allocation of emissions to such members is calculated by multiplying the total sales of Olympus by the total emissions of Olympus (15125t-CO2) (612 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (in millions of yen)) 9.9

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 12

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 3

(7.26.3) Scope 3 Category

Select all that apply

☒ Category 6: Business trips

☒ Category 2: Capital goods

☒ Category 7: Employer Commuting

☒ Category 11: Use of products sold

☒ Category 4: Upstream Transportation and Logistics

☒ Category 5: Waste generated by operations

☒ Category 12: End-of-life processing of products sold

☒ Category 1: Purchased goods and services

☒ Category 3: Fuel and energy related activities (not included in Scope 1 and 2)

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Allocation based on market value of purchased products

(7.26.8) Market value or quantity of goods/services to be supplied to the requesting member.

612610320

(7.26.9) Emissions (in tons of CO2 equivalent)

515.8

(7.26.10) Uncertainty (±%)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The amount of emissions allocated to the relevant member is calculated by multiplying the total amount of Olympus's emissions by the total amount of (787822t-CO2) (612 (in millions of yen)) (936210 Sales (millions of yen)) 515.8

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

Row 13

(7.26.1) Responding Member

Selection: 1

(7.26.2) Scope of emissions

Selection: 1

☒ Scope 1

(7.26.4) Assignment level

Selection: 1

☒ company-wide

(7.26.6) Method of assignment

Selection: 1

☒ Assignment is not required depending on the type of primary data available

(7.26.10) Uncertainty ($\pm\%$)

0

(7.26.11) Major emission sources

The science business, including microscopes that were sold to KLA, is no longer our business. Unfortunately, we are unable to provide data at present because we do not have carbon footprint data for our science products.

(7.26.12) Has the assignment been verified by a third party?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.26.13) Please explain how you identified the GHG sources, including any limitations and assumptions in this approach.

The science business, including microscopes that were sold to KLA, is no longer our business. Unfortunately, we are unable to provide data at present because we do not have carbon footprint data for our science products.

(7.26.14) If public information is used, please provide a reference

Our CO2 emissions are published on our website.

[ADD ROW]

(7.27) What are the challenges in allocating emissions to each customer and what can help overcome these challenges?

Row 1

(7.27.1) Allocation issues

Selection: 1

☒ Large and diverse customer base makes it difficult to accurately track emissions at the customer level

(7.27.2) Explain what would help you overcome that challenge

We will make efforts to get more accurate CO2 emissions and sales data.

[ADD ROW]

(7.28) Do you have any plans to make it possible to assign emissions per customer in the future?

	Do you have any plans to make it possible to assign emissions to each customer in the future?	Describe how you will develop your capabilities
	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.	<i>We will improve to get more accurate data for CO2 factors.</i>

[Fixed line]

(7.29) What percentage of your business expenditures in the reporting year was due to energy use?

Selection: 1

☒ More than 0%, less than or equal to 5

(7.30) Please select which energy-related activities your organization has undertaken.

	Indicate whether your company implemented the following energy-related activities during the reporting year.
Fuel consumption (excluding raw materials)	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
Consumption of purchased or acquired power	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
Consumption of purchased or acquired heat	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
Consumption of purchased or acquired steam	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.
Consumption of purchased or acquired cold heat	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.
Generation of electricity, heat, steam, or cold	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(7.30.1) Report your organization's total energy consumption (excluding raw materials) in MWh.

Fuel consumption (excluding raw materials)

(7.30.1.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ HHV (Higher heating value)

(7.30.1.2) Energy from renewable energy sources in MWh

0

(7.30.1.3) Energy from non-renewable sources in MWh

132766

(7.30.1.4) Total energy (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh

132766

Consumption of purchased or acquired power

(7.30.1.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.1.2) Energy from renewable energy sources in MWh

100829

(7.30.1.3) Energy from non-renewable sources in MWh

29638

(7.30.1.4) Total energy (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh

130467

Consumption of purchased or acquired heat

(7.30.1.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.1.2) Energy from renewable energy sources in MWh

493

(7.30.1.3) Energy from non-renewable sources in MWh

2280

(7.30.1.4) Total energy (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh

2773

Consumption of purchased or acquired steam

(7.30.1.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.1.2) Energy from renewable energy sources in MWh

0

(7.30.1.3) Energy from non-renewable sources in MWh

2341

(7.30.1.4) Total energy (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh

2341

Consumption of self-generated non-fuel renewable energy

(7.30.1.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.1.2) Energy from renewable energy sources in MWh

1049

(7.30.1.4) Total energy (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh

1049

Total energy consumption

(7.30.1.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.1.2) Energy from renewable energy sources in MWh

102371

(7.30.1.3) Energy from non-renewable sources in MWh

167024

(7.30.1.4) Total energy (renewable and nonrenewable) MWh

269396

[Fixed line]

(7.30.6) Please select the fuel consumption uses of your organization.

	Indicate whether your company will be conducting this energy use activity
Fuel consumption for power generation	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.
Fuel consumption for heat generation	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.
Fuel consumption for steam generation	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.
Fuel consumption for cooling generation	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.
Fuel consumption for cogeneration or trigeneration	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, sir.

[Fixed line]

(7.30.7) Fuel consumed by your organization (excluding feedstock) in MWh by fuel type.

Sustainable Biomass

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

Other Biomass

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

Other renewable fuels (e.g., renewable hydrogen)

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

coal

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

petroleum

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

48559.5

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

natural gas

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ HHV

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

84206.6

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

Other non-renewable fuels (e.g., non-renewable hydrogen)

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

Total Fuel

(7.30.7.1) Heat generation

Selection: 1

☒ Unable to confirm calorific value

(7.30.7.2) Total fuel consumed by the organization (MWh)

132766.1

(7.30.7.8) Comment.

[Fixed line]

(7.30.9) Please provide details regarding the electricity, heat, steam and cold generated and consumed by your organization during the reporting year.

electric power

(7.30.9.1) Total volume produced (MWh)

131401

(7.30.9.2) Generation consumed by the organization (MWh)

131401

(7.30.9.3) Total amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources (MWh)

101763

(7.30.9.4) Amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources consumed by the organization (MWh)

101763

heat

(7.30.9.1) Total volume produced (MWh)

2889

(7.30.9.2) Generation consumed by the organization (MWh)

2889

(7.30.9.3) Total amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources (MWh)

609

(7.30.9.4) Amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources consumed by the organization (MWh)

609

steam

(7.30.9.1) Total volume produced (MWh)

2341

(7.30.9.2) Generation consumed by the organization (MWh)

2341

(7.30.9.3) Total amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.4) Amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

cold and heat

(7.30.9.1) Total volume produced (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.2) Generation consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.3) Total amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources (MWh)

0

(7.30.9.4) Amount of energy generated from renewable energy sources consumed by the organization (MWh)

0

[Fixed line]

(7.30.14) Please provide specifics on the amount of electricity, heat, steam, and cold calculated using zero or near-zero emission factors in the Market Standard Scope 2 figures reported in 7.7.

Row 1

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ Japan

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Physical power purchase agreements (physical PPAs) with generating facilities connected to the grid

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ sunlight

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method*Selection: 1*☒ contract**(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.***Selection: 1*☒ Japan**(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?***Selection: 1*☒ No, sir.**(7.30.14.10) Comment.****Row 2****(7.30.14.1) Country/Region***Selection: 1*☒ Japan**(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method***Selection: 1*☒ Heat/steam/cooling supply contracts**(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier**

Selection: 1

☒ heat

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy mix, please answer specifically :Solar heat

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

415

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ contract

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ Japan

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(7.30.14.9) Year the generating facility began operation (e.g., date of first commercial operation or repowering)

2009

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

Row 3

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ United States of America (USA)

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Direct line to an offsite generating facility owned by a third party that is not transferred on the power grid (direct line PPA)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ sunlight

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

1811

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ contract

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ United States of America (USA)

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

Row 4

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ United States of America (USA)

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Procurement of Electricity and Separated Energy Attribute Certificates (EACs)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy mix, please answer specifically :Solar/Wind/Nuclear

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

3008

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ US-REC

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ United States of America (USA)

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

Row 5

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Retail supply contracts with electricity suppliers (retail green power)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy mix, please specify :Solar/Wind/Hydroelectric power

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

9405

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ contract

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

Row 6

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ Portugal

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Retail supply contracts with electricity suppliers (retail green power)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy mix, please specify :Solar/Wind/ biomass

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

1855

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ contract

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ Portugal

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

Row 7

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ Germany

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Direct line to an offsite generating facility owned by a third party that is not transferred on the power grid (direct line PPA)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy mix, please specify :Solar, wind, Other

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

2342

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ contract

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ Germany

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

Row 8

(7.30.14.1) Country/Region

Selection: 1

☒ Germany

(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method

Selection: 1

☒ Retail supply contracts with electricity suppliers (retail green power)

(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy mix, please specify :Solar, wind, Other

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method*Selection: 1*☒ contract**(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.***Selection: 1*☒ Germany**(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?***Selection: 1*☒ No, sir.**(7.30.14.10) Comment.****Row 9****(7.30.14.1) Country/Region***Selection: 1*☒ Czech Republic**(7.30.14.2) Procurement Method***Selection: 1*☒ Retail supply contracts with electricity suppliers (retail green power)**(7.30.14.3) Energy carrier**

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.30.14.4) Type of low carbon technology

Selection: 1

☒ sunlight

(7.30.14.5) Low carbon energy (MWh) consumed through the selected procurement method in the reporting year.

785

(7.30.14.6) Tracking method

Selection: 1

☒ contract

(7.30.14.7) Country/region or energy attribute of the source (generation) of low carbon energy.

Selection: 1

☒ Czech Republic

(7.30.14.8) Can you report the year of commissioning or repowering of the generating facility?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.30.14.10) Comment.

[ADD ROW]

(7.30.16) Please provide a breakdown of electricity/heat/steam/cold consumption by country/region for the reporting year.

Australia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

476.2

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

476.20

Austria

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Belgium

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Brazil

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Canada

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

China

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

4369.5

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

4369.50

Czech Republic

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

1324.8

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

1324.80

Denmark

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Estonia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Finland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

France

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

653.7

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

653.70

Germany

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

10393

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

10393.00

Hong Kong Special Administrative Region (China)

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

India

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

453

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

453.00

Indonesia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Ireland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Italy

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Japan

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

71429.06

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

7496

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

78925.06

Malaysia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Mexico

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

The Netherlands

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

New Zealand

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Norway

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Poland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Portugal

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

1855

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

1855.00

Republic of Korea

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Russian Federation

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Serbia

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Singapore

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Spain

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Sweden

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Switzerland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

Taiwan(China)

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

tai (species of reddish-brown Pacific sea bream, Pagrus major)

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

United Arab Emirates

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

0.00

United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

11001

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

11001.00

United States of America (USA)

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

19313

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

19313.00

Vietnam

(7.30.16.1) Consumption of purchased electricity (MWh)

11726

(7.30.16.2) Consumption of self-generated electricity (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.4) Consumption of purchased heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.5) Consumption of self-generated heat, steam and cold (MWh)

0

(7.30.16.6) Total electricity/steam/cooling energy consumption (MWh)

11726.00
[Fixed line]

(7.45) Provide details of your Scope 1 and 2 global total emissions for the reporting year in tons of CO2 equivalent per unit currency gross sales and any additional intensity indicators that apply to your organization's operations.

Row 1

(7.45.1) Unit value

0.000004

(7.45.2) Indicator numerator (total global combined Scope 1 and 2 emissions, tons of CO2 equivalent)

42380

(7.45.3) Denominator of indicator

Selection: 1

☒ Total sales

(7.45.4) Denominator for indicator: total quantity per unit

936210000000

(7.45.5) Scope 2 value used

Selection: 1

☒ market standard

(7.45.6) Percent change from previous year

(7.45.7) Increase/decrease in change

Selection: 1
☒ decrease

(7.45.8) Reason for change

Select all that apply
☒ Changes in renewable energy consumption
☒ Other Emission Reduction Activities

(7.45.9) Description.

In FY2024, we continued to implement manufacturing improvement activities, promote energy-saving measures such as the introduction of energy-saving equipment, and introduce renewable energy at companies in Japan and overseas. At our Aizu Plant in Japan, we reduced electricity consumption by updating At our Aizu Plant in Japan, we reduced electricity consumption by updating our parts processing equipment, and at our Aomori Plant in Japan, we reduced electricity consumption by updating our aging compressors with the latest With regard to expanding the introduction of renewable energy, we are proceeding with the introduction of renewable energy, taking into account the diffusion rate and economic With regard to expanding the introduction of renewable energy, we are proceeding with the introduction of renewable energy, taking into account the diffusion rate and economic efficiency in each country. With regard to expanding the introduction of renewable energy, we are proceeding with the introduction of renewable energy, taking into account the diffusion rate and economic efficiency in each country, and we are considering introducing With regard to expanding the introduction of renewable energy, we are proceeding with the introduction of renewable energy, taking into account the diffusion rate and economic efficiency in each country, and we are considering introducing renewable energy at the Mishima Plant of Olympus Terumo Biomaterials Corporation in Japan, the Redmond site of Olympus Surgical Technologies America (Olympus Surgical Technologies America (Gyrus ACMI, Inc.) in Redmond, and Olympus Medical Products Czech spol s.r.o. in Europe. In addition, the Olympus Group is also building environmentally friendly buildings when establishing or In addition, the Olympus Group is also building environmentally friendly buildings when establishing or rebuilding offices, and the new Nagano Office building in Japan uses 100% renewable energy. Regarding the basic unit index Our basic unit figure is 0.000000453, but the basic unit figure is entered in the unit that can be entered (0.000004 Our basic unit figure is 0.000000453, but the basic unit figure is entered in the unit that can be entered (0.000004).
[ADD ROW]

(7.52) Please provide additional climate-related indicators that are relevant to your organization's operations.

Row 1

(7.52.1) Details

Selection: 1

☒ Other, please specify :No additional indicators

(7.52.2) Indicator value

0

(7.52.3) Indicator molecule

0

(7.52.4) Indicator denominator (intensity only)

0

(7.52.5) Percent change from previous year

0

(7.52.6) Increase/decrease in change

Selection: 1

☒ No change

(7.52.7) Description.

No additional indicators

[ADD ROW]

(7.53) Were there any emission targets in effect for the reporting year?

Select all that apply

☒ aggregate target

(7.53.1) Provide total emission targets and details of progress against those targets.

Row 1

(7.53.1.1) Target reference number

Selection: 1

☒ Abs 1

(7.53.1.2) Is this a science-based goal?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, this goal has been approved by the Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi)

(7.53.1.3) Official Validation Document for Science-Based Goals Initiative

Olympus Corporation - Near-Term Approval Letter.pdf

(7.53.1.4) Ambition level of goals

Selection: 1

☒ Aligned with 1.5°C target

(7.53.1.5) Date target set

10/22/2023

(7.53.1.6) Scope of objectives

Selection: 1

☒ entire organization

(7.53.1.7) Greenhouse gases subject to the target

Select all that apply

☒ Carbon dioxide (CO2)

(7.53.1.8) Scope

Select all that apply

☒ Scope 1

☒ Scope 2

(7.53.1.9) Scope 2 calculation method

Selection: 1

☒ market standard

(7.53.1.11) End of base year

03/30/2020

(7.53.1.12) Base year Scope 1 emissions subject to the target (tons of CO2 equivalent)

27893

(7.53.1.13) Base year scope 2 emissions subject to the target (tons of CO2 equivalent)

57973

(7.53.1.31) Total Scope 3 emissions for the base year covered by the target (tons of CO)

0.000

(7.53.1.32) Base year total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) subject to all selected scope objectives

85866.000

(7.53.1.33) Percentage of base year Scope 1 emissions subject to the target out of total Scope 1 base year emissions

100

(7.53.1.34) Percentage of base year Scope 2 emissions subject to the target out of total base year Scope 2 emissions

100

(7.53.1.53) Percentage of base year emissions subject to the target for all selected scopes out of total base year emissions for all selected scopes

100

(7.53.1.54) Target end date

03/30/2031

(7.53.1.55) Target reduction from base year (%)

70

(7.53.1.56) Total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) at the end date of the target covered by the target for all selected scopes

25759.800

(7.53.1.57) Scope 1 emissions for the reporting year covered by the target (tons of CO)

8368

(7.53.1.58) Scope 2 emissions for the reporting year covered by the target (tons of CO2 equivalent)

17392

(7.53.1.77) Total emissions (tons of CO2 equivalent) for the reporting year for all selected scope objectives

25760.000

(7.53.1.78) Land-related emissions subject to the target

Selection: 1

☒ No, does not cover land-related emissions (e.g., non-FLAG SBT)

(7.53.1.79) Percentage of goals achieved relative to base year

100.00

(7.53.1.80) Status of goals for reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ in progress

(7.53.1.82) Please explain the target coverage and provide exclusions

The scope of this target is the Olympus Group's overall Scope 1 and 2 emissions. In terms of calculating emissions, subsidiaries that are difficult to calculate GHG emissions for on an annual basis, and that have less than 500 employees in the non-manufacturing sector and less than 100 employees in the manufacturing sector, have been excluded as they have a minimal impact on overall GHG emissions.

(7.53.1.83) Objective.

In May 2023, the Olympus Group announced its target of achieving net zero greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3) across its entire supply chain by FY 2040. has been certified by the SBTi as being consistent with the "1.5C target" set out in the Paris Agreement. In this response box, we describe the target of reducing scope 1 and 2 emissions by 70% by March 2031 in FY2020 in the short-term target. [Certified by SBTi] Net zero target: Achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3) across the entire supply chain by FY2040 Reduce greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by 70% from the FY2020 base year by FY2031 · By FY2028, 80% of our suppliers will By FY2028, 80% of our suppliers will have set greenhouse gas reduction targets based on scientific evidence (based on emissions from purchased products and services, capital materials, and upstream transportation and distribution) and upstream transportation and distribution)

(7.53.1.84) Plans to achieve objectives and progress achieved at the end of the reporting year.

The Olympus Group has created a roadmap for achieving net zero emissions by FY2040, and is promoting short-, medium- and long-term initiatives such as Through this, we are making concrete reductions towards important milestones such as FY2031 and FY2040. As of FY2024, we have been able to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 51% compared to FY2020 (46% compared to the The main initiatives included promoting energy conservation at each manufacturing base in Japan, such as identifying air leak points and taking measures. The main initiatives included promoting energy conservation at each manufacturing base in Japan, such as identifying air leak points and taking measures to reduce energy loss using air leak measurement devices. In addition, Aizu Olympus received an energy conservation diagnosis from an external expert in order to uncover energy conservation measures that are difficult to discover internally. In expanding the use of renewable energy, we are considering the current state of diffusion and economic efficiency in each country as we move forward with our introduction plans. Olympus Surgical Technologies America (Gyrus ACMI, Inc.) in Redmond, and Olympus Medical Products Czech spol s.r.o. in Europe, have switched to 100% renewable energy. have

switched to 100% renewable energy.

(7.53.1.85) Targets set using a sectoral decarbonization approach

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

[ADD ROW]

(7.54) Were there any other climate-related targets in effect for the reporting year?

Select all that apply

☒ Goal to increase or maintain low-carbon energy consumption or production:.

☒ Net zero target

(7.54.1) Provide details of goals to increase low carbon energy consumption or production.

Row 1

(7.54.1.1) Target reference number

Selection: 1

☒ Low 1

(7.54.1.2) Target date

03/30/2020

(7.54.1.3) Scope of objectives

Selection: 1

☒ entire organization

(7.54.1.4) Target type: energy carrier

Selection: 1

☒ electric power

(7.54.1.5) Goal type: Activity

Selection: 1

☒ consumption

(7.54.1.6) Target Type: Energy Source

Selection: 1

☒ Renewable energy sources only

(7.54.1.7) End of base year

03/30/2020

(7.54.1.8) Consumption or production of the selected energy carrier in the reference year (MWh)

143637

(7.54.1.9) Percentage of low carbon or renewable energy in base year (%)

18.6

(7.54.1.10) Target end date

03/30/2031

(7.54.1.11) Percentage of low carbon or renewable energy at target end date

100

(7.54.1.12) Percentage of low carbon or renewable energy in the reporting year (%)

78

(7.54.1.13) Percentage of goals achieved relative to base year

72.97

(7.54.1.14) Status of goals for the reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ in progress

(7.54.1.16) Is this goal part of an emissions goal?

The relevant target is one of the emission reduction targets. In addition, the main target for FY2040 is to achieve net zero greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1, 2, and 3) across the entire The goal of this statement is to switch to renewable energy sources for the electricity needed to reduce CO2 emissions by FY2031.

(7.54.1.17) Is this goal part of a comprehensive initiative?

Select all that apply

☒ No, not part of a comprehensive initiative

(7.54.1.19) Please explain the target coverage and tell us the exclusions

This does not apply to tenant offices that cannot change the electricity usage menu. It is estimated that the excluded locations account for less than 10% of the total CO2 emissions. It is estimated that the excluded locations account for less than 10% of the total CO2 emissions.

(7.54.1.20) Objective.

By FY2031, we will use 100% renewable energy for the electricity used at our own business sites.

(7.54.1.21) Plans to achieve the objectives, and progress achieved at the end of the reporting year.

The Olympus Group is continuously implementing improvement activities that respond to regional characteristics, such as manufacturing improvements, energy and resource conservation, fuel conversion, and the introduction of natural energy. In FY2024, the introduction rate of renewable energy In FY2024, the introduction rate of renewable energy reached 78%, and we are continuing to consider introducing renewable energy, taking into account the diffusion status and economic efficiency in each country. As a major initiative, we have converted to 100% renewable energy for the electricity used at the Mishima Plant of Olympus Terumo Biomaterials in Japan, the Redmond site of Olympus Terumo Biomaterials in Japan, and the Redmond site of Olympus Terumo Biomaterials in the United States. As a major initiative, we have converted to 100% renewable energy for the electricity used at the Mishima Plant of Olympus Terumo Biomaterials in Japan, the Redmond site of

Olympus Surgical Technologies America (Gyrus ACMI, Inc.) in the Americas, and Olympus Medical Products Czech spol s.r.o. in Europe. In addition, the Olympus Group is also building environmentally friendly buildings when establishing or rebuilding offices, and has introduced 100% renewable energy-derived electricity in the newly constructed Nagano Office building in Japan. In Europe, a new solar power generation system has also been introduced and is in use at the building of Olympus Medical Products Portugal, Unipessoal LDA, a medical repair base built in 2023. FY2025, we plan to increase the ratio of renewable energy to 85% by introducing a solar power generation system at Olympus Vietnam Co. In FY2025 we plan to increase the ratio of renewable energy to 85% by introducing a solar power generation system at Olympus Vietnam Co. (Gyrus ACMI, Inc.).
[ADD ROW]

(7.54.3) Provide details of your net zero goal.

Row 1

(7.54.3.1) Target reference number

Selection: 1

☒ NZ1

(7.54.3.2) Target date

10/22/2023

(7.54.3.3) Scope of objectives

Selection: 1

☒ entire organization

(7.54.3.4) Goals associated with this net zero goal

Select all that apply

☒ Abs1

(7.54.3.5) Final day of goal to achieve net zero

03/30/2040

(7.54.3.6) Is this a science-based goal?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, this goal has been approved by the Science Based Targets Initiative (SBTi)

(7.54.3.7) Official Validation Document for Science-Based Goals Initiative

Olympus Corporation - Net Zero Approval Letter.pdf

(7.54.3.8) Scope

Select all that apply

☒ Scope 1

☒ Scope 2

☒ Scope 3

(7.54.3.9) Greenhouse gases subject to the target

Select all that apply

☒ Carbon dioxide (CO2)

(7.54.3.10) Please explain the target coverage and tell us the exclusions

The subsidiaries with difficulty of annually calculating their GHG emissions, which are non-manufacturing subsidiaries with 500 or less of employees and manufacturing ones with 100 or less of employees, are excluded, because they have little influence on the total amount of GHG emissions. The subsidiaries with difficulty of annually calculating their GHG emissions, which are non-manufacturing subsidiaries with 500 or less of employees, are excluded, because they have little influence on the total amount of GHG emissions.

(7.54.3.11) Objective.

The Olympus Group strongly recognises that climate change and other impacts on ecosystems caused by recent environmental pollution and excessive The KPI is to achieve virtually zero greenhouse gas emissions from scopes 1, 2 and 3 by 2040, and The SBT certification is closely linked to our ESG strategy. In the future, in order to achieve the greenhouse gas reduction targets, we will continue to develop and implement our own environmental management system. In the future, in order to achieve the greenhouse gas reduction target, we will continue to improve manufacturing activities at our sites around the world, switch to and introduce more renewable energy, and reduce the use of fossil fuels. In the future, in order to achieve the greenhouse gas reduction target, we will continue to improve manufacturing activities at our sites around the world, switch to and introduce more renewable energy, develop environmentally-friendly products, improve logistics efficiency, set

self-directed reduction targets for greenhouse gas emissions in collaboration with our suppliers, and support decarbonisation activities. We will continue to support decarbonisation activities.

(7.54.3.12) Do you intend to neutralize residual emissions through permanent carbon removal at the end of the target?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(7.54.3.13) Do you have plans to mitigate emissions across your value chain?

Selection: 1

☒ No, but will do so within the next two years

(7.54.3.14) Do you intend to purchase or cancel carbon credits for neutralization or cross-value chain mitigation?

Select all that apply

☒ Yes, we plan to purchase and cancel carbon credits for neutralization at the end of the target

(7.54.3.15) Interim targets and short-term investment plans for neutralization at the end of the target

In October 2023, Olympus received certification from the SBTi that the Olympus Group's short-term and net-zero targets are consistent with the We are working to achieve the above targets by creating a roadmap for decarbonization. Our medium-term KPIs are to reduce greenhouse gas emissions (Scope 1 and 2) by 70% from the FY2020 base year by FY2031, and to have 80% of our suppliers set greenhouse gas reduction targets. The investment plan is promoting the reform of manufacturing processes for energy efficiency, the switch to The investment plan is promoting the reform of manufacturing processes for energy efficiency, the switch to renewable energy, and the switch to electric vehicles for company cars, etc. For the remaining 10% of emissions, we will remove the equivalent amount of residual GHG emissions (less than 10%) through carbon absorption and carbon removal credits (such as planting and CO2 capture and storage). To promote this initiative, we are considering a procurement policy for carbon removal credits and are working to implement the most appropriate carbon removal for Olympus.

(7.54.3.17) Status of goals for reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ in progress

(7.54.3.19) Goal Review Process

In order to strengthen our ESG initiatives, we reexamined the sustainability strategy promotion system at the group level in the fiscal year ending March 2023, and

established a new sustainability governance system in April 2023. Under the new governance structure, the ESG Committee was established, with the ESG Officer as the owner and the heads of each business and functional division as members. The ESG Committee is responsible for implementing the sustainability strategy, deliberating on important measures related to materiality, and monitoring progress toward targets. The targets certified by the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) must be reviewed every five years or so, and if the current targets do not meet the latest standards and targets, including whether the targets are appropriate in light of the latest scientific knowledge and new information on climate change, we will consider resetting the targets.

[ADD ROW]

(7.55) Were there any emission reduction initiatives in effect during the reporting year? This includes those in the planning and implementation phases.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(7.55.1) Please indicate the total number of initiatives in each phase, and for initiatives in the implementation phase, please also indicate the estimated emission reductions (in CO

	Number of Initiatives	Estimated total annual emission reductions in tons of CO2 equivalent (only rows marked with *)
under investigation	1	numeric entry
Scheduled to be carried out	21	4665
Commencement of implementation	0	0
being carried out	23	3526
Unable to implement	1	numeric entry

[Fixed line]

(7.55.2) Provide details of the initiatives undertaken in the reporting year in the table below.

Row 1

(7.55.2.1) Categories of Initiatives and Types of Initiatives

Building Energy Efficiency

☒ Lighting

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e emission reductions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

415

(7.55.2.3) Scope or Scope 3 category in which emissions reductions are occurring

Select all that apply

☒ Scope 2 (location-based)

☒ Scope 2 (market standard)

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Selection: 1

☒ voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual cost savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

12450000

(7.55.2.6) Required investment (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

95239211

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

Selection: 1

☒ Over 25 years

(7.55.2.8) Estimated duration of the initiative's activities

Selection: 1

☒ Over 30 years

(7.55.2.9) Comment.

We are gradually switching from inverter lighting to high-efficiency lighting.

Row 2

(7.55.2.1) Categories of Initiatives and Types of Initiatives

Building Energy Efficiency

☒ Heating, Ventilation, and Air Conditioning (HVAC)

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e emission reductions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

29

(7.55.2.3) Scope or Scope 3 category in which emissions reductions are occurring

Select all that apply

☒ Scope 2 (location-based)

☒ Scope 2 (market standard)

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Selection: 1

☒ voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual cost savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

870000

(7.55.2.6) Required investment (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

108320000

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

Selection: 1

☒ Over 25 years

(7.55.2.8) Estimated duration of the initiative's activities

Selection: 1

☒ Over 30 years

(7.55.2.9) Comment.

We are improving air conditioning efficiency by updating air conditioning equipment and installing content sheets.

Row 3

(7.55.2.1) Categories of Initiatives and Types of Initiatives

Low Carbon Energy Consumption

☒ Solar power generation

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e emission reductions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

620

(7.55.2.3) Scope or Scope 3 category in which emissions reductions are occurring

Select all that apply

☒ Scope 2 (location-based)

☒ Scope 2 (market standard)

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Selection: 1

☒ voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual cost savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

18600000

(7.55.2.6) Required investment (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

0

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

Selection: 1

☒ No payback

(7.55.2.8) Estimated duration of the initiative's activities

Selection: 1

☒ Ongoing

(7.55.2.9) Comment.

We are introducing solar power generation such as green power contracts and PPAs with

Row 4

(7.55.2.1) Categories of Initiatives and Types of Initiatives

Emissions due to leakage

☒ Other, please specify :Efficiency improvement

(7.55.2.2) Estimated annual CO2e emission reductions (tons of CO2 equivalent)

2543

(7.55.2.3) Scope or Scope 3 category in which emissions reductions are occurring

Select all that apply

☒ Scope 1

(7.55.2.4) Voluntary/Mandatory

Selection: 1

☒ voluntary

(7.55.2.5) Annual cost savings (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

76290000

(7.55.2.6) Required investment (unit currency - as specified in C0.4)

0

(7.55.2.7) Payback period

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1 year

(7.55.2.8) Estimated duration of the initiative's activities

Selection: 1

☒ Less than 1 year

(7.55.2.9) Comment.

We are promoting everyday energy-saving activities and initiatives to improve productivity.

[ADD ROW]

(7.55.3) What methods does your company use to encourage investment in emission reduction activities?

Row 1

(7.55.3.1) Method

Selection: 1

☒ Dedicated budget for research and development of low-carbon products

(7.55.3.2) Comment.

Investment to R&D process to reduce total CO2 emissions across product lifecycles is important for us.

Row 2

(7.55.3.1) Method

Selection: 1

☒ Dedicated budget for other emission reduction activities

(7.55.3.2) Comment.

Water, resources that are also contribute to reduce CO2 emissions is also important for us.

Row 3

(7.55.3.1) Method

Selection: 1

☒ Dedicated budget for energy conservation

(7.55.3.2) Comment.

Investment to new environmental facilities is essential as process improvement to reduce CO2 emissions.

Row 4

(7.55.3.1) Method

Selection: 1

☒ Compliance with regulatory requirements/standards

(7.55.3.2) Comment.

Investment to employment of personnel with specialized knowledge and new environmental facilities is essential as complying with laws and regulations.
[ADD ROW]

(7.73) Does your organization provide product-level data on its products or services?

Selection: 1

☒ No, we do not provide data.

(7.74) Do you classify your organization's products and services as low carbon products?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(7.79) Did your organization cancel (write off) any project-derived carbon credits during the reporting year?

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

C9. environmental performance - water security

(9.1) Are any water-related data excluded from disclosure?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(9.1.1) Provide details on any exclusions.

Row 1

(9.1.1.1) Exclusions

Selection: 1

☒ facility

(9.1.1.2) Exclusion Details

Nonmanufacturing facilities

(9.1.1.3) Reason for exclusion

Selection: 1

☒ Because the site, building, etc. are common property

(9.1.1.7) Percentage of total water volume excluded

Selection: 1

☒ 1 ~ 5%

(9.1.1.8) Description.

Non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded because it is not possible to determine the actual water consumption as Olympus and the estimated Non-

manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded because it is not possible to determine the actual water consumption as Olympus and the estimated exclusion ratio is 2.0%, which is insignificant.
[ADD ROW]

(9.2) What percentage of the following water aspects are regularly measured and monitored throughout your organization's operations?

Water withdrawal - total

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76 ~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ monthly

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the volume of water regularly by meters and measures the water quality (temperature, pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality. Each site measures the volume of water regularly by meters and measures the water quality (temperature pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It also identifies the source of water withdrawals such as groundwater and supply from third parties. Each site measures the volume of water daily by meters and measures the water quality (temperature, pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality. Function collects water withdrawals information at each site every three months, and evaluates the total amount of water withdrawals, the amount of water withdrawals by water stress area, and the amount of water withdrawals by water source

Water Withdrawals - Volume by Source

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ monthly

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the volume of water regularly by meters and measures the water quality (temperature, pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality. Each site measures the volume of water regularly by meters and measures the water quality (temperature pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It also identifies the source of water withdrawals such as groundwater and supply from third parties. Each site measures the volume of water daily by meters and measures the water quality (temperature, pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality. Function collects water withdrawals information at each site every three months, and evaluates the total amount of water withdrawals, the amount of water withdrawals by water stress area, and the amount of water withdrawals by water source. The EHS Control Function collects water withdrawals information at each site every three months, and evaluates the total amount of water withdrawals, the amount of water withdrawals by water stress area, and the amount of water withdrawals by water source.

Water quality of intake

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ every year

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the volume of water regularly by meters and measures the water quality (temperature, pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality. Each site measures the volume of water regularly by meters and measures the water quality (temperature pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because the amount of water withdrawals is small and the impact is small. It also identifies the source of water withdrawals such as groundwater and supply from third parties. Each site measures the volume of water daily by meters and measures the water quality (temperature, pH, E. coli, and other items) at least once a year to confirm the appropriateness of the water quality. Function collects water withdrawals information at each site every three months, and evaluates the total amount of water withdrawals, the amount of The EHS Control Function collects water withdrawals information at each site every three months, and evaluates the total amount of water withdrawals, the amount of water withdrawals by water stress area, and the amount of water withdrawals by water source

Volume of wastewater - total

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ monthly

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the amount of wastewater regularly with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they discharge less wastewater. For this reason, we answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. We know whether the wastewater destination of each site is public water or sewage. Each site measures the amount of wastewater on a daily basis with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater exceed voluntary and legal standards.

Volume of wastewater - by discharge destination

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ monthly

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the amount of wastewater regularly with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they discharge less wastewater. For this reason, we

answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. We know whether the wastewater destination of each site is public water or sewage. Each site measures the amount of wastewater on a daily basis with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater exceed voluntary and legal standards.

Wastewater Volume - Wastewater Volume by Treatment Method

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not monitored

(9.2.4) Description.

Olympus does not track wastewater volumes by treatment method.

Wastewater Quality - by Standard Wastewater Parameters

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ every year

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the amount of wastewater regularly with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they discharge less wastewater. For this reason, we answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. We know whether the wastewater destination of each site is public water or sewage. Each site measures the amount of wastewater on a daily basis with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater exceed voluntary and legal standards.

Wastewater quality - discharge to water (nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, other priority toxicants)

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 1 ~ 25

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ every year

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the amount of wastewater regularly with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they discharge less wastewater. For this reason, we answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. We know whether the wastewater destination of each site is public water or sewage. Each site measures the amount of wastewater on a daily basis with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluates whether the temperature and quality of was at least once a year. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the

temperature and quality of wastewater exceed voluntary and legal standards.

Effluent water quality - Temperature

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76 ~ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ Once per quarter

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Each site measures the amount of wastewater regularly with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards.

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they discharge less wastewater. For this reason, we answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. We know whether the wastewater destination of each site is public water or sewage. Each site measures the amount of wastewater on a daily basis with flowmeters. We also measure water quality at least once a year for items specified by laws and regulations, such as temperature and heavy metals, and confirm that they satisfy voluntary standards that are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater are stricter than the legal standards. The EHS Control Function of Olympus Group collects information on the amount of wastewater every three months, and evaluate whether the temperature and quality of wastewater exceed voluntary and legal standards.

Water consumption - total

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76～ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ Once per quarter

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

We manage the amount of water consumed every three months as the difference between the amount of water taken and the amount of wastewater discharged.

(9.2.4) Description.

Olympus manages the consumption of water at all of its manufacturing sites. Non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they consume less water. For this reason, they answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. We manage the amount of water consumed every three months as the difference between the amount of water taken and the amount of wastewater discharged.

Recycled/reused water

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76～ 99

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ Once per quarter

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

Olympus does not use recycled water at all Group sites

(9.2.4) Description.

It should be noted that Non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded from the scope of management because they use less water. For this reason, they answered that not all groups (100%) were grasped, but 76% or more were grasped. Olympus does not use recycled water at all Group sites. The EHS control function of the entire group checks every three months for changes in this situation. The EHS control function of the entire group checks every three months for changes in this situation.

Fully managed water, wastewater, and sanitation (WASH) services to all employees

(9.2.1) Percentage of sites/facilities/business activities (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 100%.

(9.2.2) Frequency of measurement

Selection: 1

☒ Once per quarter

(9.2.3) Measurement Method

The amount of this type of water is measured with utility bills monthly.

(9.2.4) Description.

Olympus verifies the safety of the water provided to its employees at all Group sites. Employees are assured that their water use complies with drinking-water quality standards at the frequency and in the manner prescribed by national laws and regulations. At overseas bases where it is difficult to obtain high-quality water, measures such as the installation of water bottles are being implemented.

[Fixed line]

(9.2.2) Please describe the total amount of water withdrawn, discharged, and consumed throughout your organization's operations, compared to the previous reporting year, as well as any anticipated future changes.

total water intake

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.2.3) Main reasons for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.2.4) 5-year projection

Selection: 1

☒ numerous

(9.2.2.5) Main basis for future projections

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.2.6) Description.

Changes from the previous year: We increased water withdrawals and discharges by about 3% compared to FY2023 (April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023) Why or why not the volume has changed: We reduced the water withdrawals and discharges per sales by about 3% compared to the As a result, total water withdrawal and wastewater discharge remained almost unchanged. As a result, total water withdrawal and discharge remained almost unchanged (within 5%) from the previous year. As a result, total water withdrawal and wastewater discharge remained almost unchanged (within 5% from the previous year.

total volume of water discharged

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.2.3) Main reasons for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.2.4) 5-year projection

Selection: 1

☒ numerous

(9.2.2.5) Main basis for future projections

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.2.6) Description.

Changes from the previous year: We increased water withdrawals and discharges by about 3% compared to FY2023 (April 1, 2022-March 31, 2023). Why or why not the volume has changed: We reduced the water withdrawals and discharges per sales by about 3% compared to the As a result, the total amount of water withdrawals and discharges increased. How future volumes may vary: It is expected that the water withdrawals and discharges will increase as the production of medical devices will increase. How future volumes may vary: It is expected that the water withdrawals and discharges will increase as the production of medical devices will increase.

Total consumption

(9.2.2.1) Volume (megaliters/year)

0

(9.2.2.2) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.2.3) Main reasons for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Already achieved maximum possible reduction in water use

(9.2.2.4) 5-year projection

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.2.5) Main basis for future projections

Selection: 1

☒ Already achieved maximum possible reduction in water use

(9.2.2.6) Description.

Changes from the previous year: We have no change from previous year. However, the bill from a third party shows that the amount of water withdrawals equals the amount of water discharge. However, the bill from a third party shows that the amount of water withdrawals equals the amount of water discharge. Therefore, there is no change from the previous year because the water consumption is calculated to be zero in any year. However, the consumption amount will be zero as mentioned above.

[Fixed line]

(9.2.4) Do you withdraw water from areas under water stress? What is the volume, compared to the previous reporting year, and what are the projected changes?

(9.2.4.1) Water withdrawal is from areas under water stress

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(9.2.4.8) Tools used for verification

Select all that apply

☒ WRI Aqueduct

(9.2.4.9) Description.

Olympus does not receive its water supply from areas with high water stress. We use WRI Aqueduct to assess the water stress of our business sites every year, and we have confirmed that we are not located in areas with high water stress. Olympus is strongly aware that the depletion of water resources is a social issue, and we are working to reduce our water usage by using water efficiently in our production processes and in our staff canteens, etc.

[Fixed line]

(9.2.7) Please indicate the total water withdrawal by source.

Fresh surface water (including rainwater, wetland water, rivers, and lakes)

(9.2.7.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.2.7.5) Description.

Why this source is not relevant: Olympus does not use this kind of water in our business operation. Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this kind of water because this kind of water is difficult to match the water quality that we require in our business operation.

Brackish surface water/seawater

(9.2.7.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.2.7.5) Description.

Why this source is not relevant: Olympus does not use this kind of water in our business operation. Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this kind of water because this kind of water is difficult to match the water quality that we require in our business operation.

Groundwater - Renewable

(9.2.7.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Relevance.

(9.2.7.2) Quantity (megaliters/year)

383

(9.2.7.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.7.4) Main reason for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.7.5) Description.

Why this source is relevant: We use groundwater to manufacture our products at some of our sites. Therefore, we judge this source as "relevant". Change from the previous year: The amount of this type of water in the previous year was 376 megaliters/year, so there is no particular change. Future anticipated trends: We will improve the efficiency of water use in our process. However, we will increase the amount of water by this source because the demand for our medical devices will increase.

Groundwater - non-renewable

(9.2.7.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.2.7.5) Description.

Why this source is not relevant: Olympus does not use this kind of water in our business operation. Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this kind of water because this kind of water is difficult to match the water quality that we require in our business operation.

Accompanying water/included water

(9.2.7.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.2.7.5) Description.

Why this source is not relevant: Olympus does not use this kind of water in our business operation. Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this Future anticipated trends: We will not withdraw this kind of water because this kind of water is difficult to match the water quality that we require in our business operation.

third-party water source

(9.2.7.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Relevance.

(9.2.7.2) Quantity (megaliters/year)

338

(9.2.7.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.7.4) Main reason for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.7.5) Description.

Why this source is relevant: We are using water by third-party sources to manufacture our products. therefore, we judge this source as " relevant". Change from the previous year: We increased this type of water by about 4.97% compared to last year, which was 322 megaliters/year. Future anticipated trends: We will improve the efficiency of water use in our process. However, we will increase the amount of water by this source because the demand for our medical devices will increase.
[Fixed line]

(9.2.8) Please indicate the total volume of wastewater by discharge destination.

Fresh surface water

(9.2.8.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Relevance.

(9.2.8.2) Volume (megaliters/year)

240

(9.2.8.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ almost the same

(9.2.8.4) Main reason for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.8.5) Description.

Why this destination is relevant: Some of our sites discharge wastewater into rivers. Therefore, we judge this destination as "relevant". Change from the previous year: The amount of discharged to fresh surface in the previous year was 242 megaliters/year, so there is no particular change. Future anticipated trends: We will improve the efficiency of water use in our process. However, we will increase the amount of this type of water discharge because the demand for our medical devices will increase.

Brackish surface water/seawater

(9.2.8.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.2.8.5) Description.

Why this destination is not relevant: Olympus does not discharge our waste water in our business operation to brackish surface water. Future anticipated trends: We will not discharge our waste water to the brackish surface water because all our sites don't face to lake and sea.

underground water

(9.2.8.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.2.8.5) Description.

Why this destination is not relevant: Olympus does not discharge our waste water in our business operation to groundwater. Future anticipated trends: We will not discharge our waste water to groundwater because groundwater is used by residences near our sites as water for living.

Third Party Dischargers

(9.2.8.1) Relevance to business

Selection: 1

☒ Relevance.

(9.2.8.2) Volume (megaliters/year)

481

(9.2.8.3) Comparison with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ numerous

(9.2.8.4) Main reason for change/no change from previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Expansion/contraction of business activities

(9.2.8.5) Description.

Why this destination is relevant: We are discharging our waste water to sewage. Therefore, we judge this destination as "relevant". Change from the previous year: We increased the amount of water discharged to sewage by approximately 5% compared to last year, which was 456 megaliters/ However, we will increase the amount of this type of water However, we will increase the amount of this type of water discharge because the demand for our medical devices will increase.
[Fixed line]

(9.2.10) Please provide specific information on your organization's discharges of nitrates, phosphates, pesticides, and other priority toxic substances to water bodies during the reporting year.

(9.2.10.1) Discharge to water bodies in the reporting year (metric tons)

0.63

(9.2.10.2) Categories of substances contained

Select all that apply

- ☒ nitrate
- ☒ phosphate
- ☒ pesticide
- ☒ Priority hazardous substances identified in the EU Water Framework Directive

(9.2.10.3) List of specific substances contained

Cadmium and its compounds Dichloromethane Lead and its compounds Mercury and its compounds Nonylphenols Octylphenols Pentachlorophenol

(9.2.10.4) Description.

Olympus Group implements thorough wastewater control by adopting stricter standards than the legal requirements in each region/Each country. We monitor the levels of harmful substances such as nitrates, phosphates and agricultural chemicals in wastewater at least once a year to ensure that they are below the legal limit.

[Fixed line]

(9.3) How many facilities have you identified significant water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities in your own operations and upstream value chains?

direct operation

(9.3.1) Identification of facilities at stages along the value chain

Selection: 1

- ☒ Yes, we have assessed the stages on this value chain and identified facilities with water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities.

(9.3.2) Total number of facilities identified

2

(9.3.3) Percentage of facilities with own business

Selection: 1

☒ 1 ~ 25

(9.3.4) Description.

The Olympus Group contributes to the medical industry through a wide range of products and services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes and video imaging systems to system integration and repair services. The use of high-quality water in the manufacturing process is extremely important from the perspective of improving product quality, and is used in cleaning processes, etc. There are a variety of products and services, from flexible endoscopes, rigid endoscopes and video imaging systems to system integration and repair services. The use of high-quality water in the manufacturing process is extremely important from the perspective of improving product quality, and is used in cleaning processes, etc. There are stricter regulations and stronger demands from local communities regarding wastewater from business. There are stricter regulations and stronger demands from local communities regarding wastewater from business sites, and there is also the possibility of reputational risk in the event of an accident, along with the strengthening of management systems and increased operating costs. There are stricric regulations and stronger demands from local communities regarding wastewater from business sites, and there is also the possibility of reputational risk in the event of an accident, along with the with the strengthening of management systems and increased operating costs. These factories in Japan are the main factories for manufacturing Olympus Group products, and if production at these factories were to stop, it could have an impact on the sales of the entire Olympus Group. However, each base has established standards stricter than local laws and regulations to thoroughly manage the quality of wastewater at each base, and has also set targets for In addition, each site is working in partnership with the local community to actively conserve water. In addition, each site is working in partnership with the local community to actively conserve water resources, and we expect the risk to be limited.

Upstream of the value chain

(9.3.1) Identification of facilities at stages along the value chain

Selection: 1

☒ No, we have not evaluated the stages in the value chain for facilities with water-related dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities, but will do so within the next two years.

(9.3.4) Description.

Olympus regards the quality deterioration of supply parts due to water shortage and deterioration of water quality, the impact on operation due to lack of correspondence to water related regulations, etc. as risks related to suppliers. Therefore, we are asking our suppliers to comply with the OLYMPUS Group's green procurement standards. Under this standard, we are seeking compliance with water related laws and regulations such as wastewater. In addition, we prioritize business partners who are setting goals and implementing activities related to water management. Regarding procurement from Japan, our flagship manufacturing corporation, we survey suppliers' efforts including green procurement standard items once a year and evaluate them. Because of these factors, we believe that there are water risks related to our own operations, but we do not believe it will lead to substantial risk.

[Fixed line]

(9.3.1) For each facility listed in question 9.3, please provide geographic coordinates, water accounting data, and a comparison to the previous reporting year.

Row 1

(9.3.1.1) Facility reference number

Selection: 1

☒ Facility 1

(9.3.1.2) Facility name (optional)

Tatsuno

(9.3.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Selection: 1

☒ direct operation

(9.3.1.4) Dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities identified for this facility

Select all that apply

☒ affect

☒ risk

(9.3.1.5) Water withdrawal or discharge in the reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, water withdrawal and wastewater discharge

(9.3.1.7) Country/Region and River Basin

Japan

☒ Tenryu River

(9.3.1.8) Latitude

35.945923

(9.3.1.9) Longitude

137.987074

(9.3.1.10) Located in areas under water stress

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(9.3.1.13) Total water withdrawal at the facility (megaliters)

73.81

(9.3.1.14) Comparison of total water withdrawal with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ numerous

(9.3.1.15) Withdrawal from fresh surface water (including water from stormwater, wetlands, rivers and lakes)

0

(9.3.1.16) Brackish water withdrawal from surface water/seawater

0

(9.3.1.17) Withdrawal from Groundwater - Renewable

72.26

(9.3.1.18) Withdrawals from Groundwater - Non-Renewable

0

(9.3.1.19) Withdrawal from incidental water/mixed water

0

(9.3.1.20) Water withdrawal from third-party sources

1.56

(9.3.1.21) Total volume of wastewater at this facility (megaliters)

73.81

(9.3.1.22) Comparison of total water discharge with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ numerous

(9.3.1.23) Drainage of freshwater to surface water

73.81

(9.3.1.24) Brackish water draining to surface water/seawater

0

(9.3.1.25) Drainage to groundwater

0

(9.3.1.26) Discharge to a third party discharge site

0

(9.3.1.27) Total water consumption at the facility (megaliters)

73.81

(9.3.1.28) Comparison of total consumption with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ numerous

(9.3.1.29) Description.

Due to the lifting of restrictions on coming to work due to COVID-19 and the launch of a new building in 2024, the amount of water used and the amount of wastewater have increased since last year. Due to the lifting of restrictions on coming to work due to COVID-19 and the launch of a new building in 2024, the amount of water used and the amount of wastewater have increased since last year. Third-party suppliers refer to the tap water supplied by local governments.

Row 3

(9.3.1.1) Facility reference number

Selection: 1

☒ Facility 2

(9.3.1.2) Facility name (optional)

Kita Aizu

(9.3.1.3) Phases on the value chain

Selection: 1

☒ direct operation

(9.3.1.4) Dependencies, impacts, risks, and opportunities identified for this facility

Select all that apply

☒ affect

☒ risk

(9.3.1.5) Water withdrawal or discharge in the reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, water withdrawal and wastewater discharge

(9.3.1.7) Country/Region and River Basin

Japan

☒ Other, please specify :Agagawa

(9.3.1.8) Latitude

37.526428

(9.3.1.9) Longitude

139.872897

(9.3.1.10) Located in areas under water stress

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(9.3.1.13) Total water withdrawal at the facility (megaliters)

103.48

(9.3.1.14) Comparison of total water withdrawal with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ few

(9.3.1.15) Withdrawal from fresh surface water (including water from stormwater, wetlands, rivers and lakes)

0

(9.3.1.16) Brackish water withdrawals from surface water/seawater

0

(9.3.1.17) Withdrawal from Groundwater - Renewable

103.48

(9.3.1.18) Withdrawals from Groundwater - Non-Renewable

0

(9.3.1.19) Withdrawal from incidental water/mixed water

0

(9.3.1.20) Water withdrawal from third-party sources

0

(9.3.1.21) Total volume of wastewater at this facility (megaliters)

103.48

(9.3.1.22) Comparison of total water discharge with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ few

(9.3.1.23) Drainage of freshwater to surface water

103.48

(9.3.1.24) Brackish water draining to surface water/seawater

0

(9.3.1.25) Drainage to groundwater

0

(9.3.1.26) Discharge to a third party discharge site

0

(9.3.1.27) Total water consumption at the facility (megaliters)

103.48

(9.3.1.28) Comparison of total consumption with previous reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ few

(9.3.1.29) Description.

At the site in Kita Aizu, the amount of water used increases and decreases depending on the annual snowfall. In FY2024, the amount of snowfall was lower than the previous year, so the amount of water used and the amount of wastewater decreased.

[ADD ROW]

(9.3.2) For the facilities directly owned and operated by your organization listed in question 9.3.1, please indicate the percentage of water accounting data that is subject to third-party verification.

Water withdrawal - total

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 100

(9.3.2.2) Verification criteria used

International Standards for Assurance Services (ISAE) 3000 (revised) of the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) "Assurance services other than auditing or reviewing historical financial information".

Water Withdrawal - Water withdrawal by source

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ 76~ 100

(9.3.2.2) Verification criteria used

International Standards for Assurance Services (ISAE) 3000 (revised) of the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) "Assurance services other than auditing or reviewing historical financial information".

Water withdrawal - Water quality by standard water quality parameters

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not verified.

(9.3.2.3) Description.

Olympus does not have third-party certification for the quality of its water intake or wastewater.

Volume of wastewater - total

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not verified.

(9.3.2.3) Description.

Olympus does not have third-party certification for the amount of wastewater it produces. This is because Olympus does not manufacture products that contain water, so the amount of water intake is the same as the amount of wastewater, and consumption is zero.

Volume of wastewater - by discharge destination

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not verified.

(9.3.2.3) Description.

Olympus does not have third-party certification for the amount of wastewater it produces. This is because Olympus does not manufacture products that contain water, so the amount of water intake is the same as the amount of wastewater, and consumption is zero.

Volume of wastewater - by final treatment level

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not verified.

(9.3.2.3) Description.

Olympus does not have third-party certification for the amount of wastewater it produces. This is because Olympus does not manufacture products that contain water, so the amount of water intake is the same as the amount of wastewater, and consumption is zero.

Effluent - Water Quality by Standard Water Quality Parameters

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not verified.

(9.3.2.3) Description.

Olympus does not have third-party certification for the quality of its water intake or wastewater.

Water consumption - total

(9.3.2.1) Verification rate (%)

Selection: 1

☒ Not relevant.

(9.3.2.3) Description.

Olympus does not have third-party certification for the amount of wastewater it produces. This is because Olympus does not manufacture products that contain water, so the amount of water intake is the same as the amount of wastewater, and consumption is zero.

[Fixed line]

(9.4) Could any of your organization's facilities reported in question 9.3.1 affect the CDP supply chain member company requesting a response?

Selection: 1

☒ No, CDP supply chain members do not purchase goods or services from any of the facilities listed in question 9.3.1.

(9.5) Please enter your organization's total water withdrawal efficiency figures.

	Sales (Currency)	Total water withdrawal efficiency	Anticipated future trends
	936210000000	1298488210.82	As the production of medical devices and water usage are expected to increase, the total water withdrawal efficiency will remain flat.

[Fixed line]

(9.13) Do any of your organization's products contain substances classified as hazardous by regulatory authorities?

	Product contains hazardous substances
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(9.13.1) What percentage of your organization's sales are products from your organization that contain substances classified as hazardous by regulatory authorities?

Row 1

(9.13.1.1) Designation of hazardous substances by regulatory authorities

Selection: 1

☒ Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (UK regulation)

(9.13.1.2) Percentage of sales of products containing substances on this list

Selection: 1

☒ Over 80

(9.13.1.3) Description.

We have products which contain hazardous substances classified by some laws and regulations, and have the data that indicates those percentage of the We have products which contain hazardous substances classified by some laws and regulations, and have the data that indicates those percentage of the sold products for all ones, however, we don't know the percentage of revenue associated with those.

Row 2

(9.13.1.1) Designation of hazardous substances by regulatory authorities

Selection: 1

☒ Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern for Authorisation above 0.1% by weight (EU regulation)

(9.13.1.2) Percentage of sales of products containing substances on this list

Selection: 1

☒ Over 80

(9.13.1.3) Description.

We have products which contain hazardous substances classified by some laws and regulations, and have the data that indicates those percentage of the We have products which contain hazardous substances classified by some laws and regulations, and have the data that indicates those percentage of the sold products for all ones, however, we don't know the percentage of revenue associated with those.

[ADD ROW]

(9.14) Are there any products or services that your organization currently manufactures or provides that have a low impact on water?

(9.14.1) Products and/or services classified as having low impact on water resources

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(9.14.2) Definitions used to classify low impact on water

Our endoscope washer is a product that also takes water conservation into account by reducing cleaning time and improving cleaning efficiency. As a result, it contributes to reducing the amount of water used in the use stage of our value chain.

(9.14.4) Description.

We also manufacture "endoscope washing and disinfection devices" that allow doctors to more efficiently and safely clean and disinfect endoscopes between cases, so that patients can receive endoscopic examinations, procedures and treatments with peace of mind. We also manufacture "endoscope washing and disinfection devices" that allow doctors to more efficiently and safely clean and disinfect endoscopes between cases, so that patients can receive endoscopic examinations, procedures and treatments with peace of mind. This device uses a peracetic acid disinfectant that breaks down into water, oxygen and acetic acid, and is an environmentally friendly product that automatically washes and disinfects two endoscopes between cases, so that that patients can receive endoscopic examinations, procedures and treatments with peace of mind. automatically washes and disinfects two scopes simultaneously in just 18 minutes.

[Fixed line]

(9.15) Does your organization have water-related quantitative goals?

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(9.15.1) Please indicate whether there are quantitative targets associated with water pollution, water withdrawal, WASH, and other water-related categories.

water pollution

(9.15.1.1) Quantitative objectives established in this category

Selection: 1

☒ No, but will do so within the next two years

(9.15.1.2) Description.

Although Olympus does not have specific targets for water pollution, we regularly check the quality of wastewater at all group sites to ensure that it meets legal standards and our own standards, which are stricter than the legal requirements.

volume of water taken from (a river, pond, flood, etc.)

(9.15.1.1) Quantitative objectives established in this category

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

Water, Sewage and Sanitation (WASH) Services

(9.15.1.1) Quantitative objectives established in this category

Selection: 1

☒ No, but will do so within the next two years

(9.15.1.2) Description.

Olympus verifies the safety of the water provided to its employees at all group sites. Our employees are assured that their water use comply with drinking-water quality standards by laws and regulations. In case that it is difficult to obtain high-quality water at a site, responding measures such as the installation of water bottles is implemented. In case that it is difficult to obtain high-quality water at a site, responding measures such as the installation of water bottles is implemented.

Other

(9.15.1.1) Quantitative objectives established in this category

Selection: 1

☒ No, and we have no plans to do so within the next two years.

(9.15.1.2) Description.

*Olympus has not set water targets other than those listed above.
[Fixed line]*

(9.15.2) Please specify your organization's quantitative water-related goals and progress against them.

Row 1

(9.15.2.1) Target Reference Number

Selection: 1

☒ Objective 1.

(9.15.2.2) Scope of objectives

Selection: 1

☒ Entire organization (direct operations only)

(9.15.2.3) Target Categories and Quantitative Indicators

Water withdrawal

☒ Reduction in water withdrawal per sale

(9.15.2.4) Target Date

03/31/2023

(9.15.2.5) End of Base Year

03/30/2023

(9.15.2.6) Base year values

12.6

(9.15.2.7) End date of target year

03/30/2026

(9.15.2.8) Target year figures

12.6

(9.15.2.9) Figures for reporting year

13

(9.15.2.10) Status of goals for the reporting year

Selection: 1

☒ Achieved and maintained

(9.15.2.12) Global environmental conventions/initiatives/frameworks that are consistent with or support this goal

Select all that apply

☒ Sustainable Development Goal 6

(9.15.2.13) Please explain the target coverage and tell us the exclusions

Olympus covers water intake at manufacturing sites and company-owned buildings. Non-manufacturing sites (tenants) are excluded because it is not possible to determine the actual water consumption as Olympus and the estimated exclusion ratio is 2.0%, which is insignificant.

(9.15.2.15) Actions that have contributed the most to achieving or maintaining this goal

Our company uses water mainly for cleaning parts and cooling water in the production process, and in the staff canteen. At each base, we have established standards stricter than local regulations to thoroughly manage the quality of wastewater at each base, and we have also set targets for water use. In the reporting year, water use efficiency relative to sales was improved by promoting efforts to reduce water use and discharge at bases with high water use. In the reporting year, water use efficiency relative to sales was improved by promoting efforts to reduce water use in manufacturing processes.

(9.15.2.16) Additional information on goals

Olympus' goal from FY2024 to FY2026 is to achieve water use efficiency relative to sales at or above the base year of FY2023.
[ADD ROW]

C10. environmental performance - plastics

(10.1) Does your organization have any plastics-related quantitative goals? If yes, please indicate the type.

	Is there a quantitative goal?	Description.
	<i>Selection: 1</i> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, and we have no plans to do so within the next two years.	

[Fixed line]

(10.2) Please indicate whether or not your organization engages in the following activities

Manufacturing and sales of plastic polymers (including plastic converters)

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Production/commercialization of durable plastic products/parts (including mixed materials)

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Product stewardship is an initiative to ensure the quality and safety of products and packaging at all stages of the lifecycle (development, procurement of raw materials, manufacturing, transportation, use, repair, disposal/recycling), and to minimize the risk of impact on people and the environment. The Olympus Group pursues environmentally conscious design (eco-design) of products and packaging materials in product development for sustainable In the fiscal year ending March 2004, we established our own standards for environmentally In the fiscal year ending March 2004, we established our own standards for environmentally conscious design of products and packaging materials, the "Eco-Products Management Regulations," and have been promoting the development of products that meet these standards. In the fiscal year ending March 2004, we established our own standards for environmentally conscious design of products and packaging materials, the "Eco-Products Management Regulations," and have been promoting the development of products that meet these standards (Olympus Eco-Products). However, with environmental issues such as climate change and resource depletion becoming more serious, we felt that our current efforts were insufficient. We also recognized that accelerating our efforts to improve "Product Sustainability" was one of the key Therefore, in the area of ESG (Environment, Social, Governance) in the new Therefore, in the area of ESG (Environment, Social, Governance) in the new management strategy announced in May 2023, we have set out "Realization of a circular economy through product stewardship" and have established a dedicated promotion organization within the global medtech industry. Therefore, in the area of ESG (Environment, Social, Governance) in the new management strategy announced in May 2023, we have set out "Realization of a circular economy through product stewardship".

Use of durable plastic products/parts (including mixed materials)

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Plastic packaging production/commercialization

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Production/commercialization of goods/products to be packaged in plastic packaging

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Product stewardship is an initiative to ensure the quality and safety of products and packaging at all stages of the lifecycle (development, procurement of raw materials, manufacturing, transportation, use, repair, disposal/recycling), and to minimize the risk of impact on people and the environment. The Olympus Group pursues environmentally conscious design (eco-design) of products and packaging materials in product development for sustainable In the fiscal year ending March 2004, we established our own standards for environmentally In the fiscal year ending March 2004, we established our own standards for environmentally conscious design of products and packaging materials, the "Eco-Products Management Regulations," and have been promoting the development of products that meet these standards. In the fiscal year ending March 2004, we established our own standards for environmentally conscious design of products and packaging materials, the "Eco-Products Management Regulations," and have been promoting the development of products that meet these standards (Olympus Eco-Products). However, with environmental issues such as climate change and resource depletion becoming more serious, we felt that our current efforts were insufficient. We also recognized that accelerating our efforts to improve "Product Sustainability" was one of the key Therefore, in the area of ESG (Environment, Social, Governance) in the new Therefore, in the area of ESG (Environment, Social, Governance) in the new management strategy announced in May 2023, we have set out "Realization of a circular economy through product stewardship" and have established a dedicated promotion organization within the global medtech industry. Therefore, in the area of ESG (Environment, Social, Governance) in the new management strategy announced in May 2023, we have set out "Realization of a circular economy through product stewardship".

Provision and commercialization of services that use plastic packaging (e.g., food services)

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Provide waste management or water management services

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Provision of financial products/services for plastics-related activities

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

Other activities not specified

(10.2.1) Application of Activities

Selection: 1

☒ No, sir.

(10.2.2) Comment

[Fixed line]

(10.5) Please provide the total weight of plastic packaging sold/used and the specific raw materials it contains.

	Gross weight in reporting year (metric tons)	Breakdown of each reportable raw material (%)	Description.
Plastic package used	0	Select all that apply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None	

[Fixed line]

(10.5.1) Please indicate the recyclability of plastic packaging sold/used by your organization.

	Percentage reportable as circulating	Description.
Plastic package used	Select all that apply <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> None	

[Fixed line]

C11. environmental performance - biodiversity

(11.2) What actions has your organization taken this reporting year to advance its biodiversity-related commitments?

(11.2.1) Actions taken during the reporting period to progress biodiversity-related commitments.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, we are taking steps to advance our biodiversity-related commitments

(11.2.2) Type of actions taken to progress biodiversity-related commitments.

Select all that apply

☒ Land/Water Protection

☒ Education and Awareness

[Fixed line]

(11.3) Does your organization use biodiversity indicators to monitor overall performance of biodiversity-related activities?

	Does your organization use indicators to monitor biodiversity performance?
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No, we do not use indicators, but plan to do so within the next two years

[Fixed line]

(11.4) During the reporting year, did you conduct any business activities within or near areas of importance for biodiversity?

legally protected area

(11.4.1) Indicate whether or not your operations are located in or near areas of this type important for biodiversity.

Selection: 1

☒ Not rated

(11.4.2) Comment

We have started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group this fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc, however, we need to do more, in order to know well. We started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc., however, we need to do more, in order to know well about the the biodiversity close to our business locations and to establish necessary processes to identify and deal with biodiversity-related dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities from now on. impacts, risks and opportunities from now on.

UNESCO World Heritage

(11.4.1) Indicate whether or not your operations are located in or near areas of this type important for biodiversity.

Selection: 1

☒ Not rated

(11.4.2) Comment

We have started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group this fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc, however, we need to do more, in order to know well. We started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc., however, we need to do more, in order to know well about the the biodiversity close to our business locations and to establish necessary processes to identify and deal with biodiversity-related dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities from now on. impacts, risks and opportunities from now on.

UNESCO Man and the Biosphere

(11.4.1) Indicate whether or not your operations are located in or near areas of this type important for biodiversity.

Selection: 1

☒ Not rated

(11.4.2) Comment

We have started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group this fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc, however, we need to do more, in order to know well. We started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc., however, we need to do more, in order to know well about the the biodiversity close to our business locations and to establish necessary processes to identify and deal with biodiversity-related dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities from now on. impacts, risks and opportunities from now on.

Ramsar Convention Wetlands

(11.4.1) Indicate whether or not your operations are located in or near areas of this type important for biodiversity.

Selection: 1

☒ Not rated

(11.4.2) Comment

We have started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group this fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc, however, we need to do more, in order to know well. We started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc., however, we need to do more, in order to know well about the the biodiversity close to our business locations and to establish necessary processes to identify and deal with biodiversity-related dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities from now on. impacts, risks and opportunities from now on.

Biodiversity Conservation Critical Areas

(11.4.1) Indicate whether or not your operations are located in or near areas of this type important for biodiversity.

Selection: 1

☒ Not rated

(11.4.2) Comment

We have started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group this fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc, however, we need to do more, in order to know well. ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc., however, we need to do more, in order to know well about the The biodiversity close to our business locations and to establish necessary processes to identify and deal with biodiversity-related dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities from now on. impacts, risks and opportunities from now on.

Other areas important for biodiversity

(11.4.1) Indicate whether or not your operations are located in or near areas of this type important for biodiversity.

Selection: 1

☒ Not rated

(11.4.2) Comment

We have started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group this fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc, however, we need to do more, in order to know well. We started the biodiversity assessment in Olympus group fiscal year using tools such as IBAT (Integrated Biodiversity Assessment Tool), ENCORE (Exploring Natural Capital Opportunities, Risks and Exposure), Aqueduct (by WRI), etc., however, we need to do more, in order to know well about the the biodiversity close to our business locations and to establish necessary processes to identify and deal with biodiversity-related dependencies, impacts, risks and opportunities from now on. impacts, risks and opportunities from now on.

[Fixed line]

C13. additional information and final approval

(13.1) Please indicate whether any environmental information included in your response to the CDP (not reported in questions 7.9.1/2/3, 8.9.1/2/3/4, and 9.3.2) has been verified or guaranteed by a third party.

	Other environmental information included in the response to the CDP has been verified or guaranteed by a third party
	Selection: 1 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes, sir.

[Fixed line]

(13.1.1) Which data points in your responses to the CDP questionnaire are verified or guaranteed by a third party and which criteria are used?

Row 1

(13.1.1.1) Environmental issues where data is verified/assured

Select all that apply

☒ climate change

(13.1.1.2) Disclosed modules and data that have been verified or assured

Environmental Performance - Climate Change

☒ Waste Data

(13.1.1.3) Verification/assurance criteria

General Criteria

☒ ISAE 3000

(13.1.1.4) Third Party Verification/Assurance Process Details

The waste data has been subject to limited assurance by a third-party verification organization in accordance with the International Standard on The waste data has been subject limited assurance by a third-party verification organization in accordance with the International Standard on Assurance Engagements (ISAE)3000 (Revised) of the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB). The assurance period is for data from April 1, 2023 to March 31, 2024.

(13.1.1.5) Attach verification/assurance evidence/report (optional)

7.9.1_PartyVerificationConfirmation.pdf
[ADD ROW]

(13.3) Complete the following information regarding the person who gave final approval for the response to the CDP questionnaire.

(13.3.1) Position

Executive Officer and Chief Human Resources Office

(13.3.2) Occupation

Selection: 1
☒ Other, please specify
[Fixed line]

(13.4) You agree that CDP may share your contact information with Pacific Institute to support the content of the [Water Action Hub] website.

Selection: 1

☒ Yes, CDP may share the contact information of the person responsible for the disclosure submission with Pacific Institute

